

ZENworks 2017 Update 2 Mobile Management Reference

February 2018

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Contents

	Abo	ut This Guide	7
1	Supp	ported Devices for Mobile Management	9
2	ZEN	works Mobile Management Workflow Configuration Tasklist	11
3	Over	rview	13
	3.1	Using the Mobile Management Getting Started Page	. 14
4	Conf	figuring User Sources	15
	4.1	Adding an LDAP Directory as a User Source. 4.1.1 Prerequisites	. 15
	4.2	Enabling a User Source for Mobile Device Enrollment	. 16 . 16
5	Conf	figuring MDM Servers	19
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 Enak	Adding an MDM Server 5.1.1 Procedure Testing the Outbound Capability of MDM Servers Securing MDM Servers MDM Servers and APNs Configuration Removing MDM Servers Configuring a Default DNS Name Configuring a Proxy Server Configuring a Proxy Server Configuring Push Notifications Enabling Push Notifications for Android Devices 6.1.1 Prerequisites	. 20 . 20 . 22 . 22 . 23 . 25
	6.2	6.1.2 Create a Firebase Project 6.1.3 Importing a GCM Project to Firebase Enabling Push Notifications for iOS Devices 6.2.1 Prerequisites 6.2.2 Creating and Importing an APNs Certificate 6.2.3 Renewing an Expired APNs Certificate	. 30 . 34 . 34 . 34
7	Secu	uring a Device	37
	7.1	Creating a Mobile Device Control Policy	
	7.2	7.1.1 Procedure	. 38 . 38
	7.3 7.4	Assigning a Mobile Device Control Policy	. 45
	, 4	CALCADO A AVIOLORE SECTION FORCY	4-

	7.5	7.4.1 Procedure Editing Mobile Security Policy Settings	. 46
		7.5.1 Procedure	
	7.6	Assigning a Mobile Security Policy	
		7.6.1 Procedure	. 50
8	Prov	isioning Applications	53
	8.1	Creating an iOS Bundle	. 53
		8.1.1 Prerequisites	. 53
		8.1.2 Procedure	. 53
	8.2	Creating an iOS Profile	. 55
		8.2.1 Prerequisites	
		8.2.2 Procedure	. 57
	8.3	Assigning an iOS Bundle	. 57
		8.3.1 Procedure	
	8.4	Specifying App Configuration Parameters	. 59
	8.5	Installing a Bundle using Quick Task	. 60
		8.5.1 Procedure	. 60
	8.6	Viewing Bundle Information	. 60
		8.6.1 Understanding the Bundle Information	
		8.6.2 Bundle Summary Page	
		8.6.3 Bundles Relationship Page	
		8.6.4 Bundles Details Page	. 65
9	Subs	scribing to Apple VPP	67
	9.1	Linking ZENworks to the Apple VPP Account	. 67
		9.1.1 Prerequisites	
		9.1.2 Procedure	
	9.2	Creating VPP Bundles	. 69
	9.3	Distributing VPP Bundles	. 70
	9.4	Viewing Volume Purchase Program License Summary	
	9.5	Updating License Summary	
	9.6	Renewing the VPP Token.	
	9.7	Revoking App Licenses	
	9.8	Viewing or Editing Apple VPP Subscription	
	3.0	9.8.1 Procedure	
	9.9	Deleting a Subscription	
	0.0	Delicating a Cabostipation	. , 0
10	Conf	iguring Email Access	79
	10.1	Connecting to a New ActiveSync Server	. 79
		10.1.1 Prerequisites	. 79
		10.1.2 Procedure	. 79
	10.2	Linking a User Source to an ActiveSync Server	. 80
		10.2.1 Procedure	. 81
	10.3	Creating a Mobile Email Policy	. 81
		10.3.1 Procedure	. 81
	10.4	Assigning a Mobile Email Policy	. 82
		10.4.1 Procedure	
11	Integ	rating with Apple Device Enrollment Program	85
• •	_		
	11.1	Linking ZENworks to Apple Deployment Programs Account	
	11.2	Assigning Devices	. 88

44.0	11.2.1 Syncing Devices	
11.3	Viewing DEP Devices	
	11.3.2 Settings	
11.4	•	
	11.4.1 Editing General and Skip Item Settings	91
	11.4.2 Uploading a Host Certificate for Pairing	
11.5	3 - 3	
11.6	3	
11.7	3	
11.8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
11.9	Re-assigning Devices	95
12 Inte	egrating ZENworks with Android Enterprise	97
12.1	Overview	97
12.2		
12.3	·	
12.4	Enrolling Devices in Work Profile Mode	99
	12.4.1 Prerequisites	
	12.4.2 Creating and Assigning Android Profile Enrollment Policy	
	12.4.3 Inviting Users to Enroll Devices	
	12.4.4 Procedure to Enroll Devices	
12.5		
12.0	12.5.1 Approving Apps in Google Play	
	12.5.2 Viewing Approved Apps in ZENworks	
	12.5.3 Editing App Permissions	111
	12.5.4 Managing App Configurations	111
10.6	12.5.5 Assigning Android Bundles to Users	
12.6	Securing the Work Profile	
	12.6.2 Applying Device Restrictions	
12.7		
	12.7.1 Creating and Assigning a Mobile Compliance Policy	
	12.7.2 Viewing the Compliance Dashboard	
12.8	The state of the s	
	12.8.1 Unenrolling the Organization	
	12.8.2 Unenrolling a Device	118
13 Eni	olling a Device	121
13.1	Types of Enrollment	121
13.2	Modes of Enrollment	122
13.3	Creating a Mobile Enrollment Policy	124
	13.3.1 Procedure	
13.4	· ·	
13.5	3	
40.6	13.5.1 Procedure	
13.6	3	
13.7	3	
	13.7.1 Prerequisites	
13.8		
	13.8.1 Prerequisites	
	13.8.2 Procedure	128
13.9	Enrolling devices using the ZENworks User Portal	131

		13.9.1 Prerequisites	132
	13.10	13.9.4 Procedure: Enrolling an Email-only Device	
14	Mana	naging a Device	157
	14.1	Status Messages	157
	14.2	Viewing Device Information	158
	14.3	Viewing Apps Information	159
	14.4	3 · 3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	14.5		
	14.6	Refreshing a Device	161
		14.6.1 Initiating a Scheduled Refresh	
	44.7	14.6.2 Manually Triggered Refresh	
	14.7		
		14.7.1 Locking a Device	
	14.8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	11.0	14.8.1 Procedure	
	14.9		
		14.9.1 Mobile Inventory Scan	165
		14.9.2 Viewing Mobile Inventory	166
	14.10	0 Activation Lock	
		14.10.1 Activation Lock Bypass Code	
		14.10.2 Enabling Activation Lock Bypass	
		14.10.3 Viewing the Activation Lock Bypass Code in ZCC	
	14.11	1 Unenrolling a Device	
		14.11.1 Procedure	
Α	Trou	ubleshooting	173
	A.1	Apple DEP	173
	A.2	MDM Servers	174
	A.3	Push Notifications	175
	A.4	ActiveSync	176
	A.5	Enrollment	
	A.6	Quick Tasks	178
	A.7	Apple Volume Purchase Program	179
	A.8	Policies	
	A.9	Bundles	
	A.10	•	
	A.11		
	A.12	Miscellaneous	183

185

B Best Practices

About This Guide

This *Mobile Management Reference* includes information to help you successfully use the Mobile Management feature within ZENworks Configuration Management.

The information in this guide is organized as follows:

- Chapter 1, "Supported Devices for Mobile Management," on page 9
- Chapter 2, "ZENworks Mobile Management Workflow Configuration Tasklist," on page 11
- Chapter 3, "Overview," on page 13
- Chapter 4, "Configuring User Sources," on page 15
- Chapter 5, "Configuring MDM Servers," on page 19
- Chapter 6, "Enabling Push Notifications," on page 25
- Chapter 7, "Securing a Device," on page 37
- Chapter 8, "Provisioning Applications," on page 53
- Chapter 9, "Subscribing to Apple VPP," on page 67
- Chapter 10, "Configuring Email Access," on page 79
- Chapter 11, "Integrating with Apple Device Enrollment Program," on page 85
- Chapter 12, "Integrating ZENworks with Android Enterprise," on page 97
- Chapter 13, "Enrolling a Device," on page 121
- Chapter 14, "Managing a Device," on page 157
- Appendix A, "Troubleshooting," on page 173
- Appendix B, "Documentation Updates," on page 185

Audience

This guide is intended for ZENworks administrators and end users.

Feedback

We want to hear your comments and suggestions about this manual and the other documentation included with this product. Please use the User Comments feature at the bottom of each page of the online documentation.

Additional Documentation

ZENworks 2017 is supported by other documentation (in both PDF and HTML formats) that you can use to learn about and implement the product. For additional documentation, see the Online Documentation site.

1 Supported Devices for Mobile Management

Mobile Management capabilities are supported on the following devices:

Device	Functionality
Android version 4.4 and newer	Security Policy Enforcement
Android 5.0 or newer (for Android enterprise	◆ Device
nrollment)	 Email synchronization for Exchange ActiveSync accounts
	 Device Management: Refresh Device, Send Message, Lock Device, Unlock Device, and Unenroll (Full Wipe and Selective Wipe)
	Users enroll their Android devices by installing the ZENworks Agent App on their devices.
OS version 9 and newer	Security Policy Enforcement
	Device Control Policy Enforcement
	 Remote configuration and email synchronization of Exchange ActiveSync accounts
	 Installation of Apps through bundles
	 Installation of Configuration Profile
	Subscription to Apple Volume Purchase Program
	 Enrollment through the Apple Device Enrollment Program
	 Enrollment using Apple Configurator
	 Device Management: Refresh Device, Send Message, Lock Device, Unlock Device, and Unenroll (Full Wipe and Selective Wipe)
	An MDM profile installed on iOS devices enables enrollment of these devices to the zone.
vices using Exchange ActiveSync version 12.0 and wer	 Email synchronization for Exchange ActiveSync accounts
	Security Policy Enforcement
	Device Control Policy Enforcement
	 Device Management: Unenroll Device (Full Wipe)
	 ActiveSync enrollment for the following device platform is also included:
	 Windows version 8 and newer

Device	Functionality
Apple TV (Experimental)	The following features are supported on Apple TV on an experimental basis and should be used for evaluation purposes only:
	 Enrollment of Apple TV devices using the Apple Device Enrollment Program
	 Assignment of iOS profile bundles to Apple TV devices.
	We do not support deployment of these features in a production environment. Technical support will not be provided for any issues reported on these features.

ZENworks Mobile ManagementWorkflow Configuration Tasklist

To use the Mobile Management feature, refer to the following workflow in the order of the listed tasks:

Task		Details	
	Review concepts essential to understand the Mobile Management feature.	For information, see "Overview" on page 13.	
	Configure a user source in the ZENworks Management Zone.	For instructions, see "Configuring User Sources" on page 15.	
	Configure an MDM Server to enable communication with mobile devices.	For instructions, see "Configuring MDM Servers" on page 19.	
	Enable push notifications on Android and iOS devices.	For instructions, see "Enabling Push Notifications" on page 25.	
	(Optional) Configure a proxy server for all mobile management related communication.	For instructions, see "Configuring MDM Servers" on page 19.	
	Create and assign device control and mobile security policies to secure the mobile devices.	For instructions, see "Securing a Device" on page 37.	
	Provision and manage apps or configuration profiles on iOS devices.	For instructions, see "Provisioning Applications" on page 53.	
	Subscribe to the Apple Volume Purchase Program.	For instructions, see "Subscribing to Apple VPP" on page 67.	
	Add Device Enrollment Program (DEP) role to the MDM Server to enable enrollment of device using Apple's DEP.	For instructions, see "Integrating with Apple Device Enrollment Program" on page 85.	
	Use Android Enterprise to manage Android devices in the work profile mode.	For instructions, see "Integrating ZENworks with Android Enterprise" on page 97.	
	Configure and manage email access on mobile devices by configuring an ActiveSync Server and by creating and assigning a Mobile Email Policy.	For instructions, see "Configuring Email Access" on page 79.	
	Create and assign an enrollment policy.	For instructions, see "Enrolling a Device" on page 121.	
	Enroll devices using:	For instructions, see "Enrolling a Device" on	
	Apple Device Enrollment Program	page 121.	
	◆ Apple Configurator		
	◆ ZENworks User Portal		
	Manage and maintain mobile devices in the ZENworks Management Zone.	For instructions, see "Managing a Device" on page 157.	

3 Overview

Mobile device management helps you to secure and manage any corporate or employee-owned mobile devices that are being used in the workplace. Mobile management in ZENworks uses the capabilities of ZENworks Configuration Management, which is the same management console and system infrastructure that has been managing laptops, desktops and servers over the years. By leveraging the features of ZENworks, you can perform multiple management operations on mobile devices:

- Enroll (register) mobile devices to your ZENworks Management Zone. Users can enroll their devices as:
 - Fully Managed: Android and iOS devices are supported. Full management of an Android device is enabled using the ZENworks Agent App that is installed on the device. Full management of an iOS device is enabled using the MDM profile that is installed on the device.
 - Email Only: Devices with native Exchange ActiveSync capabilities are supported, that is, iOS, Android, and Windows devices.
- Manage Android devices using Android enterprise that enables you to separate the users'
 personal and work content on their devices. This program lets you securely manage work
 applications using a work profile that is installed on Android devices.
- Enforce security and mobile control policies on Fully Managed (Android and iOS devices) and Email-only (that include Windows devices) devices. With a security policy, you can set password restrictions, inactivity timeout, and enforce encryption on the device. With a device control policy, you can control the use of applications such as the device camera, voice assistant, web browser, and other applications installed on the device.
- Synchronize email from ActiveSync servers on Fully Managed (Android, iOS) and Email-only devices (that include Windows devices). You can also remotely configure the default email client on iOS devices.
- Install Apps on Fully Managed iOS devices. You can distribute free App Store Apps to iOS devices using the bundles workflow in ZENworks.
- Distribute and manage Apple VPP apps on Fully Managed iOS devices purchased with your organization's Volume Purchase Program (VPP) account, by using the existing Bundles and Subscription workflow in ZENworks.
- **Distribute Configuration Profiles** to Fully Managed iOS devices to manage certain features on the device such as access to VPN and Wi-Fi.
- Utilize Apple Device Enrollment Program (DEP) and Apple Configurator to streamline deployment of multiple corporate owned iOS devices.

3.1 Using the Mobile Management Getting Started Page

ZENworks Control Center (ZCC) includes a **Getting Started with Mobile Management** page that guides you through the tasks that you need to complete in order to enroll and manage mobile devices in your zone.

To access the Getting Started with Mobile Management page:

1 In ZCC, click Mobile Management (in the left navigation pane).

Each configuration task on this page includes an icon with a \bigcirc or \bigcirc mark indicating its completion status and one or more links to the page where you complete the task.

You can refer to the following sections within this guide to understand the procedure to complete each configuration task:

- User Sources: "Configuring User Sources" on page 15
- Enrollment Policy: "Enrolling a Device" on page 121
- MDM Servers: "Configuring MDM Servers" on page 19
- Android Devices: "Enabling Push Notifications" on page 25
- Apple Devices: "Enabling Push Notifications" on page 25

Additionally, you can click the icon appearing against each task or the Help link provided at the top right corner of each page for information on the task.

2 Complete the Configuration tasks that are required to enroll the devices to the zone. Subsequently, you can complete the tasks listed in the What's Next section to manage these devices.

You can refer to the following sections within this guide to understand the procedure to complete each What's New task:

- ActiveSync Servers: "Configuring Email Access" on page 79
- Email Policy: "Configuring Email Access" on page 79
- Apple VPP Subscription: "Subscribing to Apple VPP" on page 67
- Apple DEP Configuration: "Integrating with Apple Device Enrollment Program" on page 85
- Mobile Security and Control: "Securing a Device" on page 37
- Deploy Mobile Applications: "Provisioning Applications" on page 53
- Android Enterprise: "Integrating ZENworks with Android Enterprise" on page 97.

Prior to using the Mobile Management feature, ensure that the following requirement is met:

 Install and Configure ZENworks: The Mobile Management feature is integrated with ZENworks Configuration Management. To install and configure ZENworks Configuration Management, see ZENworks Server Installation Guide.

4

Configuring User Sources

User-based management is an important facet of mobile management in ZENworks. A device that is enrolled (registered) to the ZENworks zone must have a user associated with it. Therefore, for users to enroll their mobile devices, a user source must be configured in ZENworks and this user source must be configured to support mobile device enrollment. A user source is an LDAP directory that contains the user accounts of users to whom you want to distribute ZENworks content, in order to manage their devices. While configuring a user source you must define the enrollment options, which will be applied while enrolling the device, for example; you can enroll a device with or without providing the registration domain.

- Section 4.1, "Adding an LDAP Directory as a User Source," on page 15
- Section 4.2, "Enabling a User Source for Mobile Device Enrollment," on page 16
- Section 4.3, "Configuring the Attribute for ActiveSync Server Authentication," on page 17

4.1 Adding an LDAP Directory as a User Source

4.1.1 Prerequisites

Your ZENworks Management Zone must be connected to the LDAP directory that is your mobile device users' primary authentication source and the connection must be configured to allow username/password authentication.

4.1.2 Procedure

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, click User Sources to display the Configuration page. Alternatively, from the left hand side navigation pane of ZCC, click Configuration and navigate to the User Sources section.
- 2 In the User Sources panel, click New to launch the Create New User Source Wizard.
- 3 On the Connection Information page, define the following connection information, then click Next:
 - Connection Name: Specify a descriptive name for the connection to the LDAP directory.
 - Address: Specify the IP address or DNS hostname of the server on which the LDAP directory resides.
 - **Use SSL:** By default, this option is enabled. Disable the option if the LDAP server is not using the SSL (Secure Socket Layer) protocol.
 - Port: This field defaults to the standard SSL port (636) or non-SSL port (389) depending on whether the Use SSL option is enabled or disabled. If your LDAP server is listening on a different port, specify that port number.
 - Root LDAP Context: Displays the root context for the LDAP directory. The root context establishes the point in the directory where you can begin to browse for user containers. Specifying a root context can enable you to easily navigate to the directory, but it is optional. If you do not specify a root context, the directory's root container becomes the entry point.

- Ignore Dynamic Groups in eDirectory: This option allows you to select whether or not to
 display the dynamic groups in a user's page. If you choose to select Ignore Dynamic
 Groups in eDirectory, then administrators cannot assign a policy or a bundle to a dynamic
 user group and the dynamic group membership will not be computed while calculating the
 effective assignments for any user.
- 4 (Optional) On the Certificate page (which is displayed only if the connection is using SSL), review the certificate information, then click **Next**.
- 5 On the Credentials page, specify a username and password to access the directory, then click Next.
 - Username: Specify the username for a user that has read-only access to the directory. The
 user can have more than read-only rights, but read-only rights is all that is required and
 recommended.

For Novell eDirectory access, use standard LDAP notation. For example:

```
cn=admin_read_only,ou=users,o=mycompany
```

For Microsoft Active Directory, use standard domain notation. For example:

AdminReadOnly@mycompany.com

For DSfW, use standard LDAP notation. For example:

```
cn=admin_read_only,ou=users,dc=mycompany, dc=com
```

- Password: Specify the password for the user you specified in the Username field.
- 6 On the Authentication Mechanisms page, select Username/Password, then click Next.
- 7 On the User Containers page, add all containers that have user accounts of users to whom you want to provide mobile management access, then click Next.
- 8 Complete the wizard.

NOTE: If a configured user source is deleted and the same user source is configured again, then all those mobile devices that were enrolled using the earlier user source, would have to be re-enrolled to the ZENworks Management Zone. However, before re-enrolling these devices ensure that the respective device objects are deleted from ZCC.

4.2 Enabling a User Source for Mobile Device Enrollment

4.2.1 Procedure

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click Users (in the left navigation pane) to display the list of User Sources.
- 2 Next to the user source, click **Details** to display its property pages.
- **3** In the Summary tab, do one of the following:

Allow simple enrollment: Simple enrollment removes the domain requirement and enables users to enroll devices by providing only their user name.

Simple enrollment is allowed for only one user source. To allow simple enrollment, next to the **Simple Enrollment** field click **Yes.** After you enable simple enrollment for one user source, it is not available for any other user source. Also, if you change this setting from one user source to another, then you might have to re-configure the email accounts, as it might not work properly.

NOTE: If you are configuring a user source for the first time, then simple enrollment will be enabled by default.

Domain Alias: If you do not use simple enrollment, you must add at least one registration domain. To add a domain, click **Edit**, specify the domain name and then click **OK**.

NOTE: The domain name is pre-populated as soon as you add a user source.

You can decide what to use as your domain name. For example, you can use your organization's name, your organization's domain name, or your ActiveSync server domain name (if applicable). Since users need to supply the domain name on their mobile devices, it is recommended that you make it as easy as possible for them to remember and type. The following are valid domain name examples: mycompany, mycompany.com. You should avoid using ZENworks_Default as the domain name.

If you have multiple user sources, you cannot use the same domain name in more than one user source. Domain names must be unique across user sources. Also, if you change this setting from one user source to another, then the email accounts on mobile devices enrolled using the earlier user source might not work properly. For fully managed iOS devices, re-apply the Mobile Email Policy to automatically re-configure the email account. For fully managed Android devices, re-apply the Mobile Email Policy after which the email settings are sent to the device for the user to manually re-configure the email account.

For more information on the existing Users feature of ZENworks, see ZENworks User Source and Authentication Reference.

4.3 Configuring the Attribute for ActiveSync Server Authentication

While configuring an email account on a device by using a Mobile Email Policy, the user is automatically authenticated to the ActiveSync Server that is configured in the zone. ZENworks initially obtains the user credentials (such as the user's Email ID) from the associated user source (LDAP directory configured in the zone) and using these credentials the user is authenticated to the ActiveSync Server to which the user belongs. The user is logged in to the email account, if the credentials provided in the user source match with the ones configured in the Activesync Server. However, the user credentials with which the user logs into the ActiveSync Server to retrieve emails might be different from the credentials that he/she uses to login to the LDAP directory. In such cases, you can define the LDAP attribute that ZENworks must query and use as the user name while retrieving emails from the ActiveSync Server.

For example: consider that the configured LDAP directory is the NetIQ eDirectory and the email application is GroupWise. The default attribute that is used to authenticate a user to GroupWise is the Mail attribute. The preferred email address of a user published in the NetIQ eDirectory is in the format first name.last name@domain.com, due to which authentication to GroupWise might fail. In this scenario, you can edit the ActiveSync Logon Attribute and select UniqueID, which can be the user name of the GroupWise user.

The default attribute is Mail but you can modify this attribute. You can define attributes for a specific user or for a user folder. These attributes differ based on the LDAP directory configured in the zone.

To edit the attribute:

- 1 Navigate to Users on the left pane in ZCC.
- 2 Click a User Source Folder or drill down to a specific user. Click Details next to the User Source Folder or the User.
- 3 Click Edit next to the ActiveSync Server Logon Attribute.

The various attributes that can be defined are:

- NetIQ eDirectory: If the NetIQ eDirectory is configured in the zone, then you can define the following attributes to authenticate to the ActiveSync Server:
 - CN: The common name of the user.
 - Mail: The email address of the user.
 - UniqueID: The unique user identifier.
 - Other: Specify the custom attribute defined in the configured LDAP directory.
- Active Directory: If Active Directory is configured in the zone, then you can define the following attributes to authenticate to the ActiveSync Server:
 - UserPrincipalName: An Internet-style login name for a user based on the Internet standard RFC 822.
 - sAMAccountName: The logon name used to support clients and servers running earlier versions of the operating system, such as Windows NT 4.0, Windows 95, Windows 98, and LAN Manager.
 - Mail: The email address of the user.
 - Other: Specify the custom attribute defined in the configured LDAP directory.

For either of these LDAP directories, you can also select **Inherited**, to inherit the attribute defined at the user folder level.

If you modify these settings and if the assigned Mobile Email Policy does not use the ZENworks Server as the proxy server, then you need to republish or reassign the Mobile Email Policy. The modified settings are automatically applied on the email accounts configured with Mobile Email Policies that use the ZENworks Server as the proxy server.

5

Configuring MDM Servers

An MDM Server is a ZENworks Primary Server with an MDM role, that acts as a gateway server and is the sole access point for managing mobile devices. To ensure that the ZENworks Server and the enrolled mobile devices can communicate with each other at all times, an MDM role must be assigned to at least one Primary Server in the zone. Apart from allowing devices to contact ZENworks, MDM Servers allow ZENworks to establish outbound connections to perform activities such as contact the push notification server to send relevant notifications to devices and manage VPP subscriptions. If the outbound connection is initiated from ZENworks Control Center (ZCC) whose ZENworks Server does not have outbound access, then this server will route these requests through one of the MDM Servers.

NOTE: If there are multiple MDM Servers in the zone, all these would be used for outbound connections, but inbound connections will be limited to those servers to which devices have enrolled.

Typically, MDM Servers must reside in the DMZ thereby allowing mobile devices to make inbound connections even when they are outside the firewall. Like other external-facing servers, the ZENworks MDM Server faces the Internet from within the DMZ. This lets the enterprise firewall protect the MDM Server from external attacks.

To enable both internal and external access to the MDM server, certain firewall ports must be open. The ZENworks MDM Server accepts inbound connections using HTTPS on port 443.

Apple Push Notification service: Both the MDM server and the iOS clients communicate with each other using the Apple Push Notification service (APNs). For outbound connections, the MDM server uses ports 2195 and 2196 to Apple's 17.0.0.0/8 block, while clients use port 5223. Port 5223 must be open in the firewall to enable mobile devices to communicate with the Apple Push Notification service at all times.

Firebase Cloud Messaging: Both the MDM server and the Android clients communicate with each other using the Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM) service. For outbound connections, open port 443 to connect to the FCM service from the MDM Server as well as the Android clients.

- Section 5.1, "Adding an MDM Server," on page 20
- Section 5.2, "Testing the Outbound Capability of MDM Servers," on page 20
- Section 5.3, "Securing MDM Servers," on page 20
- Section 5.4, "MDM Servers and APNs Configuration," on page 22
- Section 5.5, "Removing MDM Servers," on page 22
- Section 5.6, "Configuring a Default DNS Name," on page 22
- Section 5.7, "Configuring a Proxy Server," on page 23

5.1 Adding an MDM Server

Adding an MDM Server indicates that an MDM role is assigned to one of the Primary Servers. One or more Primary Servers can be added as MDM Servers. The number of MDM Servers would depend on the scalability needs and configuration. Before adding an MDM Server ensure that the following prerequisites are met:

- All MDM Servers must have inbound and outbound connectivity. Inbound connectivity means
 that an MDM Server must be able to receive requests from outside the organization's firewall (in
 this case the mobile devices). Outbound connectivity means that an MDM Server must
 successfully be able to make connections outside the organization's firewall. ZENworks will not
 verify this while adding an MDM Server or during any operation involving the MDM Server.
- You also need to ensure that all Primary Servers in your zone have the ZENworks 2017 version or newer deployed on it.

The Apple Push Notification service (APNs) and Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM) can be configured only if an MDM role is assigned to one or more Primary Servers.

5.1.1 Procedure

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, click Add MDM Server. Alternatively, from the left hand side navigation pane of ZCC, navigate to Configuration > Infrastructure Management > MDM Servers.
- 2 Click Add.
- 3 Select one or more Primary Servers that need to be configured with the MDM role and click OK.

5.2 Testing the Outbound Capability of MDM Servers

After adding an MDM Server, you can test its outbound connectivity by clicking **Test Certificate** while configuring the Apple Push Notifications service (APNs) or by clicking **Test API Key** while configuring Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM). If the configuration is valid, both these options will test the connection to the APNs and GCM servers from each of the MDM Servers. If the connectivity fails from one or more MDM Servers, the failed servers would be listed. You can perform these actions in the respective push notifications configuration sections of ZCC. For details, see **Enabling Push Notifications**.

NOTE: If any ZCC operation involving an MDM Server fails, check the zcc.log, services-messages.log, and the loader-messages.log.

5.3 Securing MDM Servers

Since MDM Servers are exposed to the Internet at all times, it becomes important to secure access to the services on these servers. The services are categorized into Administration, Endpoint, and the ZENworks Setup page. ZENworks allows you to control access to each of these categories by clicking any of the following icons appearing against a configured MDM server:

 Administration Access: Click to allow or deny specific IP addresses from accessing Administration functions such as ZCC, ZMAN and so on. **NOTE:** You need to ensure that administration access is not denied for all or else ZCC will remain inaccessible, except from the MDM server in which the access was allowed or denied. Ensure that all Primary Servers in your zone are allowed access so that the internal operations between these servers are not restricted. However, these filters are not applicable for an Appliance web console.

• Endpoint Access: Click to allow or deny certain IP addresses from accessing endpoint functions such as the ZENworks User Portal, the ZENworks Agent app and so on.

NOTE: Ensure that all Primary Servers in your zone are allowed access so that the internal operations between the ZENworks Servers will not be restricted.

• Tools Access: Click 🕸 to allow or deny certain IP addresses from accessing tools and downloads through the ZENworks Setup URL.

For each of these categories, you can configure filters by clicking in . By default, access is allowed for all devices. For each filter, you need to specify the following:

- Specific IP address, comma separated IP addresses, or an IP range. Each IP address can be specified in CIDR format or the regular format.
- Allow or Deny access to the specified IP address
- A short description about the specified set of IP addresses.

Filters are evaluated in the order in which they are listed. If the same IP address appears in multiple filters, then the type of access specified in the first filter is given precedence over the type of access specified in the second filter. For example: The IP address 10.0.0.1 specified in the first filter is denied administration access. However, if the same IP address, appearing as a part of an IP range (10.0.0.0 - 10.255.255.255) that is specified in the second filter, is allowed administration access, then precedence is given to the first filter and IP address 10.0.0.1 will be denied administration access. You can also look up an IP address to identify whether access is allowed or denied for it, by specifying it in the Test access for an IP field. This action is also performed based on the order in which the filters are listed.

After configuring the access controls for one server, you can replicate the same access control configuration in another server. To do this, you need to select the MDM Server for which the access controls are already configured. Subsequently, click **Copy Access Controls**. In the Copy Access Controls window, select the access controls that you want to copy and **Add** the server to which these access controls need to be copied.

NOTE: Configuring access controls for an MDM Server that is an Appliance does not secure the Appliance Administration Console. To secure it, you need to specify access restrictions in the Appliance Administration Console itself. For details, see ZENworks Appliance Deployment and Administration Reference.

If a device's IP address is denied access but the device is still able to contact the ZENworks Server, then you need to check whether the device is communicating with ZENworks using the proxy server. In this case, you need to deny access to the proxy server's IP address, if you are sure that no other devices are using this proxy server.

5.4 MDM Servers and APNs Configuration

The Apple Push Notification service (APNs) configuration consists of the APNs keystore, which contains the Apple-signed certificate that is required to send push notifications to iOS devices. The APNs keystore is first created on one of the MDM Servers when the first APNs Certificate Signing Request (CSR) is created. When you import the Apple-signed certificate, it is first imported to this keystore and then replicated to the other MDM Servers in the zone, if any. Whenever a new certificate is imported, it would be imported into one of the MDM Servers and is subsequently replicated to other MDM servers in the zone. If MDM Servers are added or removed after APNs is configured or if the APNs configuration has changed, the latest configuration will be replicated on all the MDM Servers in your zone.

When the last MDM Server in the zone is removed, then the APNs configuration will be deleted entirely.

5.5 Removing MDM Servers

If you want to remove a Primary Server that is designated as the MDM Server in your zone, then you must first remove the MDM role from this Primary Server. To remove the role, you need to:

- 1 Click Configuration on the left hand side navigation pane in ZCC.
- 2 Click Infrastructure Management > MDM Servers.
- 3 Select one or more MDM Servers and click Remove.

NOTE: If you have removed an MDM role from a server in the zone, then you can add it back only after 30 minutes from the time the role was removed.

Since mobile devices contact the MDM Server to which they are enrolled and if mobile devices are enrolled to a server that you have chosen to remove from the zone, then you will have to re-enroll these mobile devices to the zone using another MDM Server. Before re-enrollment, ensure that you delete the corresponding device objects in ZCC. However, if you are upgrading or replacing the MDM Server with another server, then the enrolled devices will automatically reconcile with the replaced server. Also, if you delete all the MDM Servers, then the push notifications configuration (APNs and GCM) will be automatically deleted.

5.6 Configuring a Default DNS Name

If an MDM Server can be contacted using multiple DNS names, then you can specify the default DNS name that mobile devices will use to communicate with the MDM Server. To set the default DNS name, select the Primary Server that has the MDM role assigned and navigate to Settings > Infrastructure Management > Default DNS Name. You can select the default DNS name from the drop-down list displayed on this page.

ZENworks detects all the network interfaces that are attached to the MDM Server with the corresponding DNS names. The drop-down lists the DNS names along with the Additional DNS Names configured for the Primary Server.

If the default DNS name is modified, then you might have to remint the Primary Server certificate so that the newly configured DNS name is also part of the server certificate that mobile devices will use while enrolling to the zone.

IMPORTANT: Before a certificate remint, ensure that you include all the DNS names in the Additional DNS Name settings in ZCC (Configuration > Management Zone Settings > Infrastructure Management > Additional DNS Names).

Also, if mobile devices are enrolled to this Primary Server, re-enroll these devices if the previously configured DNS name is not reachable anymore. You might have to re-publish any assigned Mobile Email Policies so that the new DNS name setting takes effect.

5.7 Configuring a Proxy Server

You can define an HTTP Proxy Server to enable MDM Servers to connect to the Internet through the proxy server. These proxy servers can used by the MDM Servers to contact the APNs Server, FCM Server, and managed mobile devices. To configure a proxy server, navigate to Configuration > Management Zone Settings > Infrastructure Management > HTTP Proxy Settings > HTTP Proxy Settings for MDM Servers.

• Proxy Host: Specify the IP address of the Proxy Server.

NOTE: As Apple currently supports only IPv4 addresses, you need to specify an IPv4 address as the Proxy Host. However, when Apple extends its support to include IPv6 addresses in the future, then you can specify IPv6 addresses as the Proxy Host.

- Port: Specify the port number on which the Proxy Server is listening.
- Proxy Server requires authentication: Select this option if the Proxy Server requires authentication information from the server. On selecting this option, you can specify the credentials to authenticate to the Proxy Server.
- Test URL: Specify the URL of a web application or a web server and click Test Proxy to verify the
 connection of the specified Proxy Server. The Test URL should be specified in the following
 format, for example: https://www.microfocus.com.

NOTE: Proxy Server details are cached in the ZENworks Server memory. If you modify the Proxy Server details, then it will take at least 15 minutes for these changes to become effective on all servers.

6

Enabling Push Notifications

Push notifications can be sent to Android Devices and Apple Devices to enable communication between the ZENworks Server and the ZENworks Agent app (for Android devices) or the ZENworks Server and the MDM profile (for iOS devices) installed on the device.

- Section 6.1, "Enabling Push Notifications for Android Devices," on page 25
- Section 6.2, "Enabling Push Notifications for iOS Devices," on page 34

6.1 Enabling Push Notifications for Android Devices

Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM) is the new version of Google Cloud Messaging (GCM) that enables a ZENworks MDM Server to send data to an Android device. The data might be a send-to-sync message that informs the device that there is new ZENworks data to be retrieved from the ZENworks MDM Server, or it might be a message with payload that pushes data directly to the device. The ZENworks MDM Server communicates with the FCM service, which then pushes the notification to the device. After receiving the push notification, the device contacts the ZENworks MDM Server directly to provide the requested information or to receive the changes.

To connect to the FCM service, you need to create a Firebase project in the Firebase console and obtain a .JSON file (that contains the Project Number) and a Server Key. The .JSON file and the Server Key are then used to configure ZENworks' access to the FCM service.

For existing users of the GCM project, we strongly recommend that you migrate to the FCM service in order to benefit from its new features. However, if you do not want to migrate to the FCM service, then ZENworks will continue using the existing GCM configuration to communicate with enrolled mobile devices. If you want to view the existing GCM configuration details, then navigate to Configuration > Management Zone Settings > Push Notifications > Google Cloud Messaging (Obsolete). This page lets you only view the GCM configuration details and you will be unable to edit any of the configuration details.

If you want to create a new FCM project, then refer to Create a Firebase Project.

If you have already created a GCM project and want to migrate to the FCM service, then refer Importing a GCM Project to Firebase. This ensures that the Project Number specified in the GCM project and the FCM project are the same. If the Project Number does not match, then communication between ZENworks and already enrolled mobile devices will be discontinued.

IMPORTANT: As of April 10, 2018, Google has deprecated GCM. Therefore, it is mandatory to migrate to the FCM service.

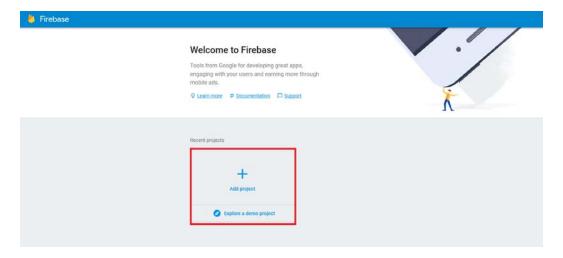
6.1.1 Prerequisites

 MDM Server: An MDM role is assigned to a Primary Server. For more information, see Configuring MDM Servers.

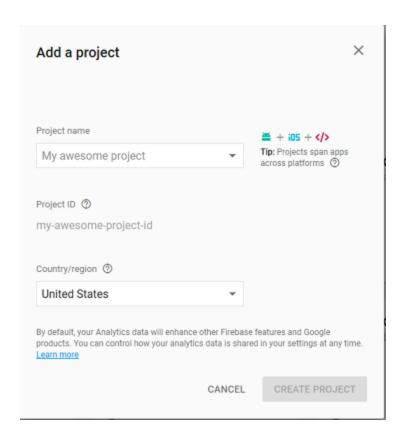
6.1.2 Create a Firebase Project

Follow these steps, if you want to create a Firebase project. However, if you have already created a GCM project and want to import the project to FCM, then go to Importing a GCM Project to Firebase.

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, navigate to the Android Devices section, click Configure FCM to display the Firebase Cloud Messaging page. Alternatively, from the left hand side navigation pane of ZCC, navigate to Configuration > Push Notification > Firebase Cloud Messaging.
- 2 Click Firebase Developers Console, which will direct you to the Firebase console at https://console.firebase.google.com.
- 3 Sign in using your Google account credentials.
 As a best practice, we recommend that this should be a Google account created specifically for managing your corporate Google services and not a personal Google account.
- 4 Click Add Project.



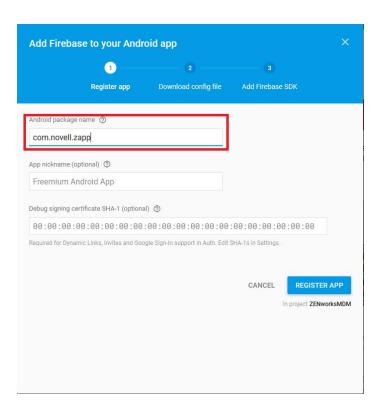
5 Specify a Project Name and click Create Project.



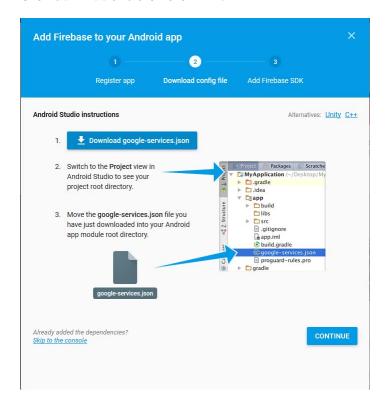
6 Select Add Firebase to your Android App in the Overview page.



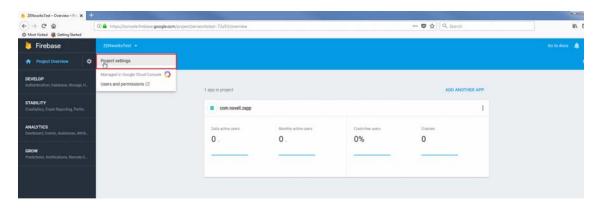
7 Specify the Android Package Name for the ZENworks Agent App, that is, com.novell.zapp. Click Register App.



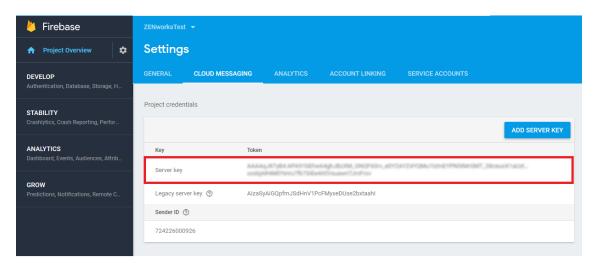
8 Click Download google-services.json to download the .JSON file in your preferred location. Click Continue and then click Finish.



9 Click appearing next to Project Overview and select Project Settings.



10 Select the Cloud Messaging tab. You can now view the Server Key. Note down this Server Key.

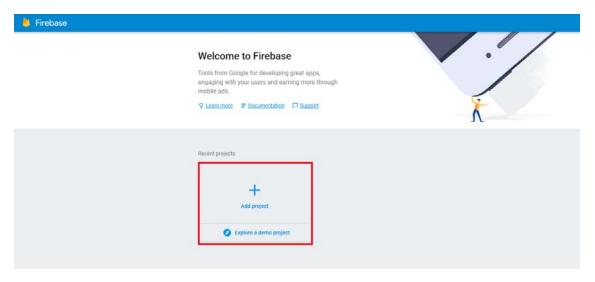


- 11 Exit the Firebase Console, then continue with Step 12.
- **12** In ZCC, on the Firebase Cloud Messaging page configure ZENworks with the .JSON file and Server Key:
 - 12a Click the Enable Firebase Cloud Messaging check box to turn on the option.
 - **12b** Specify the following fields with the information you generated in the Firebase Developers Console:
 - Project JSON file: Upload the .JSON file that you have downloaded from the Firebase Console
 - Server Key: Specify the Server Key for your Firebase project.
 - **Key activation date:** Specify the key's activation date.
 - Google User ID: Specify the Google account ID used to log in to the Firebase Developers Console and create or import the Firebase project.
 - 12c Click Test Server Key to validate that the information is entered correctly and the key is active. This option will test the connection to the FCM service from each of the MDM Servers configured in the zone. If the connectivity fails from one or more MDM Servers, then the failed servers are listed.
 - **12d** Click **OK** to save your Firebase Cloud Messaging configuration.

6.1.3 Importing a GCM Project to Firebase

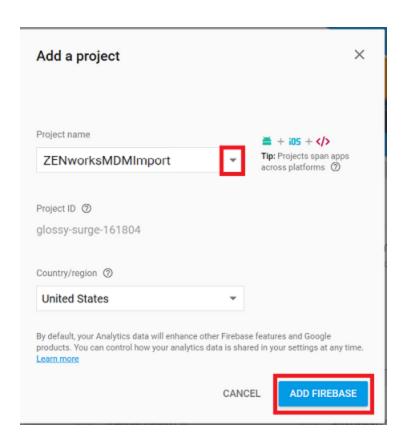
If you have already created a GCM project, then refer to the following steps to import the GCM project to FCM:

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, navigate to the Android Devices section, click Configure FCM. The Google Cloud Messaging page is displayed. Click Configure FCM, which will re-direct you to the Firebase Cloud Messaging page.
- 2 Click Firebase Developers Console, which will direct you to the Firebase console at https://console.firebase.google.com.
- 3 Sign in using your Google account credentials that was used to create the existing GCM project.
- 4 Click Add Project.



5 Click the Project Name drop-down menu and select the GCM project that you want to import. Click Add Firebase.

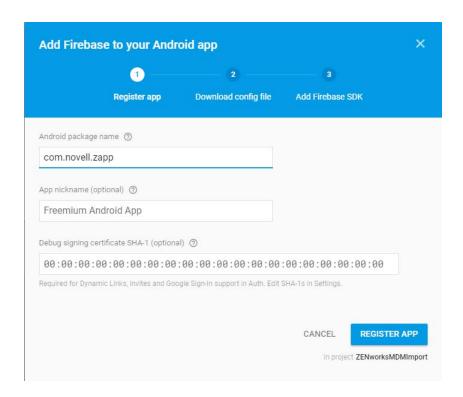
If you have already performed steps 4 and 5, then continue with step 6.



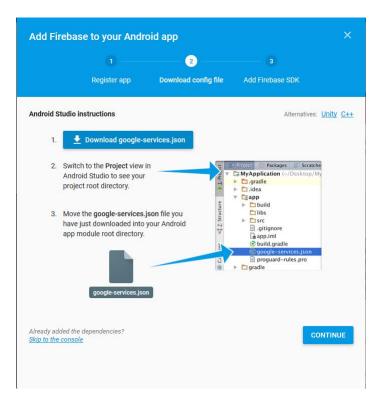
6 Select Add Firebase to your Android App in the Overview page.



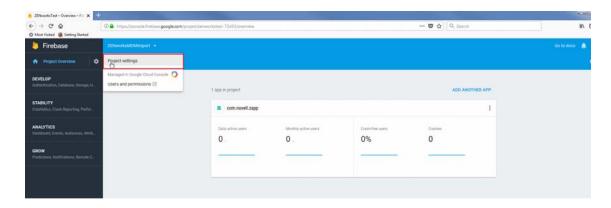
7 Specify the Android Package Name for the ZENworks Agent App, that is, com.novell.zapp. Click Register App.



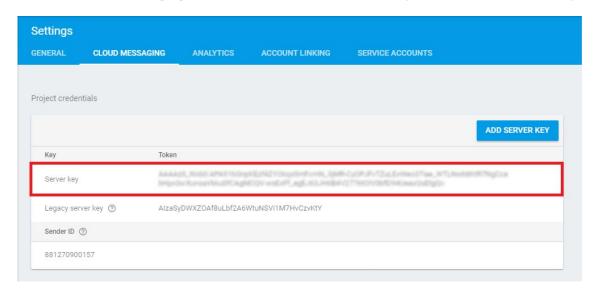
8 Click Download google-services.json to download the JSON file in your preferred location. Click Continue and then click Finish.



9 Click appearing next to Project Overview and click Project Settings.



10 Select the Cloud Messaging tab. You can now view the Server Key. Note down this Server Key.



- 11 Exit the Firebase Developers Console, then continue with Step 12.
- **12** In ZCC, on the Firebase Cloud Message page configure ZENworks with the .JSON file and Server Key:
 - 12a Click the Enable Firebase Cloud Messaging check box to turn on the option.
 - **12b** Fill in the following fields with the information you generated in the Google Developers Console:
 - Project JSON file: Upload the .JSON file that you have downloaded from the Firebase Console
 - Server Key: Specify the Server Key for your Firebase project.
 - **Key activation date:** Specify the key's activation date.
 - Google User ID: Specify the Google account ID used to log in to the Firebase Developers Console and create or import the Firebase project.
 - 12c Click Test Server Key to validate that the information is entered correctly and the key is active. This option will test the connection to the FCM service from each of the MDM Servers configured in the zone. If the connectivity fails from one or more MDM Servers, then the failed servers are listed.
 - **12d** Click **OK** to save your Firebase Cloud Messaging configuration.

6.2 Enabling Push Notifications for iOS Devices

Apple Push Notification service (APNs) enables a ZENworks MDM Server to notify an iOS device when the server requires information from the device or has changes for the device. The ZENworks MDM Server communicates with the Apple Push Notification service, which then pushes the notification to the device. After receiving the push notification, the device contacts the ZENworks MDM Server directly to provide the requested information or to receive the changes.

6.2.1 Prerequisites

- An APNS Certificate: In order to use the Apple Push Notification service, an Apple Push Notification service certificate is required. The APNs certificate allows the ZENworks MDM Servers and iOS devices to authenticate securely to the service. Apple Push Notification service certificates are issued by Apple. The following sections help you create the Certificate Signing Request (CSR), submit the request to Apple, and import the Apple-issued APNs certificate into your ZENworks system.
- MDM Server: An MDM role is assigned to a Primary Server and appropriate ports are opened in the firewall. For more information, see Configuring MDM Servers.

6.2.2 Creating and Importing an APNs Certificate

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, navigate to the Apple Devices section, click Configure APNs. Alternatively, from the left hand side navigation pane of ZCC, navigate to Configuration > Push Notification > Apple Push Notification.
- 2 Create a Certificate Signing Request:
 - 2a Click Create a Certificate Request.
 - **2b** Specify the following certificate details:

Organization Apple ID: Valid Apple ID in email format (for example, user1@mycompany.com). Best practice dictates that this should be an Apple ID created specifically for managing your corporate Apple Push Notification service certificate and not an Apple ID used for a general developer account or a personal account.

Organization Unit: Name of the organizational unit (division, department, or so forth) to which you belong. For example, *IT*, *IS Department*, *Technical Services Group*, or *Business Services*.

Organization Name: Name of your organization.

City or Locality/State/Country: Location information for your organization.

2c Provide the credentials (user name and password) of your Micro Focus Customer Center account.

The Certificate Signing Request must be signed by Micro Focus as an approved Mobile Device Management (MDM) vendor. Your Micro Focus Customer Center credentials enable Micro Focus to sign the request.

- 2d Click Submit for Signing.
- **2e** After the Certificate Signing Request file is signed by Micro Focus, save the signed Certificate Signing Request (CSR) file to a location of your choice.
- 3 Submit the Certificate Request to Apple and download the APNs Certificate:
 - 3a Click Apple Push Certificates Portal.
 - **3b** Sign in with your Apple ID and password.

- **3c** Follow the prompts to upload your CSR file and create an APNs certificate.
- 3d Download the APNs certificate.
- 4 Import the APNs Certificate in ZCC:
 - 4a Click Import APNs Certificate.
 - **4b** Browse and select the APNs certificate file, then click **OK**.

 The APNs certificate is imported to your system and the certificate's subject, expiration date, and key length are displayed.
 - 4c To check that the certificate is valid and that your ZENworks system can communicate with the Apple Push Notification service, click Test Certificate. This option will test the connection to APNs from each of the MDM Servers configured in the zone. If the connectivity fails from one or more MDM Servers, then the failed servers are listed.

6.2.3 Renewing an Expired APNs Certificate

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, navigate to the Apple Devices section, click Configure APNs. Alternatively, from the left hand side navigation pane of ZCC, navigate to Configuration > Push Notification > Apple Push Notification.
- 2 Ensure that the existing Certificate Signing Request is available. To create a CSR, follow the steps described in Step 2.
- 3 Click Apple Push Certificates Portal.
- 4 Sign in with your Apple ID and password.
- 5 Click Renew against the certificate that you want to renew. You can identify the certificate based on its Subject, which can be viewed by clicking ①, and the Expiration date.
- 6 Follow the prompts to upload the CSR and download the renewed APNs certificate.
- 7 In ZCC, import the APNs certificate by following the steps described in Step 4.

IMPORTANT: If the APNs certificate has expired, ensure that you do not revoke or create a new certificate, or else you will have to re-enroll all mobile devices that were initially enrolled using the earlier certificate.

7 Securing a Device

To secure all mobile devices in your ZENworks Management Zone, you can configure policies that consist of a set of rules to control a range of hardware and software configuration settings on your mobile devices. The various policies present within the Mobile Management feature that help secure a mobile device, are as follows:

- Mobile Device Control Policy: enables you to allow or restrict users from accessing the various features of a mobile device. For example, through this policy you can restrict access to applications such as the device's camera, the device's web browser, and voice assistant.
- Mobile Security Policy: configures the password restrictions, encryption settings, and device inactivity settings.

The settings in these policies have been extended to secure the work profile on Android devices. For more information on Android enterprise, see Integrating ZENworks with Android Enterprise.

- Section 7.1, "Creating a Mobile Device Control Policy," on page 37
- Section 7.2, "Editing Mobile Device Control Policy Settings," on page 38
- Section 7.3, "Assigning a Mobile Device Control Policy," on page 45
- Section 7.4, "Creating a Mobile Security Policy," on page 45
- Section 7.5, "Editing Mobile Security Policy Settings," on page 46
- Section 7.6, "Assigning a Mobile Security Policy," on page 50

7.1 Creating a Mobile Device Control Policy

7.1.1 Procedure

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, navigate to the Mobile Security and Control section and click Create New Policies. Alternatively, from the left hand side navigation pane of ZCC, navigate to Policies > New > Policy.
- 2 On the Select Platform page, select Mobile and click Next.
- 3 On the Select Policy Category page, select General Mobile Policies and then click Next.
- 4 On the Select Policy Type page, select Mobile Device Control Policy and then click Next.
- **5** On the Define Details page, specify a name for the policy, select the folder in which to place the policy, then click **Next**.
- 6 On the Configure Mobile Device Control Settings page, assign different security levels to corporate-owned devices and personally-owned devices, and click Next:
 - None: Inherits the setting value from other Mobile Device Control policies assigned higher
 in the policy hierarchy. For example, if you assign this policy to a device, the setting value is
 inherited from any Mobile Device Control policy assigned to groups and folders of which the
 device is a member. If a setting value is not inherited from another Mobile Device Control
 policy, the device's default value is used.
 - **Low:** No restrictions are enforced on the device. However, some settings are assigned a default value and for the remaining settings no value is assigned.

- Moderate: A few restrictions are imposed. For example, in the case of iOS devices, in-app purchases are disabled, background data fetch while roaming is disabled, access to documents from managed sources in unmanaged destinations and vice versa are disabled.
- Strict: Some restrictions are enforced on the device. For example, in the case of iOS devices, backup of data to iCloud is prevented, display of notification on the Lock screen is disabled, submission of diagnostic reports to Apple is disabled.
- **High:** This level is similar to strict security level however with higher restrictions. For example, in the case of iOS devices, disables voice assistant Siri, removes the device camera, and disables pop-up tabs in Safari.
- 7 On the Summary page, you can perform the following actions:
 - Create as Sandbox: Creates a Sandbox-only version of the policy. A Sandbox version of a
 policy enables you to test it on your device before actually deploying it
 - Define Additional Properties: Enables you to edit the default device control settings configured in the policy. For more information, see Editing Mobile Device Control Policy Settings.

Click Finish to complete creating the policy.

7.2 Editing Mobile Device Control Policy Settings

Based on the security level selected while creating the Mobile Device Control Policy, the settings that are predefined by ZENworks can be viewed or edited by performing the steps elaborated in this section. The Mobile Device Control policy settings can be configured for iOS, Android, and ActiveSync devices. However, these settings vary based on the platform. Also, you can configure these settings for a personal or a corporate owned device.

7.2.1 Procedure

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, navigate to the Policies section.
- 2 Click the Mobile Device Control policy for which the content needs to be configured.
- 3 Click the Details tab and edit the settings.

Corporate/Personal: The settings in the **Corporate** column are applied to devices whose ownership is defined as Corporate. The settings in the **Personal** column are applied to devices whose ownership is defined as Personal. The settings use the following values:

- Yes: Enables the setting.
- No: Disables the setting.
- Inherit: Inherits the setting value from other Mobile Device Control policies assigned higher in the policy hierarchy. For example, if you assign this policy to a device, the setting value is inherited from any Mobile Device Control policy assigned to groups and folders of which the device is a member. If there is no value to inherit, then ZENworks does not set the restriction.
- Not Set (--): Indicates that a value is not set by ZENworks.
- Supervised Only: Indicates that a setting is applicable for iOS Supervised devices only. Supervised mode gives you additional control over the device.

Apple: The settings that can be enabled or disabled for iOS devices are as follows:

Tab	Settings	Description
Device	Allow camera	Determines whether to enable or disable the device camera. If set to No, the camera icon is removed from the device.
	Allow FaceTime	Determines whether to enable or disable FaceTime. This setting is enabled if the Allow camera setting is configured as Yes or Inherit.
	Allow global background fetch while roaming	Determines whether the latest app data should be fetched from the network for apps running in the background, while the device is roaming.
	Allow Handoff	Determines whether a user is allowed to resume an existing task or is allowed to access content from any device which is logged into the same iCloud account.
	Allow Siri	Determines whether Apple's voice assistant should be enabled.
	Allow Siri while device is locked	Determines whether the user can access Siri while the device is locked. This setting is enabled if the Allow Siri setting is set to Yes or Inherit. Also, this option is ignored if a passcode is not set on the device.
	Enable Siri profanity filter	Determines whether the Profanity Filter option in Siri should be enabled. Applicable for supervised devices only. This setting is enabled if the Allow Siri setting is set to Yes or Inherit.
	Show user-generated content in Siri	Determines whether Siri can obtain content from sources that allow user-generated content, such as Wikipedia. This setting is enabled if the Allow Siri setting is set to Yes or Inherit . Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow iMessage	Determines whether the user can use the iMessage feature on devices. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow AirDrop	Determines whether the user can share documents, media, and so on, using AirDrop. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow iBooks Store	Determines whether the user can download content from iBooks Store. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow automatic updates to certificate trust settings	Determines whether automatic updates to certificate trust settings should be enabled.
	Allow documents from managed sources in unmanaged destinations	Determines whether a document can be opened in an unmanaged app or account if the document was created or downloaded from a managed app or account.
	Allow documents from unmanaged sources in managed destinations	Determines whether a document can be opened in a managed app or account if the document was created or downloaded from an unmanaged app or account.
	Allow screenshots	Determines whether the user can capture images of the device's display screen.
	Allow screen observation by Classroom	Determines whether remote screen observation by the Classroom app is enabled.
	Allow account modification	Determines whether the user is allowed to modify account settings, such as adding or removing mail account, modifying iCloud settings and so on. Applicable for supervised devices only.

Tab	Settings	Description
	Allow erase All content And settings	Determines whether the user can erase all the content and settings on the device. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow device name modification	Determines whether the user can modify the name of the device. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow Bluetooth setting modification	Determines whether the user can modify the bluetooth settings on the device. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow host pairing	Determines whether an iOS device can pair with other devices. If No is selected, then these devices can only pair with their supervision host or with hosts having a Supervising Host Certificate. If a Supervision Host Certificate is not configured, all pairing is disabled.
	Allow restrictions modification	Determines whether the user can modify restrictions on the device. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow Find My Friends setting modification	Determines whether the user can modify the Find my Friend settings on the device. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow Wallpaper modification	Determines whether the user can modify the wallpaper settings on the device. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow notifications modification	Determines whether the user can modify the Notification settings on the device. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow sending diagnostic and usage data to Apple	Determines whether automatic submission of diagnostic and usage reports to Apple should be enabled.
	Allow diagnostics settings modification	Determines whether the user can modify the Diagnostic settings on the device. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow users to accept untrusted TLS certificate	Determines whether the user can accept Transport Layer Security (TLS) certificates that cannot be verified.
	Force encrypted backup	Determines whether the device backup process should be encrypted.
	Force limited ad tracking	Determines whether advertisers' tracking of a user's activities across apps should be limited. If set to Yes , then ad tracking is not eliminated but reduced to some extent.
	Request passcode for incoming AirPlay requests	Determines whether a pairing passcode restriction should be enforced for all incoming AirPlay requests coming from another device to a managed device.
	Request passcode for outgoing AirPlay requests	Determines whether a pairing passcode restriction should be enforced for all outgoing AirPlay requests sent from a managed device to another device
	Treat Airdrop as unmanaged destination	Determines whether Airdrop should be considered as an unmanaged drop target. If set to Yes , then the user will be unable to share managed data through Airdrop.
	Allow Spotlight Internet results	Determines whether the users can use Spotlight Search to find content directly from the Internet. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow definition lookup	Determines whether the user can lookup definitions using the in-built iOS dictionary. This feature is applicable on devices with iOS version 8.1.3 or newer and OS X 10.11.2 or newer. Applicable for supervised devices only.

Tab	Settings	Description
Apps	Allow installation of apps	Determines whether the user can install apps.
	Allow app installation from App Store	Determines whether the user can install apps from the Apple App Store. This field is enabled if the Allow Installation of Apps field is enabled. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow automatic app downloads	Determines whether the user can automatically download apps purchased on other devices. This field is enabled if the Allow Installation of Apps field is enabled. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow removing apps	Determines whether the user can remove apps from the device. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow in-app purchases	Determines whether the user can make in-app purchases.
	Allow cellular data app settings modifications	Determines whether the user can modify cellular data settings for specific apps. Applicable for supervised devices only.
	Allow enterprise app trust	Determines whether the user is allowed to install or use enterprise apps that are not distributed by ZENworks.
	Allow backup of enterprise books	Determines whether the user can back up books distributed by the organization to iCloud or iTunes.
	Allow in-app purchase	Determines whether the user can make in-app purchases.
	Allow managed apps to store data in iCloud	Determines whether managed app data should sync with iCloud.
	Allow notes and highlights sync for enterprise books	Determines whether metadata, which includes notes and highlights of books that are distributed by the user's organization, should be synced with iCloud.
	Allow News	Determines whether the user can access News apps. Applicable for supervised devices only.
Apple Watch	Force Apple Watch wrist detection	Determines whether an Apple Watch should display the time and the latest alerts when the user's wrist is raised.
	Allow pairing with Apple Watch	Determines whether the user can pair with an Apple Watch. Applicable for supervised devices only.
iTunes	Allow iTunes	Determines whether the user can access the iTunes app.
	Require iTunes Store password for each purchases	Determines whether or not the user needs to enter the password for each purchase on the iTunes Store.
iCloud	Allow My Photo Stream	Determines whether a copy of any photo taken on the managed iOS device should be synced with the user's other iOS devices.
	Allow iCloud Keychain	Determines whether Keychain data such as accounts, passwords, and credit card information, should be synced with iCloud.
	Allow iCloud Photo Library	Determines whether photos on iCloud can be accessed on the managed device.
	Allow iCloud Photo Sharing	Determines whether the user can publish and share photos with other iOS users through the iCloud website. Default value is Yes .
	Allow iCloud backup	Determines whether data can be backed up or restored on iCloud.

Tab	Settings	Description
	Allow iCloud document sync	Determines whether the user can synchronize documents and key-values to the iCloud storage space.
Safari	Allow use of Safari	Determines whether the user is allowed to use the Safari web browser on the device. If set to No, then the Safari icon is removed from the Home screen of the device.
	Accept cookies	Determines the cookie policy that should be enabled in the Safari web browser. The accepted values are:
		 Block all websites, third parties, and advertisers from storing cookies on the device.
		 Allow all websites, third parties, and advertisers to store cookies on the device.
		 Allow cookies to be stored from only those websites that the user is currently visiting and not from third parties that embed content in the website.
		 Allow cookies to be stored from only those websites that the user visits. With this option you can prevent websites that have embedded content in other websites that you visit from storing cookies.
		The default value is to allow cookies from all websites, third parties, and advertisers.
	Allow pop-ups	Determines whether pop-ups should be blocked in the Safari web browser. This setting is enabled, if Allow use of Safari is configured as Yes or Inherit.
	Enable autoFill	Determines whether Safari should remember the data entered by users on web entry forms. This setting is enabled, if Allow use of Safari is configured as Yes or Inherit.
	Enable JavaScript	Determines whether JavaScript should be enabled in the Safari web browser. This setting is enabled, if Allow use of Safari is configured as Yes or Inherit .
	Force fraud warning	Determines whether Safari should warn users about refraining from visiting websites that are fraudulent. This setting is enabled, if Allow use of Safari is configured as Yes or Inherit.
Lock Screen	Allow passbook notifications in lock screen	Determines whether notifications on the passbook app can be displayed on the lock screen. The passbook app allows users to store their coupons, tickets, and so on.
	Allow voice dialing while device is locked	Determines whether voice dialing should be enabled while the device is locked.
	Show Control Center in lock screen	Determines whether Control Center can be accessed from the Lock screen. The Control Center gives the user quick access to the apps and controls on the device.
	Show Notification Center in lock screen	Determines whether Notification Center can be accessed from the Lock screen.
	Show Today View in lock screen	Determines whether the Today View in Notification Center should be displayed on Lock screen.
Media Content	Allow bookstore erotica	Determines the user is permitted to download media that is tagged as erotica from the iBooks store.

Tab	Settings	Description				
	Allow explicit content	Determines whether the user can access explicit music or video content purchased from the iTunes Store. Explicit content is marked by the content providers when sold in the iTunes Store. Applicable for supervised devices only.				
	Ratings region	Determines the region that needs to be selected to populate the allowed ratings for media content defined for that region.				
	Apps	Determines the maximum allowed rating for apps. These values are populated based on the selected Ratings region . If a rating is enabled, items that do not conform to the rating restrictions cannot be downloaded or installed on the device.				
	Movies	Determines the maximum allowed rating for movies. The values in this field are populated based on the selected Ratings region . If a rating is enabled, items that do not conform to the rating restrictions cannot be downloaded on the device.				
	TV Shows	Determines the maximum allowed rating for TV shows. The values in this field are populated based on the selected Ratings region . If a rating is enabled, items that do not conform to the rating restrictions cannot be downloaded on the device.				
Security	Allow Touch ID to unlock device	Determines whether the user can unlock the device by using fingerprint.				
	Allow passcode modification	Determines whether the user can modify the passcode on the device. Applicable for supervised devices only.				
	Allow Touch ID fingerprint modification	Determines whether the user can modify the Touch ID fingerprints. This field will be enabled if the Allow passcode modification option is enabled. Applicable for supervised devices only.				
Gaming	Allow Game Center	Determines whether the user can access the Game Center. Applicable for supervised devices only.				
	Allow multiplayer Gaming	Determines whether games with more than one player is enabed. This field will be enabled if the Allow Game Center option is enabled.				
	Allow adding Game Center friends	Determines whether game center friends can be added. This field will be enabled if the Allow Game Center option is enabled.				
Keyboard	Allow predictive keyboard	Determines whether the user can use predictive keyboard on the device. Applicable for supervised devices only.				
	Allow keyboard shortcuts	Determines whether the user can use shortcuts from external keyboards. Applicable for supervised devices only.				
	Allow auto correction	Determines whether users can use the auto correct option and select appropriate words. Applicable for supervised devices only.				
	Allow spell check	Determines whether spell check is allowed on a user's device. Applicable for supervised devices only.				
Music	Allow Music service	Determines whether Music Service is enabled on the device. If No is selected, then the Music Service is disabled and set to the classic mode. Applicable for supervised devices only.				
	Allow Radio	Determines whether the user can access iTunes Radio. Applicable for supervised devices only.				

Tab	Settings	Description
	Allow Podcasts	Determines whether the user can access iTunes Podcasts. Applicable for supervised devices only.

NOTE: The settings that are applicable for supervised devices only, are subject to change.

Android: The settings that can be enabled or disabled for Android devices are as follows:

Settings	Description
Allow camera	Determines whether the device camera should be enabled. If set to No , the camera is disabled and a warning message is displayed if the user tries to access it.
	This setting is applicable for Android devices enrolled in the work profile mode.

The remaining settings in the tab are exclusively meant for the work profile. For more information see Securing the Work Profile.

ActiveSync: These settings can be applied on devices that are enrolled as:

- ActiveSync Only devices
- Fully Managed devices, that is, iOS and ActiveSync (iOS MDM + ActiveSync) or Android and ActiveSync (Android App + ActiveSync).

If a setting is applicable for both Android and ActiveSync, or iOS and Activesync, then the stricter setting of the two is applied. For example: the mode in which a device is enrolled is iOS MDM + ActiveSync. If Allow Camera is enabled as a part of the iOS settings and if Allow Camera is disabled as a part of the ActiveSync settings, then the camera icon is removed from the device, as disabling of the camera is a strict setting.

Settings	Description	
Allow Bluetooth	Determines whether bluetooth connections are allowed to and from the device. You also have the option of allowing only a hands free configuration on the device.	
Allow browser	Determines whether the user is allowed to use the default web browser on the device.	
Allow camera	Determines whether the device camera should be enabled.	
Allow infrared	Determines whether infrared connections are allowed to and from the device.	
Allow text messaging	Determines whether the user can send or receive tex messages on the device.	
Allow storage card	Determines whether the device can access a removable storage card.	

- 4 Click Apply.
- 5 Click Publish to display the Publish Option page. In this page you can publish the modified policy as a new version of the same policy or as a new policy.

7.3 Assigning a Mobile Device Control Policy

Most mobile policies can be assigned to users or devices. User-assigned policies apply to all devices enrolled by the user. Device-assigned policies apply only to the explicitly assigned device.

In addition to assigning policies directly to users and devices, you can assign policies to user groups, user folders, device groups, and device folders. Each member of the group or folder receives the assignment.

For more information on assigning this policy, see Procedure.

7.4 Creating a Mobile Security Policy

7.4.1 Procedure

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, navigate to the Mobile Security and Control section and click Create New Policies. Alternatively, from the left hand side navigation pane of ZCC, navigate to Policies > New > Policies.
- 2 On the Select Platform page, select Mobile and then click Next.
- 3 On the Select Policy Category page, select General Mobile Policies and then click Next.
- 4 On the Select Policy Type page, select Mobile Security Policy and then click Next.
- **5** On the Define Details page, specify a name for the policy, select the folder in which to place the policy, then click **Next**.
- 6 On the Select Security Levels page you can assign different security levels to corporate-owned devices and personally-owned devices. There are five security levels. Each security level provides pre-configured defaults for the password, encryption, and device inactivity settings. After the policy is created, you can edit the policy to customize individual settings, if needed.
 Select from the following security levels and click Next:
 - **None:** All settings are inherited from other Mobile Security policies applied to the device. If no other policies are applied to the device, the device's default settings are used.
 - The None security level is useful for creating exceptions for devices. For example, you might have a corporate Mobile Security policy that applies a Moderate security level to all devices. However, you have a few devices on which you want to enforce storage card encryption, which is not enforced by the Moderate security level. You create a policy with the None security level, edit the policy to turn on storage card encryption, and then assign the policy to the appropriate devices.
 - The None security level is also useful for overriding a few default settings on devices. For example, you might want to retain all of the default settings of the device with the exception that you want to enable the Require Encryption setting. In this scenario, you need to create a policy with the None security level, edit the policy to turn on device encryption, and then assign the policy to the appropriate devices. The devices will retain all default settings except for the device encryption setting enforced through the policy.
 - **Low:** Enforces a password on the device. The password can be a simple password with a minimum of 4 characters.

- Moderate: Enforces a password and inactivity lockout. The password must be an alphanumeric password with a minimum of 6 characters. A 30 day password expiration is enforced, and the last 5 passwords cannot be reused. After 5 minutes of inactivity, the device is locked; after 10 failed attempts to unlock the device, it is wiped.
- Strict: Enforces a password, encryption, and inactivity lockout. The password must be a complex password with a minimum of 8 characters. A 30 day password expiration is enforced, and the last 7 passwords cannot be reused. The device and its storage card are encrypted. After 1 minute of inactivity, the device is locked; after 7 failed attempts to unlock the device, it is wiped.
- High: Same as the Strict security level with higher restrictions for each complex password setting. The password must be a strong complex password with a minimum of 8 characters. A 30 day password expiration is enforced, and the last 10 passwords cannot be reused. The device and its storage card are encrypted. After 1 minute of inactivity, the device is locked; after 5 failed attempts to unlock the device, it is wiped.
- 7 On the Summary page.
 - Create as Sandbox: Creates a Sandbox-only version of the policy. A Sandbox version of a
 policy enables you to test it on your device before actually deploying it
 - Define Additional Properties: Enables you to edit the default security settings configured in the policy. For more information, see Editing Mobile Security Policy Settings.

Click Finish to complete the policy.

7.5 Editing Mobile Security Policy Settings

Based on the security level selected while creating a Mobile Security policy, the settings as predefined by ZENworks can be viewed or edited by performing the steps elaborated in this section.

7.5.1 Procedure

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, navigate to the Policies section.
- 2 Click the Mobile Security Policy whose content you want to edit.
- 3 Click the Details tab, and edit the settings.

Corporate/Personal: The settings in the **Corporate** column are applied to devices whose ownership is defined as Corporate. The settings in the **Personal** column are applied to devices whose ownership is defined as Personal. The settings use the following values:

- Yes: Enables the setting.
- No: Disables the setting.
- Inherit: Inherits the setting value from other Mobile Security policies assigned higher in the
 policy hierarchy. For example, if you assign this policy to a device, the setting value is
 inherited from any Mobile Security policy assigned to groups and folders of which the device
 is a member. If a setting value is not inherited from another Mobile Security policy, the
 device's default value is used.
- Numeric value: Configures the setting with the numeric value provided by you.

Platform Support: The platform columns show support for a setting. The platforms are:

- Pandroid
- IOS iOS
- O ActiveSync

Password: The Password settings are listed in increasing order of complexity (strictness). If more than one setting applies to a device, the more complex (strict) setting is enforced. Using the example values provided in the table below, the following settings would be applied:

- Android: The Require numeric complex password setting for Android 5.0 and higher.
- iOS: The Require simple password setting.
- ActiveSync: The Require simple password setting.

Setting	Description	Example	Plat	form	Support
Require password	Requires a password to unlock the device.	Yes	÷	ios	0
Require biometric weak password	Requires at least low-security biometric recognition technology that can recognize the identity of an individual to about a 3 digit PIN (false detection is less than 1 in 1,000).	No	-		
Require simple password	Allows the password to include repeating characters such as (0000) or sequential characters such as (abcd).	Yes	#	ios	0
	This setting behaves differently on Android and iOS devices. For Android devices, the strictest rule gets applied. However, for iOS devices, the rule that is applied is cumulative of all the set rules.				
Minimum password length	Specifies the minimum number of characters required for the password.	8	•	ios	0
Require numeric password	Requires the password to contain numbers. Other characters (letters and symbols) are optional.	No	•		
Require numeric complex password	Requires the password to contain numbers, with no repeating numbers (4444) or sequential numbers (1234). Other characters (letters and symbols) are optional.	Yes	-		
Require alphabetic password	Requires the password to contain letters (or symbols). Other characters (numbers) are optional.	No	•		
Require alphanumeric password	Requires the password to contain letters (or symbols) and numbers.	No	•	ios	0
Require complex password	Requires the password to contain letters, numbers, and symbols.	Inherit	*	ios	0

Setting	Description	Example	Platform Support
Minimum complex character types	Applies only if Require complex password is set to Yes or Inherit.	2	0
	Specifies the minimum number of character types the complex password must contain. Character types are defined as:		
	 Lowercase alphabetical characters 		
	 Uppercase alphabetical characters 		
	Numbers		
	 Non-alphanumeric characters 		
Minimum complex characters required	Applies only if Require complex password is set to Yes or Inherit.	2	ios ios
	Specifies the minimum number of characters required for the complex password.		
Minimum letters required	Applies only if Require complex password is set to Yes or Inherit.	1	*
	Specifies the minimum number of letters that must be included in the complex password.		
Minimum numbers required	Applies only if Require complex password is set to Yes or Inherit.	1	•
	Specifies the minimum number of numbers that must be included in the complex password.		
Minimum lowercase letters required	Applies only if Require complex password is set to Yes or Inherit.	1	*
	Specifies the minimum number of lowercase letters (abcd) that must be included in the complex password.		
Minimum uppercase letters required	Applies only if Require complex password is set to Yes or Inherit.	1	*
	Specifies the minimum number of uppercase letters (ABCD) that must be included in the complex password.		
Minimum nonletters required	Applies only if Require complex password is set to Yes or Inherit.	2	•
	Specifies the minimum number of numbers or symbols that must be included in the complex password.		
Require password expiration	Requires the password to expire within a specified number of days.	Yes	ios 🕲

Setting	Description	Example	Plat	Platform Support		
Password expiration (days)	Applies only if Require device password expiration is set to Yes.	30	*	ios	0	
	Specifies the number of days after which the password expires and must be changed. For example, if set to 30, the password expires after 30 days and must be changed.					
Require password history	Requires a history of used passwords to be stored in order to prevent immediate reuse of passwords.	Yes	•	ios	0	
Number of passwords stored	Applies only if Require device password history is set to Yes.	3	•	ios	0	
	Specifies the number of passwords stored in the history. For example, if set to 5, the last 5 passwords cannot be reused.					

NOTE: In this policy, even when you specify the minimum password length as a value that is less than 6, an iOS device (version 11 or newer), to which this policy is assigned, prompts for a password length of minimum 6 characters. However, the device accepts a password length that is less than 6 characters, as specified in the policy.

Encryption: Not all Encryption settings apply to all device platforms. In addition, the setting support can vary from version to version within a platform.

Setting	Description	Platform Support		
Require encryption on the device	Requires content stored on the device to be encrypted.	• 0		
Require encryption on the storage card	Requires content on the storage card to be encrypted.	0		

Device Inactivity: Not all Device Inactivity settings apply to all device platforms. In addition, setting support can vary from version to version within a platform.

Setting	Description	Plat	form	Support
Require inactivity lock	Requires the device to be locked after it has been inactive for a specified period of time.	÷	ios	0
Maximum inactivity timeout	Applies only if Require inactivity lock is set to Yes.	÷	ios	0
(minutes)	Specifies the maximum number of minutes the user can set for the inactivity lock. For example, if set to 5, the user can set the inactivity timeout up to 5 minutes.			
Wipe device on failed number of unlock attempts	Wipes the device data after a specified number of failed attempts to unlock the device.	÷	ios	0

Setting	Description	Plat	form	Support
Maximum number of unlock attempts	Applies only if Wipe device on failed number of unlock attempts is set to Yes.	÷	ios	0
	Specifies the number of failed attempts to unlock the device that is allowed before the device data is wiped. For example, if set to 10, the device is wiped after the 10th failed attempt.			
Configure time period after which passcode is required	Enables you to define when a passcode is required after a period of inactivity.		ios	
Display the passcode screen on unlock	Displays the passcode at the specified time period, after a period of inactivity. For example, if set to After 5 minutes , the passcode is displayed after 5 minutes of inactivity.	ios		

- 4 Click Apply.
- 5 Click Publish to display the Publish Option page. In this page you can publish the modified policy as a new version of the same policy or as a new policy.

For more information on the Profile Security tab, see Securing the Work Profile.

7.6 Assigning a Mobile Security Policy

Most mobile policies can be assigned to users or devices. User-assigned policies apply to all devices that the user enrolls. Device-assigned policies apply only to the assigned device.

In addition to assigning policies directly to users and devices, you can assign policies to user groups, user folders, device groups, and device folders. Each member of the group or folder receives the assignment.

7.6.1 Procedure

- 1 To assign the policy to users, from the Policies list, select the check box in front of the policy, then click Action > Assign to User. to assign the policy to devices from the Policies list, select the check box in front of the policy, then click Action > Assign to Device.
- 2 In the Select Object dialog box, browse for and select the users or devices to whom you want to assign the policy, click **OK** to add them to the list and then click **Next**.
- 3 If the policy is assigned to a device, then the Policy Conflict Resolution page is displayed. In this page, you can set the precedence for device-associated policies and user-associated policies for resolving conflicts that arise when policies of the same type are associated to both devices and users. Define any of the following and click Next:
 - User Precedence: The user-associated policy will override the device-associated policy.
 Select this option to apply policies that are associated to the users first, and then to the devices.
 - **Device Precedence:** The device-associated policy will override the user-associated policy. Select this option to apply policies that are associated to the devices first, and then to the
 - Device Only: Select this option to apply policies that are associated to devices alone.
 - User Only: Select this option to apply policies that are associated to users alone.

4 Review the summary page and click Finish to complete the assignment.
For more information on the existing Policies section of ZENworks, see ZENworks Configuration Policies Reference.

Provisioning Applications

ZENworks lets you provision iOS, Android apps (using Android enterprise) and an iOS configuration profile to mobile devices by using the existing Bundles feature in ZENworks Control Center. A bundle consists of all the configuration settings and installation instructions required to deploy and manage applications or profiles on a device. There are three types of bundles that can be created:

- App Store App: Allows you to distribute apps available in the Apple App Store.
- iOS Profile: Allows you to distribute configuration information to iOS devices. This configuration information allows you to manage certain features such as Wi-Fi settings, VPN settings, and to restrict certain device features.
- Android Bundle: Allows you to distribute work apps that are approved in managed Google Play
 using Android enterprise management. For more information, see Integrating ZENworks with
 Android Enterprise.
- Section 8.1, "Creating an iOS Bundle," on page 53
- Section 8.2, "Creating an iOS Profile," on page 55
- Section 8.3, "Assigning an iOS Bundle," on page 57
- Section 8.4, "Specifying App Configuration Parameters," on page 59
- Section 8.5, "Installing a Bundle using Quick Task," on page 60
- Section 8.6, "Viewing Bundle Information," on page 60

8.1 Creating an iOS Bundle

8.1.1 Prerequisites

- Ensure that the device has an iTunes account in place, so that the iOS devices to which these bundles are distributed, can receive and install the apps.
- Creating an iOS bundle involves choosing the app to be installed from the Apple App Store. For this, you need to use ZCC of an MDM Server or any other server that has outbound connectivity.

8.1.2 Procedure

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, navigate to the Deploy Mobile Applications section and click Create New Bundles. Alternatively, from the left hand side navigation pane of ZCC, click Bundles > New > Bundle.
- 2 On the Select Bundle Type page, click iOS Bundle.
- 3 On the Select Bundle Category page, click App Store App or iOS Profile.
- **4** On the Define Details page, specify a name for the bundle, select the folder in which to place the bundle, then click **Next**.

- 5 On the Search iOS App page:
 - **5a** Specify the following information to search for an app from the Apple store:
 - **Search for:** You can search the app by specifying the app name, publisher name, or App description.
 - Region: Select the country. The app is displayed only if it is available in the specified country.
 - Compatibility: Select a device such as iPhone, iPad, or All Devices. Apps that are compatible with these devices are displayed in the search results.

NOTE: You can search and create bundles only for apps that have no cost associated with it.

- 5b Click Search to view the search result.
- 5c (Optional) Click Reset to clear the search and search result.
- **5d** Specify a filter to further narrow down the app results in the search results. The search result displays the following:
 - Bundle Name: The application name. Mouse over the icon to view the app description.
 - Publisher: The app publisher name.
 - Cost: The cost associated with the app.
 - Size: Size of the app (KB, MB, or GB).
 - **Devices:** Displays whether the app is compatible on iPhone, iPad or both.

NOTE: Sorting is supported on the Name, Publisher, Cost, and Size columns.

- 5e Select an app. Click Next.
- **6** On the Bundle Details page, the following details are displayed. View or specify the relevant details and click **Next**.
 - Name: Displays the default name of the app. You can edit the app name.
 - **Folder:** Displays the default folder in which the bundle will be created. You can edit the folder location by clicking the search icon.
 - Description: Specify a description for the new bundle. Alternatively, you can select Use App Description to populate the default description of the app as displayed in the App Store.
 - App Details: The App Details page displays additional information on the chosen app:
 - **Publisher:** The name of the entity that has published the app.
 - Size: The size of the app.
 - Categories: The App Store categories in which the app is included. For example: Games, Education, Business.
 - iTunes Store ID: The App Store ID which is linked to the App Store. Click the ID to view the app in the iTunes Store.
 - Cost: The cost associated with the app.
 - App Region: The country associated with the app.
 - **Device Compatibility:** The supported devices that can run the app.
 - OS version compatibility: The supported operating system versions of iOS.
 - Supported Languages: The supported languages for the app.

- 7 On the App Settings page, you can configure additional settings for the app:
 - Allow ZENworks to take ownership of the app, if the app is already installed on the
 device: If the app is already installed on the device, this option allows ZENworks to
 manage the app on the device. If this option is selected, then the ownership will be retained
 by ZENworks even if it is unchecked in the subsequent versions of the bundle.
 - Retain app on the device if the bundle is deleted or unassigned, or if the device is removed from the zone: Retains the app on the device if the bundle is deleted, unassigned, blocked, or disabled, or if the device is removed from the zone. Subsequently, ZENworks will no longer manage the app on the device.
 - Prevent backup of app data to iCloud: Prevents the app data from getting synced with iCloud. You will not be able to retrieve the app data if the device has unenrolled from the ZENworks Management Zone.
 - Create Sandbox: Creates a Sandbox-only version of the bundle. A Sandbox version of a bundle enables you to test it on your device before actually deploying it.
- 8 Click Finish to complete the activity.

8.2 Creating an iOS Profile

iOS profiles are XML files consisting of payloads that will enable you to deploy configuration settings and restrictions to iOS devices. These XML files are exported from Apple Configurator and each individual configuration setting, such as the Wi-Fi configuration setting, VPN configuration setting, and certificate information, are called payloads. Using an iOS profile, you can deploy these configuration settings or restrictions, which are not available in ZENWorks, to the devices. While creating an iOS profile bundle, the XML file that is obtained from Apple Configurator is uploaded in ZENworks. When you assign this bundle to a device, on deployment of the iOS profile bundle, the encrypted version of the profile is installed on the device, thereby restricting users from changing the setting.

Creation and assignment of iOS profile bundles is supported on an experimental basis for Apple TV devices. You can configure and deploy iOS profiles, such as the app lock configuration profile, to Apple TV devices, to lock down the device to a particular app. An example of the app lock configuration file is as follows:

```
<string>Configures App lock</string>
               <key>PayloadDisplayName</key>
               <string>App Lock</string>
               <key>PayloadIdentifier</key>
               <string>com.apple.webClip.managed.1F3066B4-1D92-4CE4-891F-
C3E5D0153400</string>
               <key>PayloadType</key>
               <string>com.apple.app.lock</string>
               <key>PayloadUUID</key>
               <string>E4242F0A-7872-4425-BF11-E1A269E9836D</string>
               <key>PayloadVersion</key>
               <real>1</real>
         <key>App</key>
         <dict>
          <key>Identifier</key>
          <string>com.google.ios.youtube</string>
         </dict>
          </dict>
     </array>
     <key>PayloadDisplayName</key>
     <string>App Lock</string>
     <key>PayloadIdentifier</key>
     <string>xyz.blr.com.</string>
     <key>PayloadRemovalDisallowed</key>
     <false/>
     <key>PayloadType</key>
     <string>Configuration</string>
     <key>PayloadUUID</key>
     <string>59C3C2****</string>
     <key>PayloadVersion</key>
     <integer>1</integer>
</dict>
</plist>
```

8.2.1 Prerequisites

• An XML file with the configuration settings should be exported from Apple Configurator.

8.2.2 Procedure

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, navigate to the Deploy Mobile Applications section and click Create Bundles. Alternatively, from the left hand side navigation pane of ZCC, click Bundles > New > Bundle.
- 2 On the Select Bundle Type page, click iOS Bundle.
- 3 On the Select Bundle Category page, click iOS Profile.
- **4** On the Define Details page, specify a name for the bundle, select the folder in which to place the bundle, then click **Next**.
- **5** In the Import Profile page, browse and upload the configuration profile that you have exported from Apple Configurator. For more information on creating and importing iOS profiles, refer to the Apple Configurator documentation.
 - ZENworks validates certain important fields, such as the Identifier, UUID, and the version, which are unique to each profile.
- 6 Click Create Sandbox, if you want to create a Sandbox only version of the bundle.
- 7 Click Finish to complete the activity.

You can continue to assign this bundle to an iOS device. For more information, see Assigning an iOS Bundle.

To download the XML file that you just uploaded, navigate to **Bundles** > *click the iOS profile bundle* > **Details**. You can also edit the profile or upload a new profile using the **Details** tab. For the modified or the new setting to take effect on all the devices, you need to republish the iOS profile bundle. On republishing the bundle, the existing profile installed on the device is overwritten with the modified or new setting.

If you delete an iOS profile bundle, as soon as the device syncs with the server, the profile is removed from the device.

Also, if you deploy an iOS profile with a specific setting and if the same setting is applied using ZENworks but with conflicting values, then the setting that is applied will be based on the device's operating system rules. For example, if you have uploaded an iOS profile that disables the device camera and if the device camera is enabled in the assigned Mobile Device Control Policy, then the setting that is applied will be based on the precedence set by iOS. To avoid such discrepancies, it is advisable that you apply a specific setting either through an iOS profile or through another feature in ZENworks.

8.3 Assigning an iOS Bundle

ZENworks lets you assign app store bundles and iOS profile bundles to users as well as devices. These bundles can be assigned directly to a user, a device, a user group, a device group, a user folder, or a device folder.

8.3.1 Procedure

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click Bundles (in the left navigation pane).
- 2 To assign the bundle to users, from the Bundles list, select the check box in front of the bundle, then click Action > Assign to User. To assign the bundle to devices, select the check box in front of the bundle, then click Action > Assign to Device.
- 3 In the Select Object dialog box, browse and select the users or devices to whom you want to assign the bundle, click OK to add them to the list, then click Next.

4 On the App Installation Schedule page, specify a schedule based on which the ZENworks Server triggers a notification to install the app on the device. You can select from one of the following schedules and click Next:

Now: indicates that a notification to install the app is sent to the device immediately. On selecting this schedule, you can select any of the following options:

NOTE: This is applicable for device assignments only.

Option	Steps		
Quick Task Notification Options	Select one of the following:		
	 Notify all the devices immediately: Select this option to send the quick task notification to all the devices, immediately. 		
	 Notify all the devices within _ mins: Select this option to send the quick task notification to all the devices within the specified time. The minimum time that can be set is 1 min. By default, the notification time is set to 10 minutes. You can choose to specify the notification time according to your requirements. 		
Quick Task Expiry Option	Select one of the following:		
	 Never Expires: Select this option if you never want the quick task to expire. 		
	 Expires after _ mins of the quick task creation: Select this option to specify in minutes, the time at which the quick task should expire after it is created. By default, the expiry time is set to 20 minutes. You can choose to specify the expiration time according to your requirement. 		

Event: Select when the app should be installed on the device. Based on this selection, the app will be installed on the device:

- Next Refresh: Indicates that a notification to install the app will be sent on the subsequent refresh of the device. On refresh, a dialog box is displayed on the device to either accept or decline the request to install the app. This is a one time notification and will not be re-sent by the ZENworks Server if the user declines to install the app.
- Every Refresh: Indicates that a notification to install the app will be sent to the device each time a refresh action is performed on the device. On refresh, a dialog box is displayed on the device to either accept or decline the request to install the app on the device. If the user declines the request to install the app on the device, then the ZENworks Server will continue sending these notifications till the user accepts the request. Also, if the user has uninstalled the bundle, this notification will be re-sent to the device when it syncs with the ZENworks Server.
- 5 If a bundle is assigned to a device, then on the Bundle Conflict Resolution page, set the priority between device-associated bundles and user associated bundles to resolve conflicts that arise when the same bundle is associated with devices and users. Select any one of the following and click Next
 - User Precedence: The user-associated bundle will override the device-associated bundle.
 Select this option to apply bundles that are associated to the users first, and then to the devices.
 - **Device Precedence:** The device-associated bundle will override the user-associated bundle. Select this option to apply bundles that are associated to the devices first, and then to the users.

6 Click Finish to complete creating the bundle.

When the device to which the bundle is assigned syncs with the ZENworks Server, then a notification to install the app is sent to the device. Based on the user's response, the app is installed on the device. In the subsequent refresh, the status of the bundle is marked as Success or Failure.

NOTE: Before a bundle is sent to the device, to ensure that the right bundle is assigned to the device, precomputed effective assignments are calculated. For details, see Infrastructure Management Settings in the ZENworks Management Zone Settings Reference.

Also, during bundle installation, ZENworks sends the iTunes ID of the app to the device. The device then downloads the app from the Apple App Store using this iTunes ID.

8.4 Specifying App Configuration Parameters

As a part of the setup process, many apps require users to specify their email addresses, the port and other configuration settings. The app configuration parameters feature helps in providing the configuration information for apps that support this feature. ZENworks lets you pre-configure this information that become effective as soon as the app is installed on the device. The users are not required to specify these values manually. For each app, the configuration parameters are published in the specific app documentation.

ZENworks also supports app configuration of Micro Focus' in-house apps, such as Micro Focus Filr, Novell Messenger, and Micro Focus iPrint. For each of these apps, you can obtain their configuration parameters by clicking the following links:

- Micro Focus Filr: see Key-Value pairs in the Maintenance Best Practices Guide.
- Micro Focus iPrint: see Key-Value pairs in the Micro Focus iPrint Appliance 3 Administration Guide.

While creating a bundle, if you select **Define Additional Properties**, then you will be automatically redirected to the page where you can configure the app parameters. Alternatively, from the left hand pane in ZCC, select **Bundles**, select a bundle and click the **Details** tab.

You can pre-configure apps by selecting either one of the following options:

- Key-value pairs: Click Add and specify the Key and its corresponding Value. You can specify
 the value as a string, integer, or as a boolean value. You can also specify built-in variables or
 custom variables as the Value. The following built-in system variables can be used:
 - **\${LoginName}:** Retrieves the user login name in the configured user source.
 - **\${Email}:** Retrieves the first email address associated with the user from the user source.
 - **\${ActiveSyncLogonName}:** Retrieves the ActiveSync logon attribute from the user source. This attribute is used to authenticate to the ActiveSync Server, while configuring an email account on the device.

To specify custom variables, you first need to define these variables by navigating to Configuration > Device Management > System Variables. For more information, see Using System Variables in ZENworks Control Center Reference.

Configuration File: Click Upload to browse and import a configuration file that contains the
configuration information of the app. You can also directly specify the file parameters or edit the
parameters of the uploaded file in the displayed text box. The configuration file can be obtained
from the app vendor.

You need to ensure that a valid configuration file is imported. A sample format of the configuration file is provided below:

Built-in or custom variables can also be added as string values within this configuration file. The built-in variables applicable while defining key-value pairs can be applied in the configuration file as well. For example:

```
<key>com.ibm.mobile.connections.user</key>
<string>${LoginName}</string>
```

The application configuration will be pushed to the device when the application is distributed.

8.5 Installing a Bundle using Quick Task

The Install Bundle quick task lets you immediately install a bundle to one or more devices.

8.5.1 Procedure

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click Devices > Mobile Devices to display your enrolled mobile devices.
- 2 Select the check box in front of the mobile device, click Quick Tasks > Install Bundle to display the Install Bundle dialog box.
- 3 Browse to the folder location in which the bundle you want to install resides. You can also include additional devices by clicking Add. Click Ok to display the quick task options.
- 4 Retain the default options and click Start to send the message.
- 5 Click Hide to close the quick task.

8.6 Viewing Bundle Information

When you create a bundle, the bundle is listed on the Bundles page of the ZENworks Control Center.

8.6.1 Understanding the Bundle Information

The Bundles page displays the following information:

- Status: Provides a quick indication of the message logging and enforcement status of the bundle. The status icons are:
 - No warning or error messages;
 - 🗞 Warning messages;
 - Error messages:
- Name: Displays the object's (bundle, bundle group, or the bundle folder) name. Click the name to view or edit the object's information.
- Type: Displays the type of object. For example, an iOS bundle.
- Category: Displays the bundle category selected during the creation of the bundle. For example, App Store App.
- **Enabled:** Displays whether the bundle is enabled to be deployed on a device or not. The possible values are Yes and No.
- Version: Displays the latest published version of the bundle. However, if the bundle is a sandbox-only bundle, it displays Sandbox.
- Has Sandbox: Displays whether the bundle has a sandbox or not.

8.6.2 Bundle Summary Page

The Summary page of the bundle displays the general information, bundle status, generated messages, and scheduled events for the specified version of the bundle. This page can be viewed when you click a specific bundle on the Bundles page.

Displayed Version

Lists all existing versions of the bundle and the latest version of the bundle is selected by default. Select the version of the bundle whose details you want to view or edit. If a Sandbox version of the bundle exists, this option displays the Sandbox version. However, if a Sandbox version of the bundle does not exist, this option displays the published version.

General

The General panel provides a summary of the bundle's general settings.

- Bundle Type: Displays the type of bundle.
- Volume Purchase Program Account: Displays the Apple VPP account, if the bundle is an Apple VPP bundle.
- Version: Displays the bundle's version number.
- Enabled: Displays whether or not the bundle can be deployed to iOS devices. If a bundle is enabled, it can be deployed to iOS devices. When you disable a bundle, the app is uninstalled from the device. However, if the Retain app on the device if the bundle is deleted or unassigned, or if the device is removed from the zone setting is enabled as part of the app configuration settings, then this bundle will not be uninstalled from the device. If the bundle is disabled and if the app is installed on the device, then the app will be uninstalled from the device. You can click Enable to allow it to be deployed.

- Number of Errors not Acknowledged: An error is anything that causes the deployment or
 installation of the bundle to fail. The number displayed indicates the number of unacknowledged
 warnings, which are errors that you have not specifically marked as acknowledged.
 Unacknowledged errors are displayed in the Message Log section.
- Number of Warnings not Acknowledged: A warning is anything that does not cause the
 deployment or installation of the bundle to fail, but indicates minor problems with the bundle. The
 number displayed indicates the number of unacknowledged warnings, which include warnings
 that you have not specifically marked as acknowledged. Unacknowledged warnings are
 displayed in the Message Log section.
- **GUID:** Lists the bundle's GUID (global unique identifier), a randomly generated string that provides a unique identifier for the bundle. You cannot edit the GUID.
- **Display Name:** Displays the bundle's name as it appears in ZENworks Control Center (ZCC). Click Edit to change the name. Changing the name does not cause the bundle to be redeployed.
- Description: Displays the bundle's description, if one was provided when the bundle was created. The description appears in ZCC. Click Edit to change the description.
- Administrator Notes: Displays any information that has been added specifically for ZENworks administrators to view. The notes are displayed only in ZCC.
 - Click Edit to change the notes, add notes, or delete notes. Editing the note does not create a sandbox. You can edit the administrator notes for any version of a bundle.

Bundle Status

The Bundle Status panel displays a summary of the bundle's assignment and deployment status. The **User** row displays the status of the bundle through assignment to users; the **Device** row displays the status of the bundle through assignment to devices. A bundle can be directly assigned or assigned through membership in a folder or group. You can click an underlined link in any column to view the status of the individual users and devices to which the bundle is assigned or export the data to a CSV file. To export a bundle, select the bundle and click **Actions** > **Export**.

A bundle's status is calculated using the status of many events. For example, a device might indicate that the bundle failed when the distribution was successful, but the installation failed. The numbers in the various columns represent an overall view of the bundle's status.

The bundle status information is separated into the following groups listed below, which are independent of each other.

Assignment Status

The following status information is available:

Targeted: Displays the number of users and devices to which the bundle is assigned.

Devices Effective: Displays the number of devices on which the bundle is effective through a user or device assignment. A bundle is effective for a device if the device meets the system requirements of the bundle. The number of users or devices in the **Devices Effective** column might be less than the number in the **Targeted** column because the bundle might be assigned to a device that does not meet the bundle's system requirements.

Devices Not Effective: Displays the number of devices on which the bundle is not effective through a user or device assignment. If a bundle is not effective for the device, it means that the device does not meet the bundle's system requirements.

Pending: The pending status for the device displays the number of devices on which the bundle is not yet distributed or installed, such as devices that are switched off. Click the underlined link to display the list of such devices.

Blocked/Targeted: Displays the number of users or devices on which the bundle is blocked from being used, versus the targeted number of users or devices. Click the underlined link to display the list of such users or devices.

Deployment Status

The following status information is available:

Devices Pending: Displays the number of devices on which the bundle is pending to be deployed. A bundle's status is pending if the bundle has met the device's system requirements, but the bundle has not been distributed to the device or the bundle has been distributed to the device but the bundle has not been installed.

Devices Succeeded: Displays the number of devices on which the bundle was successfully distributed and installed.

Devices Failed: Displays the number of devices on which the bundle's distribution or installation failed.

Message Log

The Message Log panel displays all unacknowledged messages generated for the object. An unacknowledged message is one that you have not yet reviewed and marked as acknowledged.

- **Message:** Displays a brief description of the event that occurred.
- Date: Displays the date and time the event occurred.

A message remains in the Message Log list until you acknowledge it. You can acknowledge individual messages, acknowledge all messages at one time, or view more information about both acknowledged and unacknowledged messages. The following table explains how to do these tasks:

Task	Steps	Additional Details
Acknowledge a message	Click the message to display the Message Detail Information dialog box.	If you decide that you do not want to acknowledge the message, click Cancel to dismiss the dialog box. This causes the
	2. Click Acknowledge.	message to remain in the Message Log list.
Acknowledge all messages	 In the Tasks list located in the left navigation pane, click Acknowledge All Messages. 	

Task	Ste	ps	Additional Details		
View all acknowledged or unacknowledged messages	1.	Click the Advanced button to display the Edit Message Log page.	In addition to viewing all acknowledged and unacknowledged messages, you can also view only those messages with a specific status or date, view more details about messages, and acknowledge messages.		
			Click the Help button on the Edit Message Log page for specific information about performing tasks on that page.		
Delete a message	1.	Click the relevant messages to display the Message Log dialog box.	Deleting a message completely removes the message from your ZENworks system.		
	2.	Click Delete.			

App Details

The App Details Panel displays additional information about the app. The name of the app and the publisher is displayed along with the following information:

- Size: Displays the size of the app.
- Categories: Displays the Apple App Store categories in which the app is included. For example: Games, Education and Business.
- iTunes Store ID: Displays the App Store ID that is linked to the iTunes Store. Click the ID to access the app on the iTunes Store.
- Cost: Displays the cost associated with the app.
- App Region: Displays the region selected while creating the new bundle.
- Device Compatibility: Displays the supported devices that can run the app.
- OS version compatibility: Displays the supported operating system versions for the app.
- Supported Languages: Displays the supported languages for the app.

8.6.3 Bundles Relationship Page

The Relationships page of the bundle lets you view and manage the assignments that the bundle has for devices, users, and groups.

Displayed Version: Lists all existing versions of the bundle, and the latest version of the bundle is selected by default. Select the version of the bundle whose details you want to view or edit. If a Sandbox version of the bundle exists, this option displays the Sandbox version. However, if a Sandbox version of the bundle does not exist, this option displays the published version.

Device Assignments: Lists the devices, device folders, or device groups to which the bundle is assigned. You can add and remove assignments.

User Assignments: Lists the users, user folders, or user groups to which the bundle is assigned. You can add and remove assignments.

Bundle Groups: Displays the groups in which the bundle is a member. You can add the bundle to groups or remove it from groups.

8.6.4 Bundles Details Page

For App Store App Bundles:

The Details page of the bundle lets you view or edit the app settings:

- Allow ZENworks to take ownership of the app, if the app is already installed on the
 device: This option allows ZENworks to manage the existing app on the device. If this option is
 selected, then the ownership will be retained by ZENworks even if it is unchecked in the
 subsequent versions of the bundle.
- Retain app on the device if the bundle is deleted or unassigned, or if the device is removed from the zone: Retains the app on the device if the bundle is deleted, unassigned, blocked, or disabled, or if the device is removed from the zone. Subsequently, ZENworks will no longer manage the app on the device.
- **Prevent backup of app data to iCloud:** Prevents the backup data from getting synced with iCloud. You will not be able to retrieve the app data if the device has unenrolled from the ZENworks Management Zone.
- Create Sandbox: Creates a Sandbox-only version of the bundle. A Sandbox version of a bundle enables you to test it on your device before deploying it.

For iOS Profile Bundles:

You can click the download button to view or edit the configuration profile XML file. Subsequently, you can replace the previously uploaded file with the modified file by clicking the browse icon.

If you have modified the settings on the Bundle Details page, then click **Publish** to display the Publish Options page. In this page, you can publish the bundle to assigned devices or users as a new bundle or as a new version of the same bundle.

For more information on the existing Bundles feature of ZENworks, see the ZENworks Software Distribution Reference guide.

9

Subscribing to Apple VPP

The Apple Volume Purchase Program (VPP) allows organizations to purchase apps in volume to distribute to their managed devices. After registering with the Apple VPP and on purchasing apps, ZENworks enables distribution of these purchased apps to the devices or to the users who have enrolled their devices. Using ZENworks, administrators can easily distribute, reclaim, and reassign iOS apps using the existing Bundles workflow. Your organization might possess multiple VPP accounts. ZENworks can distribute licenses from multiple such VPP accounts.

ZENworks lets you purchase and distribute VPP apps using the Apple Deployment Programs account and Apple Business Manager. In Apple Deployment Programs all licenses are linked to the email ID of the VPP purchaser and it uses an account-based token (hereafter referred to as legacy token within this document). Whereas, in Apple Business Manager all licenses are linked to a location and it uses a location-based token. ZENworks lets you associate a location-based token to an existing subscription and ensures that all existing bundle assignments work seamlessly with Apple Business Manager.

If you have already enrolled in the Apple Deployment Programs account and want to upgrade to Apple Business Manager, then before migrating, it is recommended that you review the best practices for migration by referring to both the Apple Support documentation (for general information on the migration process) and the Best Practices section (for information on migrating to a location-based token in ZENworks) within this guide. This will ensure that Apple Business Manager works seamlessly with ZENworks and the existing bundle assignments are not affected.

IMPORTANT: If you are purchasing VPP apps using Apple School Manager, ensure that the Content Manager role is assigned to your Apple School Manager account. For more information, see the Apple School Manager Help.

- Section 9.1, "Linking ZENworks to the Apple VPP Account," on page 67
- Section 9.2, "Creating VPP Bundles," on page 70
- Section 9.3, "Distributing VPP Bundles," on page 70
- Section 9.4, "Viewing Volume Purchase Program License Summary," on page 72
- Section 9.5, "Updating License Summary," on page 74
- Section 9.6, "Renewing the VPP Token," on page 74
- Section 9.7, "Revoking App Licenses," on page 75
- Section 9.8, "Viewing or Editing Apple VPP Subscription," on page 75
- Section 9.9, "Deleting a Subscription," on page 77

9.1 Linking ZENworks to the Apple VPP Account

To help ZENworks distribute the apps purchased through the Apple VPP, you need to create an Apple VPP Subscription in ZCC. This will enable you to link your ZENworks Server to the VPP account to retrieve all apps purchased through this VPP account.

NOTE: Before creating an Apple VPP Subscription, ensure that an MDM role is assigned to at least one of the ZENworks Primary Servers. For details, see Configuring MDM Servers.

While creating a subscription, you can also define a schedule based on which bundles for these purchased apps will be automatically created by ZENworks.

9.1.1 Prerequisites

You can enroll in either of the following programs

- Apple Deployment Programs account: Navigate to deploy.apple.com and create your program agent account. For more information, see the Apple Documentation.
- Apple Business Manager: Navigate to business.apple.com to create your Apple Business Manager account. For more information, see the Apple Documentation.

9.1.2 Procedure

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, navigate to Apple VPP Subscription and click New VPP Subscription. Alternatively, click Subscribe and Share > New > Subscription.
- 2 Select Apple VPP Subscription and click Next.
- 3 Fill in the fields:

Subscription Name: Specify a unique name for the subscription.

Folder: Browse to the folder in which the subscription will be created. By default, the subscription will be created in the /Subscriptions folder.

Description: Provide a short description for the subscription. This description is displayed on the subscription's Summary page. Click **Next**.

- 4 On the Configure Apple Volume Purchase Program page, perform the following:
 - **4a Download the Apple Volume Purchase Program Token:** You can download and link either of the following tokens:
 - For account-based tokens, click Apple Volume Purchase Program Enrollment Web
 Portal to sign in to the Apple VPP portal using the Apple Deployment Programs
 account. Download the VPP token from the Account Summary page of the Apple VPP
 portal.
 - •For location-based tokens, you can alternatively visit Apple Business Manager and sign in with your VPP account credentials. Download the specific location-based VPP token by navigating to Settings > Apps and Books section.
 - **4b** Link ZENworks to the Volume Purchase Program server: Browse and upload the VPP token. The following information that is associated with the token is retrieved:
 - Organization: The name of the organization that has subscribed for the Apple VPP.
 - Country Code: The country code associated with the Apple VPP token.
 - Apple ID: The Apple ID associated with the Apple VPP token.
 - Email: The email address associated with the Apple VPP token.
 - Location ID: The unique code associated with the location-based token. This is applicable only for Apple Business Manager accounts.
 - Location Name: The name of the location associated with the location-based token. This is applicable only for Apple Business Manager accounts.
 - **Token Expiry:** The expiry date of the Apple VPP token.

- Prevent backup of app data to iCloud: Prevents the backup data of apps from getting synced with iCloud. You will not be able to retrieve the app data if the device has unenrolled from the zone.
- Create Bundle as Sandbox: Creates a Sandbox-only version of the bundle. A Sandbox version of a bundle enables you to test it on your device before actually deploying it. This option is selected by default for all VPP bundles.

Click Next.

6 From the **Schedule Type** drop-down list, choose one of the schedule types. Based on the specified schedule, ZENworks retrieves the latest apps associated with the VPP account. Subsequently, bundles are created for only those apps for which bundles are yet to be created.

Irrespective of the **Schedule Type** selected, ZENworks syncs with Apple on a daily basis, to retrieve the latest apps. However, bundles are not created as a part of this sync. For details, see Updating License Summary.

You can also select the Launch the Apple Volume Purchase Program Summary page immediately after saving checkbox, which will re-direct you to the Apple VPP License Summary page. Click Finish to complete creating the subscription.

After creating the subscription, you can view its status in the **Subscribe and Share** section of ZCC. **Claim in Progress** and **Claim Failed** statuses indicate that the process to claim management of the VPP account from another MDM solution is either in progress or has failed. If the claim fails, ZENworks will retry until the claim is successful. However, if for any reason the status remains as **Claim Failed** for a substantial period of time, then it is recommended that you delete the subscription along with its bundles and create a new subscription. Until the claim is successful, you will be unable to perform actions such as creating bundles, with this subscription.

IMPORTANT: Any replicated content objects, such as bundles that are associated with Apple VPP Subscriptions should not be shared across multiple zones.

9.2 Creating VPP Bundles

ZENworks creates VPP bundles based on the **Schedule Type** selected while creating the Apple VPP Subscription. However, if you have not specified a schedule or if you want to create bundles immediately, then you can perform any of the following actions:

- Click Run Now by navigating to Subscribe and Share > <Select a Subscription> > Quick Tasks > Run Now or by navigating to the Summary page of the Apple VPP Subscription. This action initiates a sync between Apple and ZENworks to retrieve the latest apps. Subsequently, bundles are created for these apps. For details, see Viewing or Editing Apple VPP Subscription.
- Click Create Bundle on the Apple VPP License Summary page for specific apps. For details, see Viewing Volume Purchase Program License Summary.

NOTE: ZENworks supports distribution of iOS apps only. Also, the assigned app installs on a device only if it is compatible on it. For example: an iOS app that is not compatible with iPhones will not be installed on them.

If the app metadata changes after a bundle is created in ZCC, then the bundle does not reflect the updated metadata. However, if this app is assigned to a device, then the latest version of the app is installed on the device.

Bundle Creation Failure Scenarios

If at any point in time bundle creation fails, then check the logs for details on this failure. Bundle creation might fail due to one of the following reasons:

- The Apple Server is busy and not responding.
- Apple is unable to provide the latest app metadata as Apple might have discontinued support for the app.
- Apple has extended VPP support to a new country, which is not supported by ZENworks.
 Contact the Micro Focus tech support team to include this country in ZENworks.

9.3 Distributing VPP Bundles

You can distribute apps purchased through the Apple Volume Purchase Program (VPP), by assigning VPP bundles to either the devices or to the users who have enrolled their devices to the zone.

- Distribute Bundles to Users
- Distribute Bundles to Devices

When a bundle is assigned to a user or a device and the associated device syncs with the ZENworks Server, the app license is **Consumed** from Apple. Subsequently, the user is prompted to confirm the app installation. Based on the user's response, the app is **Installed** on the device. The license consumption and installation count is updated on the Apple VPP License Summary page. For details, see Viewing Volume Purchase Program License Summary.

NOTE: If a bundle is assigned to multiple devices, device groups or folders, or multiple users, user groups or folders, then the app licenses are distributed based on the order in which the devices sync with the ZENworks Server.

Distribute Bundles to Users

VPP Bundles can be distributed to users, user groups, or user folders.

If a VPP bundle is assigned to a user for the first time, then as soon as the first device associated with the user syncs with the ZENworks Server, an invitation is sent to the user to join the Apple VPP.

To accept the invitation, users need to sign in on their devices with their personal Apple ID. The Apple ID is registered with the Apple VPP, but remains private and is unknown to ZENworks. As soon as the users agree to the invitation and accept the iTunes Store terms and conditions, they are associated with ZENworks. In the next sync, the app license is consumed from Apple and a message is sent to the device prompting the user to confirm whether to install the app or not. Based on the user's response, the app is installed on the device.

NOTE: When the user associates with the Apple VPP, these invites are not re-sent to the user for subsequent assignments.

The Apple ID with which the user has associated for the Apple VPP, should be used across all the user's devices to enable successful installation of VPP apps. Also, it is important that the Apple ID does not change, so that all bundle assignments are successful and all assigned apps are retained on the device. If the user logs into the iTunes account using a different Apple ID, then the apps distributed to the user are revoked.

NOTE: The terms Apple ID and iTunes ID are used interchangeably in ZENworks.

Distribute Bundles to Devices

VPP bundles can be distributed to devices, device groups, or device folders.

VPP bundles can be distributed to only those iOS devices that are running on iOS versions 9.0 or newer.

When a bundle is assigned to the device and the device syncs with the ZENworks Server, the server consumes app license for the device from Apple. If the license consumption is successful, the user is prompted to install the app on the device.

Procedure to Assign Bundles

To assign a bundle, in ZENworks Control Center, click **Bundles** (in the left navigation pane). Select the relevant folder within which the VPP bundles reside.

For more information on assigning bundles, see Assigning an iOS Bundle.

Bundle Distribution Failure Scenarios

If at any point in time bundle assignment or distribution fails, then you need to check the bundle **Deployment Status** to identify the reason for failure. For details, see Viewing Bundle Information. Bundle distribution might fail due to the following reasons:

- A VPP bundle is assigned to a device with iOS version prior to 9.0. Apple supports device assignments on iOS versions 9.0 or newer.
- A VPP bundle is assigned to a user and the invite to associate with the Apple VPP is not accepted by the user.
- A VPP bundle is assigned to a user and the Apple ID on the user's device is different from the Apple ID that the user has used to associate with the Apple VPP.
- The app is not compatible with the device.
- Deficit in the number of licenses.
- The Apple VPP subscription is disabled or deleted.
- The VPP token ownership has changed and is being used by another MDM solution.
- Apple is unable to validate the iTunes Store ID of the specific app.
- The app has discontinued in the iTunes Store.

9.4 Viewing Volume Purchase Program License Summary

The Apps Catalog page in ZCC provides a single view of all the approved Android and iOS apps. To view the Apps Catalog page, click the **Mobile Management** panel and click the **Apps Catalog** tab. This page displays the app details, which include license information and consumption. You can also create bundles for any purchased apps in this page. For more information on Android apps, see Viewing Approved Apps in ZENworks.

Create Bundles: You can create bundles by selecting one or more apps (for each app an
individual iOS bundle is created) by clicking Action > Create Bundle. If a bundle for the same
app already exists, then for the newly created bundle, the VPP subscription name is suffixed with
the name of the app. For subsequent bundles of the same app, a random GUID number is
suffixed.

NOTE: If the sync between ZENworks and Apple is initiated immediately after purchasing an app, then the **Purchased** license count might not display the correct number. Therefore, ensure that you verify the **Purchased** license count before assigning bundles or else distribution of these bundles might fail.

- Export as CSV: You can export all app information displayed on this page as a CSV file. Click
 Export > As CSV to create a .ZIP folder. This .ZIP folder contains two files; a Summary file which
 will display all the app information that is already displayed on the summary page and a Details
 file with detailed information such as to which users or on which devices the app has been
 installed.
- Edit Permissions Applicable for Android apps only.
- Filter: You can filter the data displayed on this page by specifying either the App Name, Publisher, or the Subscription Name in the Search field. You can also filter the data to view apps that have bundles or no bundles associated with it. For this, click and select the appropriate option.
- Show/Hide Columns To arrange the columns on the summary page, click and select the columns that need to be displayed on the summary page. The columns available for display are as follows:
 - App: Displays the name of the app purchased using the VPP account. You will be unable to hide this column.
 - **Publisher:** Displays the name of the app publisher.
 - Cost: Displays the cost of the app.
 - Subscription Name: Displays the name of the subscription.
 - Purchased: Displays the number of app licenses purchased using the VPP account.
 - Available: Displays the number of unused licenses that are available for consumption.
 - **Consumed:** Displays the number of user or device licenses that are consumed from Apple. This indicates that the device has synced with the ZENworks Server and the app is sent to the device but might not necessarily mean that the app is installed on the device.
 - User License Installed: Displays the number of devices on which an app, having a user license, is installed. For example: if a specific app is assigned to a user having three devices associated with him/her and if the app is installed on only two devices, then the User License Installed count will be 2. You can view the devices on which the app is installed by viewing the Details file, which is generated if you select the Export option.

- User License Consumed: Displays the number of user licenses that are consumed from Apple. This indicates that the device associated with the user has synced with the ZENworks Server and the app is sent to the device but might not necessarily mean that the user has installed the app on the device.
- **Device License Installed:** Displays the number of devices on which an app, having a device license, is installed. If the user rejects the installation of an app on the device, then this count will not be incremented. You can view the devices on which the app is installed by viewing the **Details** file, which is generated if you select the **Export** option.
- Device License Consumed: Displays the number of device licenses that are consumed from Apple. This indicates that the device has synced with the ZENworks Server and the app is sent to the device but might not necessarily mean that the app is installed on the device.
- Total Apps Installed: Displays the sum of the user licenses installed and device licenses installed.
- App Size: Displays the size of the app.
- iTunes ID: Displays the iTunes Store ID of the associated app.
- Total Bundles: Displays the number of bundles created for the specific app.
- ◆ **Update View:** Click [™] to initiate a sync between the ZENworks Server and Apple to update this page with the latest apps.

This option also revokes unused app licenses in the following scenarios:

- Mobile device management on the device is disabled.
- The device is in a Retired or Wipe Pending state. In case of a device assignment, all apps assigned to the device are to be revoked. In case of a user assignment, if the device is the last device associated with the user, then the app licenses are to be revoked from the user.
- User does not exist anymore.

Unused app licenses are revoked when the device syncs with the ZENworks Server. Also, every two hours ZENworks automatically revokes unused licenses from devices that cannot sync with the ZENworks Server. However, if you do not want to wait for the device to sync or for ZENworks to

automatically revoke licenses, then clicking Phelps in revoking licenses instantaneously.

9.5 Updating License Summary

• **Updating Apps:** Based on the schedule selected while creating the Apple VPP Subscription, ZENworks syncs with Apple to retrieve the latest apps. However, irrespective of the schedule selected, ZENworks automatically syncs with Apple on a daily basis to retrieve the latest apps. Bundles are not created for any newly purchased apps during this sync.

You can also initiate this sync immediately by performing either of the following:

- Click Run Now by navigating to Subscribe and Share > <Select a Subscription> > Quick
 Tasks > Run Now or by navigating to the Summary page of the Apple VPP Subscription.
 This option also creates bundles for any newly purchased apps. For details, see Viewing or
 Editing Apple VPP Subscription.
- Click on the Apple VPP License Summary page. For details, see Viewing Volume Purchase Program License Summary.
- **Updating Distributed Licenses:** If an app license is assigned to a device or a user, then the license consumed and installed count is updated when the associated devices syncs with the ZENworks Server. Subsequently, the app is installed on the device.

- Revoking Licenses: Unused app licenses are revoked when the device syncs with the ZENworks Server. To revoke licenses from devices that cannot sync with the ZENworks Server,
 - click on the Apple VPP License Summary page. This option can be used to revoke licenses in the following scenarios:
 - Mobile device management on the device is disabled.
 - The device is in a Retired or Wipe Pending state. In case of a device assignment, all apps assigned to the device are revoked. In case of a user assignment, if the device is the last device associated with the user, then the app licenses are revoked from the user.
 - Bundle assignment is removed.
 - User does not exist anymore.

Alternatively, ZENworks periodically (every two hours) revokes unused licenses from devices that cannot sync with the ZENworks Server. However, if you do not want to wait for the device to

sync or for the periodic schedule to revoke licenses, then clicking helps in revoking licenses instantaneously.

If any of these tasks fail, then the relevant error messages are displayed when you visit the Volume Purchase Program License Summary page.

9.6 Renewing the VPP Token

The validity of a VPP token is one year from the time the token is downloaded using the Apple VPP account. As soon as you upload the token while creating a new subscription in the ZENworks Management Zone, the expiry date of the token is displayed. You can also view the expiry date of token by visiting the Summary page of the Apple VPP Subscription. To renew this token, download the token again from the Apple VPP portal and upload it in the Summary page of the Apple VPP Subscription. For details, see Viewing or Editing Apple VPP Subscription.

9.7 Revoking App Licenses

To revoke unused app licenses assigned to a user or a device, you can **Block** the bundle assignment, **Remove** the bundle assignment, or **Disable** the bundle. When any one these actions are performed and the device syncs with the ZENworks Server, an uninstall command is sent to the device and the app license is revoked. For details on the **Block**, **Remove** and **Disable** options, see Bundle Tasks in ZENworks Software Distribution Reference.

If the device cannot sync with the ZENworks Server, then you can click on the Apple VPP License Summary page. This option can be used to revoke licenses in the following scenarios:

- Mobile device management on the device is disabled.
- The device is in a Retired or Wipe Pending state. In case of a device assignment, all apps assigned to the device are to be revoked. In case of a user assignment, if the device is the last device associated with the user, then the app licenses are to be revoked from the user.
- Bundle assignment is removed.
- User does not exist anymore.

As stated earlier, unused app licenses are revoked when the device syncs with the ZENworks Server. Also, every two hours ZENworks automatically revokes unused licenses from devices that cannot sync with the ZENworks Server. However, if you do not want to wait for the device to sync or for

ZENworks to automatically revoke licenses, then clicking local helps in revoking licenses instantaneously.

9.8 Viewing or Editing Apple VPP Subscription

You can view or edit the contents of an Apple VPP Subscription. While editing a subscription you can perform tasks such as, renew the linked VPP token or initiate a sync between the ZENworks Server and the Apple Server.

9.8.1 Procedure

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, navigate to the Subscribe and Share section.
- 2 Click the Apple VPP Subscription, for which the content needs to be edited.
- **3** You can edit or view the Apple VPP Subscription in the Summary tab:

General: This panel lets you add information to describe the subscription, enable or disable the subscription, and to view the subscription log details.

- Name: Displays the name of the subscription.
- Type: Displays the type of subscription.
- Created By: Displays who created the subscription.
- **GUID:** Displays the subscription's GUID (Global Unique Identifier), which is a randomly generated string that provides a unique identifier for the subscription.
- Description: Displays the subscription's description if it was provided when the subscription was created. Click Edit to change the description.
- Enabled: Displays Yes if the subscription is enabled, or displays No if the subscription is disabled. Click the link next to the field to enable or disable the subscription.
- Subscription Logs: Displays messages associated with the last run of the subscription. Click the View Log link to view the subscription logs in the Subscription Log Details dialog box.

VPP Token Details: The VPP Token Details panel lets you view information retrieved from the linked Apple VPP token. You can also test the linked token or renew the token.

- Organization: Displays the name of the organization that has subscribed for the Apple VPP.
- Country Code: Displays the country code of the organization that has subscribed for the Apple VPP.
- Apple ID: Displays the Apple ID associated with the Apple VPP token.
- Email ID: Displays the email address associated with the Apple VPP token.
- Token Expiry: Displays the expiry date of the Apple VPP token. You can validate the token by clicking Test. If the token has expired, click Renew to upload the renewed token.

NOTE: If the existing token or the renewed token is managed by another MDM solution, then an appropriate message will be displayed and you will be unable to use the subscription. You need to delete this subscription and create a new subscription. If you want to continue using the same token in the new subscription, you need to claim management of the token.

Bundle Details: The Bundle Details panel lets you edit information related to iOS bundles configured for the subscription.

- **ZENworks Bundle Location:** Displays the folder location in which you want the iOS bundle to reside. Within this folder location, another folder with the name of the subscription is created, within which bundles will reside. To change the folder, browse and select a different folder.
- Bundle Settings: Displays the app settings configured while creating the subscription.
 - Allow ZENworks to take ownership of the app, if the app is already installed on the device: If the app is already installed on the device, this option allows ZENworks to now manage the app. This option is checked by default for all VPP bundles and cannot be modified.
 - Retain app on the device after unenrolling the device from the ZENworks
 Management Zone: Retains the app on the device if the bundle is unassigned or
 deleted, or if the device is removed from the zone. This option is unchecked by default
 and cannot be modified.
 - Prevent backup of app data to iCloud: Prevents the backup data from getting synced with iCloud. You will not be able to retrieve the app data if the device has unenrolled from the zone.
 - Create Bundle as Sandbox: Creates a Sandbox-only version of the bundle. A
 Sandbox version of a bundle enables you to test it on your device before actually
 deploying it.

Schedule: The Schedule panel displays details of the bundle creation schedule.

- Status: Displays the bundle creation schedule status. Click Run Now to initiate a sync between ZENworks and Apple to retrieve the latest apps and to create bundles for these apps. You can view the Subscription Logs for any messages that might have been logged while initiating this sync.
- Last Run: Displays the date on which the bundle creation event was last run.
- Bundle Creation Schedule: Displays the schedule that you set while creating the Apple VPP Subscription. You can select a different schedule type from the drop-down list or edit the existing schedule.

9.9 Deleting a Subscription

To delete a subscription or a subscription folder:

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click the Subscriptions tab.
- 2 In the Subscriptions list, select the check box next to the subscription that you want to delete.
- 3 Click Delete. The Delete Subscriptions dialog box is displayed.
- 4 If you want to delete the bundles created by the subscription, select the Delete the replicated objects created by the subscriptions check box.
- 5 Click OK.

NOTE: If you want to delete the subscription successfully, including all its bundles, then you need to have the relevant Bundle rights assigned to you. For details, see Bundle Rights in the ZENworks Administrator Accounts and Rights Reference guide.

If a token that was previously linked to a deleted subscription (but the bundles are retained), is now linked to a new subscription, then the VPP account of the new subscription reconciles with the one of the deleted subscription. The new subscription will reflect the licenses that are already consumed.

10

Configuring Email Access

ZENworks can act as a gateway to relay incoming and outgoing email traffic to devices from the Microsoft Exchange or the GroupWise Mobile Server, by using the ActiveSync protocol. This requires you to connect your ZENworks Server to the Email Servers (that uses Exchange ActiveSync version 12.1 or newer) through which your mobile device users receive their email. These email servers will hereon be referred to as an *ActiveSync Server*. ZENworks supports both the Microsoft Exchange and GroupWise Mobility Servers.

After configuring the required ActiveSync Servers, to enable ZENworks to synchronize and manage the corporate email accounts on the enrolled device, you need to create and assign a Mobile Email Policy. It also entitles Android, iOS, and Windows devices enrolled to the ZENworks Server through the ActiveSync Server to send or receive corporate data.

NOTE: For users of the GroupWise mailing system where users are defined in the NetIQ eDirectory, ZENworks uses only those email addresses that are specified in the *username* @*domain.com* format. Also, LDAP Authentication should be enabled in your GroupWise system. For more information, see the GroupWise Online Documentation.

- Section 10.1, "Connecting to a New ActiveSync Server," on page 79
- Section 10.2, "Linking a User Source to an ActiveSync Server," on page 80
- Section 10.3, "Creating a Mobile Email Policy," on page 81
- Section 10.4, "Assigning a Mobile Email Policy," on page 82

10.1 Connecting to a New ActiveSync Server

10.1.1 Prerequisites

A backend Exchange Server should be configured with user mailboxes.

10.1.2 Procedure

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, navigate to the ActiveSync Servers section and click New ActiveSync Server. Alternatively, from the left hand side navigation pane of ZCC, click Configuration > ActiveSync tab.
- 2 In the ActiveSync Servers panel, click New to display the New ActiveSync Server dialog box.
- 3 Fill in the following fields:
 - **Server:** Specify a display name for the ActiveSync Server. This can be any name you want for display purposes. It does not have to match the actual server name.
 - Address: Specify the hostname or IP address of the ActiveSync Server.
 - Domain: Specify the registration domain that is associated with the ActiveSync Server.
 - Port: Specify the listening port for the ActiveSync Server. The standard non-SSL port is 80 and the standard SSL port is 443.
 - Use SSL: Select this option to enforce a secure connection with the ActiveSync Server.

Link to User Source: Select the ZENworks user source (LDAP directory) with which you
want the ActiveSync Server to be associated.

When a user enrolls a device using the domain name, the user is authenticated via the user source and directed to the ActiveSync Server.

If multiple ActiveSync Servers are linked to the same user source, you can specify the order in which the servers are contacted. You can re-order the user sources by navigating to Users > <User Source> Details > Mobile Management > Linked ActiveSync Servers.

- 4 Test user authentication to the ActiveSync Server:
 - 4a Click Test Authentication.
 - **4b** Specify the credentials for an active account on the ActiveSync Server.

NOTE: The user name is required. You can specify the user name in the following two formats:

- domain\user name (example.com\testuser1)
- email ID format (testuser1@example.com)
- 4c Click Test.
- 4d If the test is successful, click Close.

If the test fails, specify the user name and password again, or try a different user name and password. If the test fails again, verify that the server address and port are correct, then retry the test.

IMPORTANT: For email based authentication, the email address should be present in the configured user source for successful ActiveSync enrollment on the device. For users of the GroupWise email system, you need to publish these email addresses to eDirectory. For details, you can refer to the GroupWise Documentation.

- **5** Save the ActiveSync server connection:
 - 5a Click Create Server.
 - **5b** If you are prompted to accept the ActiveSync Server's certificate (because a secure connection is being used), click **Accept**.

If you are unsure of the certificate, you can click **View Certificate** to review it. If you choose to reject the certificate, you are returned to the Create ActiveSync Server dialog box.

You can delete or edit the parameters of the ActiveSync Server. To edit the parameters of the ActiveSync server, click an ActiveSync Server and modify the parameters. If the ActiveSync Server that you want to modify is already configured with a Mobile Email Policy, then you have to republish or reassign the policy after modifying the server details.

You can delete a configured ActiveSync Server by selecting the server and clicking **Delete**. To delete an ActiveSync server that is configured with an Mobile Email policy, you have to change the ActiveSync Server in the Mobile Email Policy and then delete the ActiveSync Server.

10.2 Linking a User Source to an ActiveSync Server

The Linked ActiveSync Servers panel lets you link the user source to one or more ActiveSync Servers. When a user in the user source enrolls a device, the linked ActiveSync Servers are used to provide the user's email on the device.

10.2.1 Procedure

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click Users (in the left navigation pane) to display the User Sources list.
- 2 Click Details next to the user source to display its property pages.
- 3 Click the Mobile Management tab.
- 4 In the Linked ActiveSync Servers panel, click Add, select an ActiveSync Server from the list and click OK.

10.3 Creating a Mobile Email Policy

You need to create a Mobile Email Policy to manage the corporate email account of devices within your zone. With this policy you can grant permissions to configure an email account, maintain email synchronization settings, restrict or allow users to move between email accounts and other third party applications. To enable ZENworks to manage all corporate emails sent and received on the enrolled mobile device, you need to allow the ZENworks Server to act as a proxy server for the ActiveSync Server, in the assigned Mobile Email Policy. This will route all email traffic through the ZENworks Server.

However, this policy also gives you the option to send or receive emails on these devices directly from an ActiveSync Server for a specific set of users. The configuration of an email account differs as per the mode in which the device is enrolled. For more information on the various enrollment modes, see "Enrolling a Device" on page 121

- iOS device enrolled as a fully managed device: If a Mobile Email Policy is assigned to a fully managed iOS device, then an email account of the device's in-built email client is automatically configured on the device based on these settings. If the assigned Mobile Email Policy does not use ZENworks as the proxy server, the device can send or receive corporate emails. However, the email account will not be managed by ZENworks.
- Android device enrolled as a fully managed device: If a Mobile Email Policy is assigned to a fully managed Android device, then an email is sent with the account settings (through the SMTP server) to the user who has enrolled the device. Subsequently, this user needs to manually configure the email account on the device based on these settings. If the assigned Mobile Email Policy does not use ZENworks as the proxy server, the device can send or receive corporate emails. However, the email account will not be managed by ZENworks.
- ActiveSync Only devices: To enable ZENworks to manage the corporate email account on a
 device enrolled as an ActiveSync Only device, the assigned Mobile Email Policy should have the
 ZENworks Server acting as a proxy for the ActiveSync Server. If the assigned Mobile Email
 Policy does not use the ZENworks Server as the proxy server or if no Mobile Email Policy is
 assigned to a device, then the user will be unable to send or receive corporate emails on the
 device.

10.3.1 Procedure

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, navigate to the Email Policy section and click New Email Policy. Alternatively, from the left hand side navigation pane of ZCC, navigate to Policies > New > Policy.
- 2 On the Select Platform page, select Mobile, then click Next.
- 3 On the Select Policy Category page, select General Mobile Policies, then click Next.
- 4 On the Select Policy Type page, select Mobile Email Policy, then click Next.

- **5** On the Define Details page, specify a name for the policy, select the folder in which to place the policy, then click **Next**.
- 6 On the Automatic Email App Configuration page, the settings in the Corporate column are applied to devices whose ownership is defined as Corporate. The settings in the Personal column are applied to devices whose ownership is defined as Personal. Set the following values and click Next.
 - Account Name: Specify the email account name that will appear on the email account configured on the device.
 - Period to sync email: Syncs emails to the device as per the number of days set in this field. Set an appropriate value to indicate the period of time for email messages to be displayed on the device.
 - Allow messages to be moved to other email accounts: Enables the user to move emails between email accounts. Also, it allows the user to reply or forward email messages from another email account rather than from the original email account.
 - Allow recent addresses to be synced: Enables recent addresses to be synced to the email account configured on the device.
 - Use account in third party applications: Enables the user to send emails from a third party application.
 - Platform Support: The platform columns show support for a setting. A green dot
 indicates that the platform supports the setting. These settings are currently supported for
 iOS (iOS 8 or higher) devices only.
 - Do not use ZENworks Server as Proxy Server: You can ignore this option if you want to use the ZENworks Server as the proxy server to send or receive mails on the device. However, if you want to directly connect to a configured ActiveSync Server to relay emails to your device, then select this option. If this option is selected, from the ActiveSync Server drop-down list, select a specific ActiveSync Server from the list of configured ActiveSync Servers in ZCC. If an ActiveSync Server is not already configured in ZCC, then this feature will be disabled.
- 7 On the Summary page, you can perform the following actions:
 - Create as Sandbox: Creates a Sandbox-only version of the policy. A Sandbox version of a
 policy enables you to test it on your device before actually deploying it
 - Define Additional Properties: Enables you to edit the default settings configured in the policy.

Click Finish to complete creating the policy.

10.4 Assigning a Mobile Email Policy

Most mobile policies can be assigned to users or devices. User-assigned policies apply to all devices that the user enrolls. Device-assigned policies apply only to the assigned device.

In addition to assigning policies directly to users and devices, you can assign policies to user groups, user folders, device groups, and device folders. Each member of the group or folder receives the assignment.

NOTE: If a Mobile Email Policy is not assigned to a user or a device that has just enrolled to the ZENworks Management Zone or if the Mobile Email policy is unassigned from an already enrolled device, then the user receives an email stating that corporate emails cannot be sent or received on

the device. You can edit the contents of this email in ZENworks Control Center by navigating to Configuration > Management Zone Setting > Event and Messaging > Email Notifications. Click the relevant email and edit its contents. For more information, see

10.4.1 Procedure

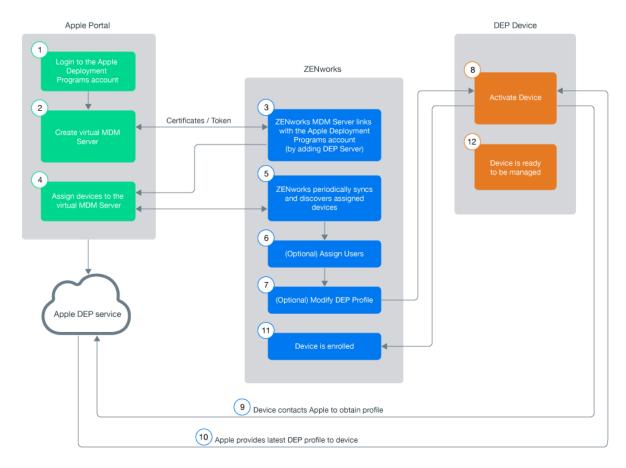
- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, click Assign Policy. To assign the policy to users, from the Policies list, select the check box in front of the policy and then click Action > Assign to User. To assign the policy to devices, from the Policies list, select the check box in front of the policy and then click Action > Assign to Device to assign the policy to devices.
- 2 In the Select Object dialog box, browse for and select the users or devices to whom you want to assign the policy, click **OK** to add them to the list, then click **Next**.
- 3 If the policy is assigned to a device, then Policy Conflict Resolution page is displayed. In this page you can set the precedence for device-associated policies and user-associated policies for resolving conflicts that arise when policies of the same type are associated to both devices and users. Define any of the following and click Next:
 - **User Precedence:** User-associated policy will override the device-associated policy. Select this option to apply policies that are associated to the users first, and then to the devices.
 - Device Precedence: Device-associated policy will override the user-associated policy.
 Select this option to apply policies that are associated to the devices first, and then to the users.
 - **Device Only:** Select this option to apply policies that are associated to devices alone.
 - **User Only:** Select this option to apply policies that are associated to users alone.
- 4 Review the summary page and click Finish to complete the assignment.

Integrating with Apple Device Enrollment Program

The Device Enrollment Program (DEP) is part of the Apple Deployment Programs and provides administrators with a streamlined way to deploy multiple corporate owned iOS devices. Upon device activation, over-the-air configuration of the device is immediate and enrollment with the MDM server is automatic. There is no need for IT administrators to physically access each device to complete the setup. The benefits of this program are:

- Zero-touch enrollment of devices to the MDM Server
- Wireless supervision of devices
- Enforce MDM Enrollment of devices
- · Lock MDM Profiles on the devices
- Streamlined setup process

DEP also enables you to supervise devices without having to use Apple Configurator to set these devices as supervised. The supervision mode gives you enhanced control over the device. The Apple DEP work flow is summarized as follows:



NOTE: Enrollment of Apple TV devices using the Apple Device Enrollment Program is currently supported on an experimental basis. The enrollment of these devices are the same as enrolling an DEP enabled iOS device.

You can also watch the following videos to know more about the Apple Deployment Program:

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2eEtCwwK_R0 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K Qvk1j9HaE

IMPORTANT: If you are enrolling devices using Apple School Manager, ensure that the Device Manager role is assigned to your Apple School Manager account. For more information, see the Apple School Manager Help.

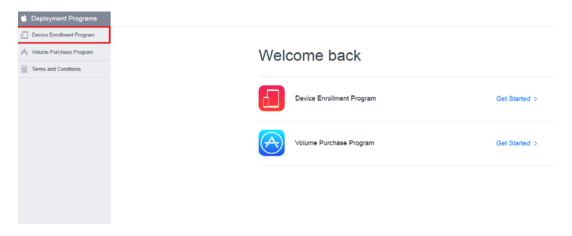
11.1 Linking ZENworks to Apple Deployment Programs Account

A DEP Server links the ZENworks MDM Server to the virtual MDM Server that you need to create in the DEP portal.

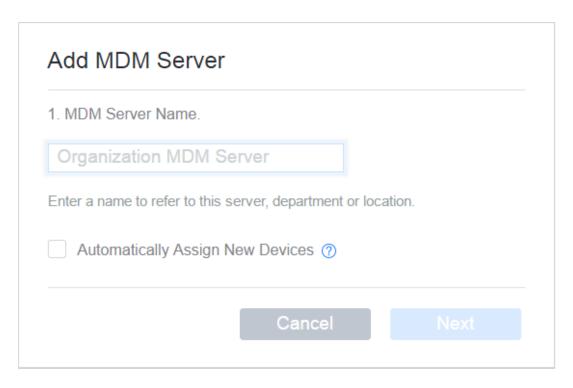
A ZENworks MDM Server can be linked to multiple virtual MDM Servers. However, a virtual MDM Server that is already linked with a ZENworks MDM Server, cannot be linked to another ZENworks MDM Server. The devices assigned to these virtual MDM Servers will enroll to the associated ZENworks MDM Server.

To add a DEP Server:

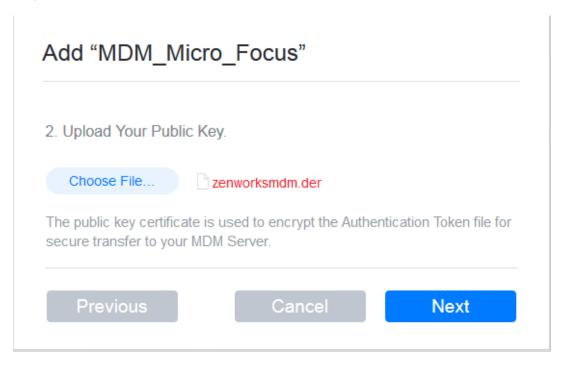
- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, click Add DEP Server. Alternatively, navigate to Configuration > Management Zone Settings > Discovery and Deployment > Apple Device Enrollment Program.
- 2 Click Add to link a ZENworks MDM Server to your deployment program account.
- 3 Click the Browse icon, select an MDM Server and click Download to download and save the Public Key certificate of the selected MDM Server.
- **4** Click Deployment Program Web Portal and sign in using your DEP account credentials. On this portal:
 - 4a Select Device Enrollment Program on the Welcome screen or on the left pane of the page.



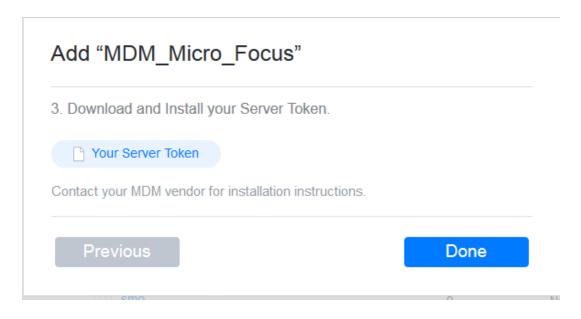
4b Click Add MDM Server to create a virtual MDM Server, on the Manage Servers page.



- **4c** Specify a name for the virtual MDM Server. You can also choose to automatically assign newly purchased devices to this virtual MDM Server.
- **4d** Upload the Public Key certificate of the ZENworks MDM Server that you had saved in Step 3. Click **Next**.



4e Click Your Server Token, download the token issued by Apple and click Done.



NOTE: You have now successfully created a virtual MDM Server. You have the choice of assigning devices to this virtual MDM Server before or after creating the DEP Server in ZCC. If you have chosen to **Automatically Assign New Devices** to this virtual MDM Server, then any newly purchased devices are automatically assigned to this server. To assign devices to the virtual server, see <u>Assigning Devices</u>.

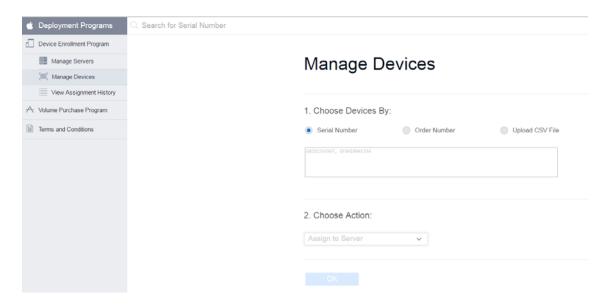
- 5 In ZCC, click Upload to upload the DEP token issued by Apple to the selected ZENworks MDM Server. This token enables the ZENworks MDM Server to securely connect with the Apple DEP web service.
- 6 Click Add DEP Server. You have now created a DEP Server in ZCC.

11.2 Assigning Devices

You need to create at least one virtual MDM Server in the Apple portal before you begin assigning devices.

- 1 Sign-in to the Deployment Program Web Portal and click Device Enrollment Program > Manage Devices on the left pane of the page.
- 2 You can assign devices based on:
 - Serial Number: Specify each serial number separated by a comma.
 - Order Number: the quantity and type of devices are displayed.
 - Upload CSV File: Upload a comma-separated value (CSV) file that contains a list of device serial numbers.

NOTE: Apple TV devices can be assigned using a serial number.



- 3 Select the virtual MDM Server to which you want to assign the devices, in the Choose Action drop down menu.
- 4 Click OK.

While creating this virtual MDM Server, if you have chosen to **Automatically Assign New Devices**, then you do not have re-visit the portal to assign any newly purchased devices.

NOTE: Only those devices that are assigned to the virtual MDM Server in the Apple portal are identified as DEP devices in ZCC. If a DEP enabled device is enrolled to ZENworks (using ZENworks User Portal) but is not assigned to the virtual MDM Server in the Apple portal, this device will not be identified as a DEP device.

11.2.1 Syncing Devices

After a DEP Server is configured in ZCC, ZENworks syncs with the Apple DEP web service and discovers assigned devices and populates the devices in ZCC. Subsequently, ZENworks initiates a periodic sync on a daily basis to update the latest device assignments. To perform this sync immediately, you can also click Sync All on the Apple Device Enrollment Program page (Configuration > Management Zone Settings > Discovery and Deployment > Apple Device Enrollment Program). To view the discovered devices in ZCC, see Viewing DEP Devices.

11.3 Viewing DEP Devices

To view the discovered devices, navigate to Devices > Discovered > Apple DEP Devices.

On clicking a device, the following tabs are displayed:

- Summary
- Settings

11.3.1 Summary

This page provides a summary of the device's general information.

Device Details

- Serial Number: Serial number of the device.
- Model: Model of the device.
- **Description:** Short description of the device.
- Color: Color of the device model.
- Asset Tag: Asset tag that is used by the organization to monitor a device.
- Device Assigned Date: Date on which the device was assigned to the virtual MDM Server in the Apple portal.
- Device Assigned By: Administrator who has assigned the device to the virtual MDM Server in the Apple portal.
- Deployment Status: Enrollment status of the device. If the device is enrolled in ZENworks
 then the status is displayed as Managed. If the device is discovered by ZENworks but not
 enrolled to the ZENworks MDM Server, then the status is displayed as Discovered.

Server Details

- MDM Server: ZENworks MDM Server to which the device will be enrolled.
- DEP Server: DEP Server to which the device is associated.

User and Organization Details

- Assigned User: User to whom the device is assigned. Only this user can enroll the device through DEP. To edit this field, you need to have Modify Apple DEP Device Rights assigned to you. This option is applicable for DEP enrollment only.
- Organization Name: Name of the organization associated with the linked deployment program account.
- Organization Phone Number: Phone number of the organization associated with the linked deployment program account.
- Organization Address: Address of the organization associated with the linked deployment program account.

DEP Profile Details

- Assignment Status: DEP profile assignment status. The various statuses are:
 - Assigned: DEP Profile assignment on the device is successful.
 - In Progress: DEP Profile assignment is in progress.
 - Failed: DEP Profile assignment to the device has failed.
 - Blocked: Device is blocked due to errors reported after three attempts to assign the
 profile. You need to contact Apple to resolve any issues with the device. Subsequently,
 to unblock the device you need to do the following:
 - Delete the device from the virtual MDM Server.
 - Click Sync All on the Apple Device Enrollment Program page in ZCC, to remove the device from ZCC.
 - Assign the device back to the virtual MDM Server. Click Sync All or wait for the periodic sync initiated by ZENworks, to populate the device in ZCC.
 - Device not accessible: Device is either disowned or is re-assigned to another virtual MDM Server.

- Assignment Time: The time at which the profile was assigned to the device in the Apple portal.
- Last Push Time: The time at which the profile was last pushed to the device by Apple during device enrollment.

11.3.2 Settings

This page lets you modify the DEP profile. For more information see, Managing the DEP Profile.

11.4 Managing the DEP Profile

The settings that govern the enrollment process of a DEP enabled device is known as the DEP Profile. The DEP profile in ZCC is segregated as follows:

- General and Skip Item Settings: Lets you modify the initial setup process of the device. For more information, see Editing General and Skip Item Settings.
- Host Certificates: Lets you configure the certificate of the host device to allow pairing of devices. For more information, see Uploading a Host Certificate for Pairing.

On installing ZENworks Configuration Management (ZCM), a DEP profile with default values is assigned to the **Apple DEP Devices** folder (**Devices > Discovered**). Subsequently, the discovered DEP devices that appear within this folder inherit the default profile. ZENworks lets you modify this DEP profile as per the needs of the organization. The profile can be modified at the folder level or for a specific device. The modified DEP profile will be applied on only those devices that are to be newly enrolled or are reset to their factory settings.

The updated profile is assigned to the devices in the Apple portal. Before the users begin enrolling their devices, ensure that the modified DEP profile is successfully assigned to the device in the Apple portal. View the Assignment Status of the device by navigating to Devices > Discovered > Apple DEP Devices.

The modified DEP profile is received by the device when the device is activated. Ensure that you do not modify the settings while the users are enrolling their devices. If the incorrect settings are assigned to the device, then a factory reset is required.

To edit the DEP profile at Apple DEP Devices folder level,

Navigate to Devices > Discovered. Click Settings next to the Apple DEP Devices folder.

To edit the DEP profile for a specific device:

Navigate to Devices > Discovered > Apple DEP Devices > <Select a Device> > Settings. To
override the DEP Profile settings configured at the folder level and to configure new settings,
click Override. Click Revert, to use the inherited settings.

11.4.1 Editing General and Skip Item Settings

General Settings: The general profile settings are as follows:

- Allow pairing of devices with a host computer: Enables the user to pair a device. If set to Yes then the device can pair with any device. If set to No, then the device can pair with only those host devices that have their certificate configured in the DEP Profile.
- Set device as supervised: Enables supervision of devices.

 Allow user to remove the MDM profile from the device: Enables the user to remove the configured MDM profile. This setting is enabled if the device is set as Supervised.

NOTE: If the device is not Supervised, then the user has the option to remove the MDM profile. If the device is Supervised, it is recommended that you do not enable this setting, as devices cannot be managed if the MDM profile is removed.

- Allow user to skip applying the MDM profile on the device: Enables the user to skip enrollment of the device with the MDM Server.
- Specify the support phone number displayed during enrollment: Displays the defined customer support phone number.
- Specify the support email address displayed during enrollment: Displays the defined customer support email address.
- Specify the department name displayed during enrollment: Displays the defined department or location name.

NOTE: The defined phone number, email address, or department name, might not be displayed on some iOS devices.

Skip Item Settings: If selected, the following screens related to initial configuration settings are skipped:

• The Passcode screen, which enables the user to create a passcode.

NOTE: If this screen is skipped, then Touch ID and Apple Pay cannot be specified.

- The Location Services screen, which helps in determining the user's current location.
- The Restore apps and data options screen, which enables the user to restore data from backup.
- The Move from Android options screen, which enables the user to migrate data from an Android device. This option will be disabled, if Restore apps and data is selected.
- The Apple ID screen, which enables the user to specify the Apple ID.
- The Terms and Conditions screen. If this option is selected, these Terms and Conditions are automatically accepted by the device.
- The **Touch ID** screen, which enables the user to use biometrics to unlock the device or authenticate to apps.

NOTE: Applicable for iPhone 5s, 6, 6+, iPad Air 2, and iPad Mini 3 only.

• The Apple Pay setup screen, which enables the user to make digital payments.

NOTE: Applicable for iPhone 6, 6+, iPad Air 2, and iPad Mini 3 only.

 The Display Zoom screen, which enables the user to use the standard or zoomed view of the device display.

NOTE: Applicable for iPhone 6 and 6+ only.

- The Siri screen, which enables the user to setup Siri.
- The Diagnostics screen, which enables the user to send diagnostic data to Apple.
- The Display Tone options screen, which enables the user to adjust the white balance on the device display.

NOTE: Applicable for devices that use the True Tone display feature such as iPad Pro.

 The Home Button Sensitivity options, which enables the user to specify how the Home button should be used.

NOTE: Applicable for devices that use the 3D touch-enabled Home button, such as iPhone 7.

11.4.2 Uploading a Host Certificate for Pairing

The Allow pairing of devices with a host computer option appearing in the Editing General and Skip Item Settings, lets iOS devices pair with host devices through the feature called host pairing. If this option is set to Yes then the device can pair with any host device. However, if this option is set to No, then the device can pair with host devices that have their certificates configured in the DEP profile. This certificate should be configured in the DEP profile for the device to continue pairing with the host device.

To upload the certificate at folder level,

 Navigate to Devices > Discovered. Click Settings next to the Apple DEP Devices folder. Click Host Certificates.

To upload the certificate for a specific device:

 Navigate to Devices > Discovered > Apple DEP Devices > <Select a Device> > Settings > Host Certificates.

On the **Host Certificates** page, click **Add** and upload the certificate obtained using Apple Configurator. The certificate files should be in any one of the following formats:

- .CER
- · .CRT
- .DER
- .PEM

11.5 Assigning Users

A DEP device can be assigned to a specific user, which will restrict other users from enrolling the device using Apple DEP. However, the same device can be enrolled through the ZENworks User Portal using another user's credentials. To ensure that the assigned user enrolls using Apple DEP (not using the ZENworks User Portal), disable the Allow user to skip applying the MDM profile on the device option appearing in the Editing General and Skip Item Settings.

To assign a user:

- 1 Navigate to Devices > Discovered > Apple DEP Devices.
- 2 Select a DEP device.
- 3 On the summary page, click Edit next to the Assigned User field and specify the user to whom the device should be assigned.

11.6 Enrolling a DEP Device

Enrolling a DEP device is simple for an end user, as you can enable the user to skip most of the device activation prompts by modifying the DEP profile. For more information, see Enrolling an iOS DEP Device.

11.7 Renewing a DEP Token

A token can be renewed in any of the following scenarios:

- Token has expired
- A certificate remint has taken place.

To renew a token:

- 1 Navigate to Configuration > Management Zone Settings > Discovery and Deployment > Apple Device Enrollment Program.
- 2 Select a DEP Server and click Renew Token.

NOTE: The Renew Token option can be applied on only one DEP Server at a time. If multiple DEP Servers are selected, then this option will be disabled.

- 3 Click Download to download and save the Public Key certificate of the selected MDM Server.
- 4 Click Deployment Program Web Portal and sign in using your Deployment Program account credentials. On this portal:
 - 4a Navigate to Device Enrollment Program on the left pane of the page.
 - 4b On the Manage Servers page, select an MDM Server whose token you would like to renew.
 - **4c** Click Replace Key and upload the Public Key certificate of the ZENworks MDM Server that you had saved in Step 3. Click Next.
 - 4d Click Generate New Token and download the token issued by Apple and click Next.
- 5 In ZCC, click Upload to upload the DEP token issued by Apple to the selected ZENworks MDM Server. This token enables the MDM Server to securely connect with the Apple DEP web service.
- 6 Click Renew.

11.8 Removing a DEP Server

On removing the DEP Server from the ZENworks Management Zone, the DEP Profile from the associated devices are automatically unassigned. The **Discovered** devices are removed from the zone but the **Managed** devices will continue to be managed by the ZENworks MDM Server.

To remove the DEP Server from your ZENworks Management Zone:

- 1 Navigate to Configuration > Management Zone Settings > Discovery and Deployment > Apple Device Enrollment Program.
- 2 Select a DEP Server and click Remove. You can remove only one DEP Server at a time.

NOTE: Before removing the DEP Server in ZCC, if you delete the virtual MDM Server in the Apple portal, then the associated DEP Server is not automatically deleted by ZENworks. As a best practice, we recommend that you remove the DEP Server in ZCC and then proceed to remove the virtual MDM Server.

11.9 Re-assigning Devices

You can re-assign devices to another virtual MDM Server (assuming that a DEP Server in ZCC already links ZENworks with this virtual MDM Server). After re-assignment, ZENworks deletes and creates a new discovered device object. If a device is re-assigned:

- The Assigned User of this device (if any) is reset.
- The modified DEP Profile (if any) assigned to the device is reset and the new device object inherits the settings applied to the Apple DEP Devices folder.

12 Integrating ZENworks with Android Enterprise

Android in the enterprise is a program for mobile devices running on the Google Android operating system that enables IT admins to manage and secure mobile business applications without having access to the users' personal data and apps. ZENworks currently supports only the work profile mode of enrollment.

The work profile mode, also known as the Profile Owner mode, creates dedicated containers on devices for corporate apps and data, thereby enabling the organization to manage only the corporate data without compromising on the security of the users' personal data.

By integrating ZENworks with Android Enterprise, you can:

- Have complete control over the corporate data on a device by creating a separate container called a work profile.
- Apply separate passwords to the work profile and the personal space using the Mobile Security Policy.
- Control data leakage and prevent app installations from unknown sources using the Mobile Device Control Policy.
- Remotely wipe corporate data using the Unenroll quick task; leaving the personal data on the device intact.
- Distribute and manage corporate apps through managed Google Play by using the existing Bundles feature.
- Restrict access to corporate data if the device is found to be non-compliant by using the Mobile Compliance Policy
- Edit the app runtime permissions and remotely configure apps on devices.

12.2 Android Enterprise Workflow Tasklist

To use Android enterprise with ZENworks, perform the following tasks in the order listed below. However, before you perform these tasks ensure that you configure the basic tasks, that are required to configure the Mobile Management feature of ZENworks, such as configuration of a user source, MDM server, and the FCM push notification service. For more information on these features, see Using the Mobile Management Getting Started Page

Task	(Details
	Register your organization to Android Enterprise	For information, see "Enrolling the Organization to Android Enterprise" on page 98.
	Create and assign an Android Profile Enrollment Policy	For instructions, see "Creating and Assigning Android Profile Enrollment Policy" on page 100.

Task	1	Details
	Invite users to enroll devices	For instructions, see "Inviting Users to Enroll Devices" on page 100.
	Enroll devices in the work profile mode	For instructions, see "Enrolling Devices in Work Profile Mode" on page 99.
	Configure and distribute work apps to devices	For instructions, see "Distributing Work Apps to Users" on page 109.
	Secure the work profile by applying device and password restrictions	For instructions, see "Securing the Work Profile" on page 113.
	Monitor compliance of devices to the assigned Mobile Security Policy.	For instructions, see "Monitoring Device Compliance" on page 115.

12.3 Enrolling the Organization to Android Enterprise

To get started with Android enterprise, you need to first create an Android Enterprise Subscription in ZCC to enroll your organization to the program.

Prerequisites

Before creating subscription, ensure that following prerequisites are met:

- You should have a Google ID, preferably a corporate ID, for example: yourid@gmail.com or yourid@companyname.com)
- At least one MDM server should be configured
- User source should be configured
- Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM) should be configured
- You should have Novell Customer Center credentials (you need to have an active ZENworks maintenance entitlement)

Procedure

To create the Android Enterprise Subscription:

- 1. In ZENworks Control Center, click Subscribe and Share.
- 2. In the Subscriptions panel, click New and select Subscription.
- 3. Select Android Enterprise Subscription, and click Next.
- 4. In the Define Details page, perform the following:
 - a. Subscription Name: Specify a name for the subscription.
 - **b. Folder:** Type the name or browse and select the ZENworks Control Center folder where you want the subscription to reside.
 - c. Description: Provide a short description for the subscription.
- 5. In the Configure Android Enterprise page, specify the Novell Customer Center (NCC) credentials, and click Enroll.

NOTE: Ensure that you have disabled the pop-up blocker for the ZCC page.

You will be re-directed to a sign-up UI page hosted by Google Play.

- a. In the Google sign-up page, click SIGN IN.
- b. Specify the corporate email ID or Google ID and password. Click Next.
- c. Click GET STARTED.
- d. Specify the Organization name, agree to the terms and conditions, and click Confirm.
- e. To complete the enrollment of your organization, click **COMPLETE REGISTRATION**. You will be redirected back to ZCC.
- 6. In ZCC, click Next.
- 7. In the Select User Context page, select user contexts that you want to associate with the Android enterprise management, and then click Next. Users that are part of the selected user context will be allowed to enroll their devices in the work profile mode using this subscription. However, you also need to ensure that an Android Profile Enrollment Policy is assigned to these users. For more information, see Enrolling Devices in Work Profile Mode.
- 8. In the **Select Languages** page, select the languages in which the app details should be fetched from Google. The retrieved details will be used to display app details in the Apps Catalog page and information within a bundle such as permissions and managed configurations.

NOTE: Selecting multiple languages might result in delays while retrieving app details.

9. In the Select Bundles Folder page, select a folder where the Android app associated with this subscription should be saved, and then click Finish.

Select the Create bundle as Sandbox checkbox if you want to create this bundle as the sandbox version.

Select the Open the Apps Catalog page after creating the subscription checkbox if you like to open the Apps Catalog page after clicking the Finish button.

12.4 Enrolling Devices in Work Profile Mode

With Android enterprise, ZENworks currently supports deployment of only the work profile on devices, which creates a container for all corporate apps and related data.

The scenario elaborated in this section is meant for users who are enrolling their devices to ZENworks for the first time. For users who have already enrolled their devices in the basic mode (Android App only) and want to enroll in the work profile mode, see Work Profile Enrollment for Existing Users.

IMPORTANT: Work profile enrollment fails if the device is connected over a Virtual Private Network (VPN).

12.4.1 Prerequisites

Before enrolling the devices in the work profile mode, you need to ensure the following:

Mandatory Settings

 Create an Android Enterprise Subscription. For more information, see Enrolling the Organization to Android Enterprise

- Create and assign a Mobile Enrollment Policy. For more information, see Creating a Mobile Enrollment Policy.
- Create and assign an Android Profile Enrollment Policy.
- Ensure that the Android version is 5.0 or newer.

Optional Settings

Invite users to enroll their devices.

12.4.2 Creating and Assigning Android Profile Enrollment Policy

While assigning this policy, you need to ensure that it is assigned to the same set of users who are part of the user context associated with the Android Enterprise Subscription. To create an Android Profile Enrollment Policy:

- 1 Click Policies in the left hand pane in ZCC.
- 2 Click New > Policy.
- 3 Select Mobile and click Next.
- 4 Select Android and click Next.
- 5 Retain the default selection, Android Profile Enrollment Policy, and click Next.
- 6 Specify a policy name, a policy folder and a short description of the policy. Click Next.
- 7 Review the summary page and click Finish.

To assign this policy to relevant users:

- 1 In the Policies panel, select the policy you want to assign.
- 2 Click Action > Assign to User.
- 3 Follow the prompts to assign the policy.

When you complete the wizard, the assigned users are added to the policy's Relationships page. You can click the policy to view the assignments.

12.4.3 Inviting Users to Enroll Devices

You can send an invite email to users to have them enroll their devices to ZENworks. Before sending this invite, ensure that an SMTP server is configured in the zone. To do this:

- 1 Click Users in the left hand pane in ZCC.
- 2 Select a user folder or a specific user. The invite email cannot be sent to a user group.
- 3 Click Action > Invite User.

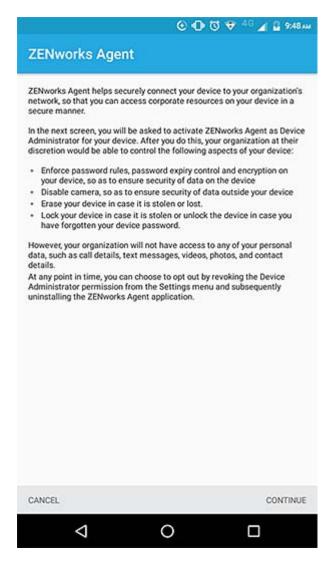
You can preview the email notification in different languages by selecting the appropriate language from the **Preview Language** drop down. However, the email will be sent in the language set in the Mobile Enrollment Policy, which should be assigned to the selected users. For more information, see Creating a Mobile Enrollment Policy.

The contents of the pre-configured email can be customized to suit your requirements. You can edit the content by navigating to Configuration > Event and Messaging > Email Notifications > Invite Users. For more information, see Managing Email Notifications.

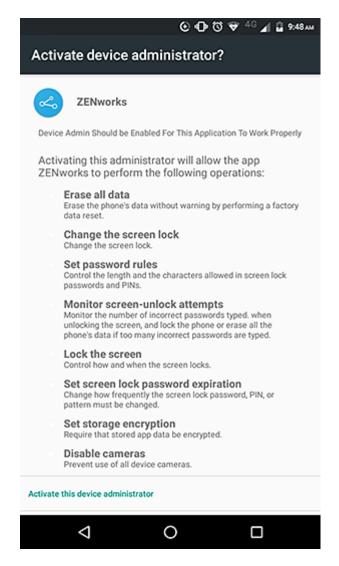
Before clicking the **Send** button, you can also select the **MDM Server** to which the users should enroll their devices. This MDM Server will be resolved to the macro variable \$HOSTNAME\$ present in the pre-configured email. All macro variables will be resolved when the email is sent to the user.

12.4.4 Procedure to Enroll Devices

- 1 The user installs the ZENworks Agent App from Google Play Store. Alternatively, the user can follow the procedure mentioned in the invite letter to download the ZENworks Agent app.
- 2 After installation, the user clicks Open. A brief description of the ZENworks Agent is displayed. The user clicks Continue.

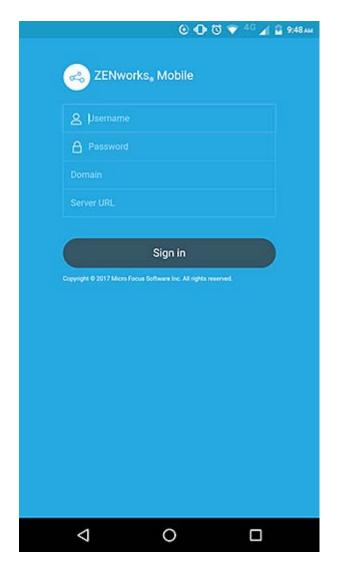


3 The user clicks Activate this Device Administrator to enable device management using the app.



4 The user logs into the app by specifying the following:

Username, Password, Domain, Server URL: Specify the username, password, and registration domain (if Allow Simple Enrollment is disabled for the user) along with the server URL of the ZENworks MDM Server. The user can obtain this information from the invite letter.



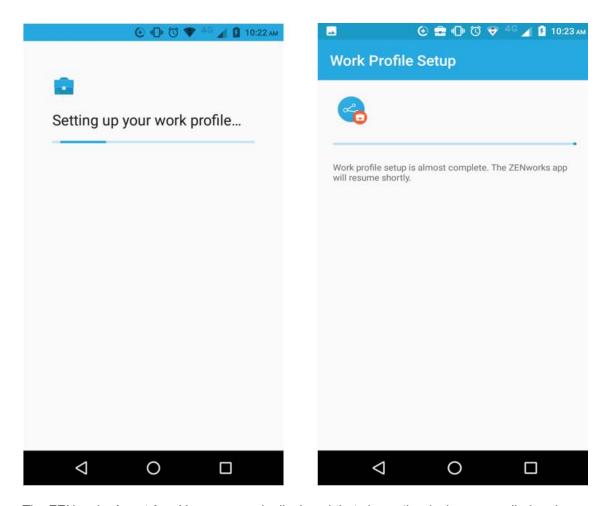
5 If you configured the Mobile Enrollment policy to allow the user to specify the device ownership (corporate or personal), the user is prompted for that information. Tap **OK**.



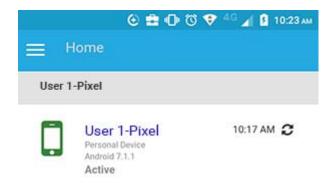


Follow the prompts appearing in the remaining screens and the device will automatically set up a work profile and enroll to ZENworks. The following screens are displayed during work profile setup.

NOTE: Ensure that you do not interrupt the work profile setup process.



6 The ZENworks Agent App Home screen is displayed that shows the device as enrolled and active.

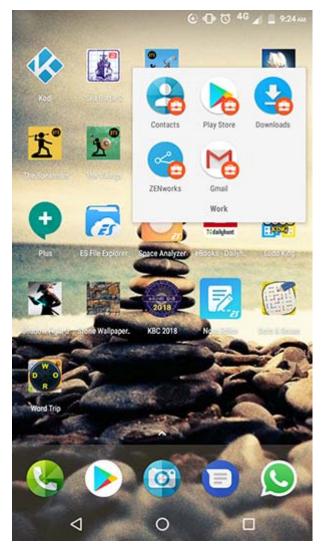




7 The device information can now be viewed in ZCC. Click Devices > Mobile Devices (or navigate to the folder as configured in the Mobile Enrollment Policy) from the left hand navigation pane in ZCC. Click the appropriate device and view its details in the Summary page. The enrollment mode is displayed as Android App and Work Profile Mode is also enabled.



8 After your device is enrolled, a Badge icon attached to the ZENworks Agent App icon and other system apps will help differentiate work apps from personal apps.



Using managed configurations, you can remotely configure the corporate email account within the work profile of a device using apps such as Gmail. Therefore, it is recommended that you do not assign a Mobile Email Policy to devices that are to be enrolled in the work profile mode. Also, the ActiveSync account should directly communicate with the configured ActiveSync server rather than using ZENworks as the proxy.

Ensure that you approve the ZENworks Agent app, installed within the work profile, in managed Google Play and assign it to all the users. This ensures that the user is notified of any updates made to the ZENworks Agent app and these updates are applied automatically.

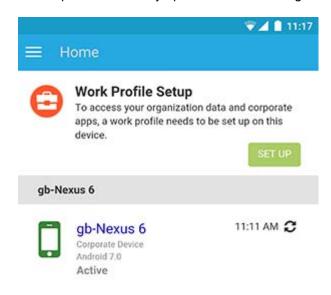
12.4.5 Work Profile Enrollment for Existing Users

For users who have already enrolled to ZENworks using the basic mode of enrollment (Android Apponly) and now want to be enrolled in the work profile mode, assign the Android Profile Enrollment Policy to these users.

NOTE: If you have already configured an ActiveSync account, then it is recommended that you remove this account. With managed configurations, you can remotely configure the corporate email account within the work profile of a device using apps such as Gmail. The ActiveSync account should directly communicate with the configured ActiveSync server rather than using ZENworks as the proxy.

For users who have already enrolled in the basic mode, it is recommended that you enable the Allow Manual Reconciliation by User setting in the assigned Mobile Enrollment Policy, till all the users are enrolled in the work profile mode. This will allow users to manually reconcile their devices to the existing device objects present in ZCC, if required,

After assigning the Mobile Enrollment Policy, the users receive a notification on their devices to set up a work profile when they open the ZENworks Agent app.





The users clicks **Set Up** and follows the prompts to set up the work profile. The device will automatically set up the work profile. You can view **Work Profile Mode** enabled in the device's information page in ZCC (**Devices > Mobile Devices ><** Click the device> **Summary**).

12.5 Distributing Work Apps to Users

Using Android enterprise you can distribute and manage work apps on users' devices and leave the users' personal apps under their control. ZENworks distributes these work apps to users through Managed Google Play, which is Android's app management platform for enterprise users. Subsequently, all app licenses are managed by ZENworks through Managed Google Play.

12.5.1 Approving Apps in Google Play

After creating an Android Enterprise Subscription in ZCC, visit managed Google Play to approve apps for distribution.

The type of apps that are made available for distribution are:

- Public Apps: : Available to the general public in Google Play.
- Private Apps: : Customized apps developed for specific enterprise customers. These apps are
 of two types; Google-hosted private apps and Self-hosted private apps. For more information,
 see https://developers.google.com/android/work/distribute.

For more information on approving apps, see the managed Google Play Help Center.

As soon as the apps are approved in managed Google Play, ZENworks identifies these apps and populates them in ZCC. Simultaneously, bundles are created for these apps within the Android Enterprise Subscription folder, thereby enabling you to distribute the apps to users. You can view these apps in the Apps Catalog page.

12.5.2 Viewing Approved Apps in ZENworks

The Apps Catalog page in ZCC provides a single view of all the approved Android and iOS apps. To view the Apps Catalog page, click the **Mobile Management** panel and click the **Apps Catalog** tab. This page displays the app details, which includes license information and consumption. Using this page, you can also perform the following tasks:

- Create Bundles: As soon as an Android Enterprise Subscription is configured, bundles for any approved apps are automatically created in ZENworks. However, you can create additional bundles by selecting an app or multiple apps (for each app an individual Android bundle is created) and clicking Action > Create Bundle. If a bundle for the same app already exists, then for the newly created bundle, the Android Enterprise Subscription name is suffixed to the name of the app. For subsequent bundles of the same app, a random GUID number is suffixed to the name of the app.
- Edit Permissions: You can edit the default Runtime Permissions for specific apps by selecting an app and clicking Action > Edit Permissions. For more information, see Editing App Permissions.
- Export as CSV: You can export all the app information displayed on this page as a CSV file.
 Click Export > As CSV. A .ZIP folder is created. This .ZIP folder contains two files; a Summary
 file which will display all the app information that is already displayed in the summary page and a
 Details file which displays information such as on which users' devices the app is installed.
- Search/Filter: You can filter the data displayed on this page by specifying either the App Name,
 Publisher, or the Android enterprise account in the search field. You can further filter the data to
 view apps based on the platform or based on the bundles associated with the apps. For this,
 click and select the appropriate option.

- Show/Hide Columns To manage the columns in this page, click and select the columns that need to be displayed on the page. The columns available for display are as follows:
 - App: Displays the name of the app. You cannot hide this column. The following icons might appear against these apps that indicate the following:
 - S: Indicates that the app is unapproved by the administrator in the Google work store, removed by Google, unpublished by the app developer, or revoked due to permission changes. You will not be able to create bundles for these apps. All existing bundle assignments will be retained and you need to remove these assignments manually, if required. Permissions for unapproved apps cannot be edited in ZCC. Also, any new bundle assignments will not be processed.
 - A: Indicates that the app contains permissions or configurations that require your attention. To update the permissions, select the app and click Action > Edit Permissions. To edit the configuration parameters, click the bundle count and navigate to the Details tab of the required bundle.
 - Publisher: Displays the name of the app publisher.
 - Cost: Displays the cost associated with the app.
 - Platform: Displays the app platform.
 - Subscription Name: Displays the name of the Android Enterprise Subscription.
 - Purchased: Displays the number of Android app licenses approved.
 - Consumed: Displays the number of app licenses that are consumed from Google Play.
 This indicates that the device has synced with the ZENworks Server and the app is sent to the device but might not necessarily mean that the app is installed on the device.
 - Available: Displays the number of unused licenses that are available for consumption.
 - User Licenses Installed: Displays the number of devices on which an app, having a user license, is installed. For example: if a specific app is assigned to a user having three devices associated and if the app is installed on only two devices, then the User License Installed count will be 2. You can select the Export option and view the Details file to identify the devices on which the app is installed.
 - **User Licenses Consumed:** Displays the number of user licenses that are consumed from Google Play. This indicates that the device associated with the user has synced with the ZENworks Server and the app is sent to the device but might not necessarily mean that the app is installed on the device.
 - Device Licenses Installed: This is not applicable for Android apps.
 - Device Licenses Consumed: This is not applicable for Android apps.
 - Total Apps Installed: Displays the user licenses installed.
 - App Size: This is not applicable for Android apps.
 - iTunes ID: This is not applicable for Android apps.
 - Total Bundles: Displays the number of bundles created for the specific app. You can click
 the number to view the bundles. To view these bundles you need to have the relevant
 Bundle Rights assigned to you.
- Update View: Click
 to initiate:
 - a sync between the ZENworks Server and the Google server to update the license information.

This option also revokes unused app licenses in the following scenarios:

Mobile device management on the device is disabled.

- Device enrolled as Managed Device Only is unenrolled from the zone. In case of a user assignment, if the device is the last device associated with the user, then the app licenses are revoked from the user.
- User does not exist anymore. For Android enterprise apps, this check is performed only during the LDAP server refresh.

Unused app licenses are revoked when the device syncs with the ZENworks Server. Also, during specific intervals ZENworks automatically revokes unused licenses from devices that cannot sync with the ZENworks Server. However, if you do not want to wait for the device to sync or for

ZENworks to automatically revoke licenses, then click to revoke licenses immediately.

12.5.3 Editing App Permissions

ZENworks lets you edit the default runtime permissions of the approved work apps in the Apps Catalog page. Runtime permissions are a set of dangerous permissions as defined by Google. You can edit permissions for apps against which the ... icon is displayed. This icon indicates that either the runtime permissions or managed configurations require your attention.

To edit the permissions, in the Apps Catalog page, select the app and click Action > Edit Permissions. The Edit Permissions dialog lists all the permissions used by the app. You can edit the Runtime State against each runtime permission. Any customized permissions created by the app developer that does not have a name associated with it, is displayed as a Custom Permission and its value cannot be edited. You can set the following values for the Runtime State:

- Denied: Automatically denies the permission and the user cannot edit the permission on the device.
- Granted: Automatically grants the permission and the user cannot edit the permission on the device.
- Default: Users can manage the permission through the device UI.

If the permissions are not edited in this dialog box, then the permissions as set in the assigned Mobile Device Control Policy will apply. After applying your changes, it will reflect on the device as soon as it syncs with the server. In the future, if the app developer updates the permissions, then these updates will be indicated by the ...

12.5.4 Managing App Configurations

As a part of the setup process, any work app requires users to specify their email addresses, the port and other configuration settings. Administrators can remotely specify settings for approved apps that are deployed to a work profile. This ensures that the settings are applied automatically as soon as the user launches the app, therefore the user is not required to take any action. To edit an app configuration parameter.

- 1. Click Mobile Management > Apps Catalog.
- 2. Identify the app against which the . icon is displayed. This icon indicates that either app permissions or managed configuration parameters require your attention.
- 3. Click the bundle appearing besides this app. Alternatively, you can directly navigate to the Bundles panel by clicking Bundles from the left hand navigation pane. The 1 icon will also appear against the relevant bundles to indicate that the configuration parameters require your attention.
- 4. After clicking a bundle, navigate to the **Details** tab.

- 5. Select a parameter and click Edit. The following are displayed in the Edit App Configuration Parameter dialog box.
 - A Title and a Key are displayed.
 - The Type of value that needs to be specified is displayed. The supported value types include boolean, string, integer with a value from MIN_VALUE (-2147483648) to MAX_VALUE (2147483647), choice, multi-select list and bundle array. For the bundle array type, to edit a parameter within a bundle, you need to click the bundle array appearing in the App Configuration Parameters section and drill-down to its parameters. You can also click Add to configure multiple bundles within a bundle array that will include the same parameters as the existing bundle.

NOTE: The Bundles and bundle arrays feature used within Managed App Configurations is specific to Google and are not related to the Bundles feature in ZENworks. Also, this feature is only supported on Android M (6.0) or later versions. On versions older than Android 6.0, these properties are silently dropped on the devices.

Also, if the configuration parameters of an app is not in accordance with Google's guidelines, then these parameters will not be displayed by ZENworks. For more information, see Table 1: Restriction entry types and usage.

- A short description of the parameter is displayed as provided by the app developer.
- Specify the corresponding value for the key. You can also specify custom or built-in system variables such as:
 - \${LoginName}: Retrieves the user login name in the configured user source.
 - \${Email}: Retrieves the first email address associated with the user from the user source.
 - \${ActiveSyncLogonName}: Retrieves the ActiveSync logon attribute from the user source. This attribute is used to authenticate to the ActiveSync Server while configuring an email account on the device.

NOTE: If an incorrect built-in or custom variable is specified, then the bundle will not deploy to the device.

You can also restore the default values set by the app developers for any of the parameters. To do this, select a parameter and click **Default** on the top panel. The app configuration will be pushed to the device when the app is distributed.

12.5.5 Assigning Android Bundles to Users

Android enterprise bundles can be assigned to only users. ZENworks lets you distribute these apps in two ways:

- Silently install apps on users' devices. This can be performed for mandatory apps.
- Make the app available in Google Play Store on the users' devices.

To assign apps to users:

- 1 Navigate to an Android bundle from the Apps Catalog page. Alternatively, click Bundles in the left hand pane in ZCC.
- 2 Select the bundle and click Action > Assign to User.
- 3 Select the users to whom this bundle needs to be assigned, in the Select Objects page. Click OK.

- **4** Select the schedule based on which the app is installed on the device and click **Next**. The options are:
 - Next Refresh: Indicates that a notification to install the app is sent to the device on the subsequent refresh of the device. On refresh, the app will be either installed on the device or made available in Google Play Store on the user's device, which is determined by the selection made in the subsequent checkbox. This is a onetime notification and will not be re-sent by the ZENworks server if the user uninstalls the app
 - Allow users to install from the managed Google Play store: Select this checkbox if
 you want the app to be made available in Google Play store on the device. Users can
 install the app whenever needed. If this box is left unchecked, then the app silently
 installs on the device.
 - Every Refresh: Indicates that a notification to install the app is sent to the device each time a refresh action is performed on the device. On refresh, the app will be installed on the device. If the user uninstalls the app, then again on the next refresh to the ZENworks server, this app will be installed on the device
- 5 Review the summary page and click Finish.

All apps are distributed to the devices through managed Google Play. As soon as a licensed app is distributed to the device, managed Google Play updates the app's license count and sends the information to ZENworks. The updated license count is displayed in the Apps Catalog page. Similarly, when a licensed app is unassigned from a device, managed Google Play revokes the app license and the license information is also updated in the Apps Catalog page in ZENworks.

12.6 Securing the Work Profile

The settings in the existing Mobile Security Policy and Mobile Device Control Policy have been extended to secure devices enrolled in the work profile mode.

12.6.1 Applying Profile Password and Inactivity Restrictions

You can configure password restrictions and inactivity settings for devices enrolled in the work profile mode by using the Mobile Security Policy. For more information on creating and assigning a Mobile Security Policy, see Mobile Management Reference.

These settings are applicable for Android 7.0 devices or later. To configure these settings:

- 1 Click Policies from the left hand pane in ZCC.
- 2 Click the Mobile Security Policy that you have created.
- 3 Click the **Details** tab.
- 4 Click Profile Security.

Alternatively, select Define Additional Properties while creating the Mobile Security Policy.

To enable the profile security settings, select **Yes** from the **Secure Work Profile** drop-down list, based on the ownership type with which the devices are enrolled (Corporate or Personal).

NOTE: If you have assigned the profile security password settings to a device and the *Use one lock* feature is enabled on the same device (under *Settings > Security*), then the password setting with a stricter restriction is applied both on the device as well as the work profile. For example, if the configured work profile password is more complex than the configured device password, then the work profile password is used to unlock the device as well.

Setting Password Restrictions

The Password settings are listed in increasing order of complexity (strictness). If more than one setting applies to a device, the more complex (strict) setting is enforced. For more information on the device password settings, see Editing Mobile Security Policy Settings.

Setting Inactivity Restrictions

Setting	Description	
Require inactivity lock	Confirms that the device should be locked if the work profile has been inactive for a specified period of time.	
	Applies only if Require inactivity lock is set to Yes.	
Maximum inactivity timeout (minutes)	Specifies the maximum number of minutes the user can set for the inactivity lock. For example, if set to 5, the user can set the inactivity timeout up to 5 minutes.	
Wipe profile on failed number of unlock attempts	Wipes the work profile after the specified number of failed attempts to unlock the device.	
Maximum number of unlock attempts	Applies only if Wipe profile on failed number of unlock attempts is set to Yes.	
	Specifies the number of failed attempts to unlock the work managed app that is allowed before the work profile is wiped. For example, if set to 10, the profile is removed after the 10th failed attempt.	

12.6.2 Applying Device Restrictions

Device restrictions can be applied using the Mobile Device Control Policy. To create and assign this policy, see Creating a Mobile Device Control Policy. To apply restrictions on the work profile:

- 1 Click Policies from the left hand pane in ZCC.
- 2 Click the Mobile Device Control Policy that you have created.
- 3 Click the Details tab.
- 4 Click Android.

	Settings	Description
Devices	Allow camera	Determines whether the device camera should be enabled. If disabled on devices enrolled in the work profile mode, the camera can still be accessed from the device's personal space.
	Allow install from unknown sources	Determines whether or not the user can install apps from outside the managed Google Play Store.
	Allow debugging features	Determines whether or not debugging within the work profile of the device can be enabled.

	Settings	Description
	Allow screenshots	Determines whether the user can capture screenshots of the work apps.
	Allow copy and paste	Determines whether the user can copy and paste data from the work profile to the personal space on the device.
Apps	Runtime permissions	Select the default response for any runtime permissions requested by apps. This setting is applicable for Android 6.0 or newer devices. For more information, see the Android Developer Documentation (https://developer.android.com/training/permissions/requesting.html). You can select any one of the following values:
		 Prompt: Allows the user to grant or deny permissions to the apps.
		 Auto Grant: Automatically grant permissions to the apps.
		 Auto Deny: Automatically denies permission to the apps.
		You can edit permissions for specific apps in the Apps Catalog page. If the permissions are edited in this page, then the values defined in the Mobile Device Control Policy are overridden for that specific app.
	Allow Adding of Accounts	.Determines whether the user can add or remove accounts to access apps within the work profile. However, this setting should be used with caution, as by enabling it users can also add their personal accounts to access apps within the work profile, which might make it difficult to contain corporate data within the profile workspace.
		By default this feature is disabled by ZENworks

12.7 Monitoring Device Compliance

To ensure that devices are compliant with the assigned rules and policies, you can create and assign a Mobile Compliance Policy to the Android devices enrolled in the work profile mode. The Mobile Compliance Policy contains a pre-defined event based on which the compliance of a device is monitored. Using the Compliance Dashboard you can view the compliance status of the devices.

12.7.1 Creating and Assigning a Mobile Compliance Policy

To create a Mobile Compliance Policy:

- 1 Click Policies in the left hand pane in ZCC.
- 2 Click New > Policies and click Next.
- 3 Click Mobile and click Next.
- 4 Click General Mobile Policies and click Next.
- 5 Click Mobile Compliance Policy and click Next.
- **6** Specify a policy name, policy folder and a short description.
- 7 Click the pre-defined event Non-compliance with Security Policy to configure the audit, restrict, and remediate settings for non-compliant devices. This event is applicable for devices that do not comply with the assigned Mobile Security Policy. Configure the following:
 - Audit: You can enable auditing for this event for devices that become non-compliant with the assigned Mobile Security Policy.
 - Restrict: You can enforce the following restrictions on non-compliant devices that will be applied after the specified number of days defined in the Restrict After field.
 - Restrict Work Apps on Android devices enrolled in the work profile mode
 - Remediate: You can enforce the following remediation actions on non-compliant devices that will be applied after the specified number of days defined in the Remediate After field.
 - Remove Work Profile on Android devices. The device is unenrolled from ZENworks and retired.

For example: if the number of days specified in the Restrict After field (appearing in the Restrict tab) is 1 and in the Remediate After field (appearing in the Remediate tab) is 2 for a device that was reported as non-compliant on January 1st, then the device will be allowed 1 day (24 hours) to become compliant again, failing which device restrictions will be applied on January 2nd. If the device does not become compliant even after 2 days (48 hours) of being non-compliant, the device remediation actions will be applied on January 3rd. The remediation actions will be applied irrespective of whether restrictions are applied on the device or not.

NOTE: The restriction and remediation actions are applied only when the device syncs with the ZENworks server.

You can also configure the event logging and notification settings for each of the Audit, Restrict, and Remediate settings:

- Event Logging: To view the audit logs navigate to Audit and Messages > Events > Agent Events > Mobile > Compliance
 - Event Classification: Based on the nature of the event, classify the event as Critical, Major or Informational.
 - Days to Keep: Specify the number of days to keep the audit log before purging it.
- Event Notification: You can notify the user of device non-compliance by sending a message to the user's device. On enabling, you can configure a custom message, which will be sent to the device.
- 8 Review the summary page and click Finish.

12.7.2 Viewing the Compliance Dashboard

The compliance dashboard provides a single view of the compliance status of the devices in the zone. To view the compliance dashboard, from the left hand pane in ZCC click **Mobile Management** > **Dashboard**. A pie chart displayed at the top of the page provides a summary of the compliance status for all the mobile devices. You can click each slice of the pie chart to filter the data displayed in the table below as per the selected compliance status.

You can perform the following actions in the table:

Search/Filter: You can filter the data displayed in the table by specifying the device name or the user name in the search field. You can further filter the data to view devices as per their compliance status. Select the appropriate compliance status from the drop-down list appearing next to the search field.

Show/Hide Columns: To display the columns in the summary page, click _____and select the appropriate columns. The columns available for display are as follows:

- **Device:** Displays the name of the device that is being monitored for compliance. You can click the device to view the device information.
- **User:** Displays the name of the user with whom the device is associated.
- Platform: Displays the operating system installed on the device.
- Last Contact: Displays the date or time when the device last contacted the ZENworks server.
- Status: Displays the compliance status of the device. If the status is non-compliant, you can click this status to get more information about the event based on which the device is considered non-compliant.
- Non-compliant Since: Displays the date or time since the device was considered non-compliant.
- Current State: Displays the existing status of the compliance check, that is, whether the device is in Audit, Restrict or Remediate state.
- Restricted On: Displays the date or time when restrictions were imposed on the device.
- Remediated On: Displays the date or time when remediation actions were taken on the device.

Update View: Click orefresh the dashboard page.

12.8 Unenroll from Android Enterprise

To unenroll from Android Enterprise Management, you can delete the Android Enterprise Subscription from ZCC. You can also remove the work profile from specific devices while leaving the personal space on the device intact.

12.8.1 Unenrolling the Organization

To unenroll from Android enterprise management, you should delete the Android Enterprise Subscription from ZENworks Control Center.

Before deleting the Android Enterprise Subscription, administrators should be aware of the following:

NCC credentials are required to delete the subscription.

- By deleting the Android Enterprise Subscription, your enterprise will be unenrolled from managed Google Play. However, data associated with this subscription will be deleted only after 30 days. Within the next 30 days, if you create a new Android Enterprise Subscription using the same email ID, ZENworks might be able to recognize the enterprise details and restore the subscription data.
 - ◆The user context associated with the deleted subscription, cannot be associated with the new subscription. You can select an alternate user context. If you still want to use the same user context then either wait for 30 days or run the zman subscription-clear-ae command.
- •You can also delete the organization from managed Google Play. The subscription and its dataill be deleted from ZENworks only after 24 hours. To delete the organization from managed Google Play:
 - 1. Navigate to Managed Google Play and log in using the credentials that you had used to create the Android Enterprise Subscription.
 - 2. On the left hand panel, click Admin Settings.
 - 3. In the Organization Information panel, click the hamburger menu and click **Delete Organization**.
 - 4. Confirm your action in the Delete Organization pop-up.

To delete the Android Enterprise Subscription:

- 1 In ZCC, click Subscribe and Share.
- 2 In the Subscription panel, select the subscription, and click Delete.
- 3 In the Delete Subscription pop-up, specify the NCC credentials, and then click OK.

NOTE: To delete the data associated with unenrolled subscription, run the zman sca command. All data including bundles, apps, users and other data associated with unenrolled subscription will be deleted from ZENworks.

12.8.2 Unenrolling a Device

Using Android enterprise, you can control work profiles while the personal space on the device is left under the users' control. This enables you to remotely wipe only the work profile and the corporate data within this profile while leaving the personal data intact. This can be achieved by using the existing Unerroll quick task in ZCC.

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click Devices > Mobile Devices to display your enrolled mobile devices.
- 2 Select the check box in front of the mobile device, click Quick Tasks > Unenroll Device to display the Unenroll dialog box.
- 3 Select the data removal option for the device, that is, Selectively Wipe the devices, by removing only corporate data and email. This option removes only the work profile on the device as well as the ActiveSync account (if configured within the work profile).
- 4 Select Delete the devices from the zone or select Retire the devices (devices remain in the zone). Enter a reason for unenrolling the device, then click Next to display the quick task options.
- 5 Leave the quick task options set to the defaults and click Start to send the task to the device.
- **6** Click **Hide** to close the quick task after the quick task is initiated.

NOTE: If the device is offline and the **Delete** option is selected, then the status of the device changes to **Wipe Pending**. Subsequently, the device will be deleted when it is online. However, if **Retire** is selected, then the device status changes to **Retired** irrespective of whether the device is online or offline.

7 Click s in the upper-right corner of the Devices list to refresh the list.

If the **Delete the devices from the zone** option was selected, then the device is no longer listed. However, if the **Retire the devices** option was selected, then the device will be listed with the status as retired.

13 Enrolling a Device

ZENworks supports enrollment through:

Apple Device Enrollment Program: Applicable for DEP enabled iOS devices.

NOTE: Enrollment of Apple TV devices using the Apple Device Enrollment Program is supported on an experimental basis.

- Apple Configurator: Applicable for iOS devices
- ZENworks User Portal: Applicable for iOS and Android devices, and other devices with ActiveSync capabilities (including Windows devices).

Before enrolling (registering) a device to the ZENworks Management Zone, you need to understand the different ways in which ZENworks can manage a device. This will help you in evaluating the manner in which the device needs to be managed, thereby enabling you to select the right enrollment options. These enrollment options can be configured in the Mobile Device Enrollment policy that needs to be assigned to the users before their devices are enrolled.

IMPORTANT: Before enrolling the devices, you need to ensure that the ZENworks 2017 release version is deployed on all the Primary Servers within your management zone.

NOTE: To deploy the work profile on Android devices, see Enrolling Devices in Work Profile Mode.

- Section 13.1, "Types of Enrollment," on page 121
- Section 13.2, "Modes of Enrollment," on page 122
- Section 13.3, "Creating a Mobile Enrollment Policy," on page 124
- Section 13.4, "Editing Mobile Enrollment Policy," on page 125
- Section 13.5, "Assigning a Mobile Enrollment Policy," on page 126
- Section 13.6, "Inviting Users to Enroll Devices," on page 126
- Section 13.7, "Enrolling an iOS DEP Device," on page 126
- Section 13.8, "Enrolling an iOS Device through Apple Configurator," on page 127
- Section 13.9, "Enrolling devices using the ZENworks User Portal," on page 131
- Section 13.10, "Allowing Manual Reconciliation by User," on page 153

13.1 Types of Enrollment

ZENworks lets you enroll your devices in either of the following ways:

Managed Device: Enables ZENworks to fully manage a device by performing various device
management operations such as apply policies to the device, deploy applications on the device,
synchronize email for Exchange ActiveSync accounts, and capture device information
(inventory). Only iOS or Android devices can be enrolled as fully managed devices. Full

management of an Android device is performed through the ZENworks Agent App that is hosted on the Google Play Store. Full management of an iOS device is performed through the device's in-built MDM client.

To enable ZENworks to manage the Exchange ActiveSync capabilities on these devices, you need to ensure that a Mobile Email Policy is assigned to these devices or users. This policy should use the ZENworks Server as the proxy server between the configured ActiveSync Server and the enrolled device.

In the assigned Mobile Email Policy, you also have the option to directly relay mails from the configured ActiveSync Server, however in this case, ZENworks will not manage the corporate email account configured on the device. For more information on configuring email access, see Configuring Email Access.

- Email Only (ActiveSync Only): Enables ZENworks to manage only the corporate email account on the device. Also, certain policies that are enforceable through the ActiveSync protocol can be applied. Mobile devices are enrolled to the ZENworks MDM Server using the ActiveSync email clients present on the devices. Android, iOS, and Windows devices can be enrolled as Email Only devices. Devices enrolled as Email Only devices can be managed in the following ways:
 - Server Only Mode: In this case, the device will be unable to send or receive emails. ZENworks can only apply certain policies that are enforceable through the ActiveSync protocol, such as the Mobile Device Control Policy and Mobile Security Policy, and can remotely wipe the devices. This might occur due to any one of the following reasons:
 - A Mobile Email Policy is not assigned to the device.
 - The assigned Mobile Email Policy does not use ZENworks as the proxy server between the configured ActiveSync Server and the device. The policy directly connects to the configured ActiveSync Server.
 - The ActiveSync server is not linked to the associated user source.
 - The ActiveSync server is not valid for the user.
 - Proxy Mode: In this case, corporate emails on the device will be managed by ZENworks.
 Also, ZENworks can apply certain policies that are enforceable through the ActiveSync protocol, such as the Mobile Device Control Policy and Mobile Security Policy, and can remotely wipe the devices. In a proxy mode, a Mobile Email Policy, with the ZENworks Server acting as the proxy server, is assigned to the device or the user.

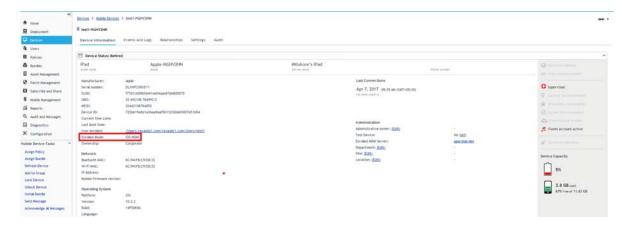
For more information on configuring an ActiveSync Server and a Mobile Email Policy, see Configuring Email Access.

13.2 Modes of Enrollment

As soon as you enroll your device, the mode in which the device is enrolled is displayed on the Device Information page. To access this page:

- 1 Navigate to the **Devices** section in ZCC.
- 2 Click Mobile Devices.
- 3 Click the relevant device.

The Device Information page displays the enrolled mode of the device.



For more information on this page, see Viewing Device Information.

The various enrollment modes are as follows:

- Android App: Indicates that as a part of full management of an Android device, the ZENworks
 Agent app enrollment is complete, but the corporate email account on the device is not managed
 by ZENworks due to any one of the following reasons:
 - A Mobile Email Policy is not assigned to the device.
 - The assigned Mobile Email Policy does not use ZENworks as the proxy server between the configured ActiveSync Server and the device. The policy directly connects to the configured ActiveSync Server.
 - The ActiveSync server is not linked to the associated user source.
 - The ActiveSync server is not valid for the user.
 - The ActiveSync account is created within the work profile for devices enrolled in the work profile mode.
- Android App + ActiveSync: Indicates that as a part of full management of an Android device, the ZENworks Agent app enrollment is complete and the corporate email account configured on the device is managed by ZENworks that acts as a proxy server for the configured ActiveSync Server.
- iOS MDM: Indicates that as a part of full management of an iOS device, the device is enrolled via the MDM client but the corporate email account on the device is not managed by ZENworks due to any one of the following reasons:
 - A Mobile Email Policy is not assigned to the device.
 - The assigned Mobile Email Policy does not use ZENworks as the proxy server between the configured ActiveSync Server and the device. The policy directly connects to the configured ActiveSync Server.
 - The ActiveSync server is not linked to the associated user source.
 - The ActiveSync server is not valid for the user.
- iOS MDM + ActiveSync: Indicates that as a part of full management of an iOS device, the device is enrolled via the MDM client and the corporate email account configured on the device is managed by ZENworks that acts as a proxy server for the configured ActiveSync Server.
- ActiveSync: Indicates that as a part of Email Only enrollment, ZENworks manages only the
 corporate email account on the device and certain policies that are enforceable through the
 ActiveSync protocol, such as the Mobile Device Control Policy and Mobile Security Policy, can
 be applied on this device.
- Unknown: Indicates that the device is in a retired state.

13.3 Creating a Mobile Enrollment Policy

For devices to be enrolled (registered) in your ZENworks Management Zone, you must create a Mobile Device Enrollment policy and assign it to users who will enroll devices. Mobile Enrollment policy decides which user can enroll devices, what devices the user can enroll, the mode to be used for device enrollment, and the location and naming of the device. Depending on the diversity of needs in your organization, you can create a single Mobile Enrollment policy for all users or you can create multiple policies for users with different needs.

13.3.1 Procedure

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, navigate to the Enrollment Policy section, click New Enrollment Policy to display the Create New Policy wizard. Alternatively, from the left hand side navigation pane of ZCC, navigate to Policies > New > Policies.
- 2 On the Select Platform page, select Mobile and then click Next.
- 3 On the Select Policy Category page, select General Mobile Policies and then click Next.
- 4 On the Select Policy Type page, select Mobile Enrollment Policy and then click Next.
- **5** On the Define Details page, specify a name for the policy, select the folder in which to place the policy and then click **Next**.
- 6 On the Configure Device Ownership page:
 - **6a** You can select the ownership type for the device, such as **Corporate** or **Personal**. The ownership is categorized based on the enrollment methods:
 - Apple Device Enrollment Program
 - Apple Configurator
 - ZENworks User Portal

You can also enable the Allow the device user to select ownership type option to allow users who are enrolling their devices select the appropriate ownership type of the device, while the user self-enrolls using the ZENworks User Portal.

Mobile policies enable you to provide two groups of settings, one group that is applied to corporate-owned devices and a second group that is applied to personally-owned devices.

For example, the Mobile Security policy lets you configure different password, encryption, and lockout settings for corporate-owned devices versus personally-owned devices.

- 6b Click Next.
- 7 On the Configure Device Management page:
 - **7a** The default settings allow the user to choose the management level (Managed Device or Email Only) during enrollment.

NOTE: This option is applicable for enrollment using the ZENworks End User Portal.

The device management options are explained below:

- Yes, allow users to enroll their devices as fully managed devices: Enables users to enroll their devices as a Managed Device only.
 - Do not show option for ActiveSync only enrollment: Removes the ActiveSync Only (Email Only) enrollment option, forcing devices to enroll as fully managed devices.

 No, allow users to enroll their devices as ActiveSync -only: Removes the fully managed option, forcing devices to enroll as ActiveSync Only (Email Only) devices.

7b Click Next.

- 8 On the Configure Mobile Enrollment Rules page, note the folder and naming settings for the default All Devices rule in the list, then click Next.
 - Enrollment rules determine the enrolling device's display name and folder placement in ZENworks Control Center.
 - The predefined **All Devices** rule allows all devices to enroll, uses the device model and user's name for the device name, and places the device in the **Mobile Devices** folder. If the default rule does not meet your needs, you can modify or remove the **All Devices** rule and add additional rules as needed. For example, you can create a rule to place all Android devices in one folder and all iOS devices in another.
- 9 On the Configure the Un-enrollment Settings page you can configure the un-enrollment settings, which will take effect when users un-enroll their devices from the ZENworks Server or the management zone. Select any one of the following for a corporate-owned device or a personally-owned device and click Next:
 - Retire Device: The device is retained in the zone, however the status is set as retired.
 When the device is retired, ZENworks does not manage the device anymore, but the device data and history is retained.
 - Delete Device: The device is removed from the zone.

NOTE: These settings are not applied when the user removes the work profile from Android devices enrolled in the work profile mode.

- **10** On the **Summary** page, you can perform the following actions:
 - Create as Sandbox: Creates a Sandbox-only version of the policy. A Sandbox version of a
 policy enables you to test it on your device before actually deploying it
 - **Define Additional Properties:** Enables you to edit the default settings configured in the policy.

Click Finish to complete creating the policy.

13.4 Editing Mobile Enrollment Policy

If Define Additional Properties is selected at the time of policy creation, then you will be re-directed to the edit page. Alternatively, navigate to Policies and select the Mobile Enrollment Policy you want to edit. You can edit any of the configured settings within the Mobile Enrollment Policy. Additionally, the Mobile Enrollment Policy lets you configure the following:

- Select Allow Manual Reconciliation by User by navigating to Details > Advanced Setting. This
 feature allows the end user to manually reconcile their devices to an existing device object
 during enrollment. For more information, see Allowing Manual Reconciliation by User.
- Select Email Notification Language by navigating to Details > Advanced Setting. This denotes
 the language in which email notifications need to be sent to the user. To edit these email
 notifications, see Managing Email Notifications.

If you change the enrollment policy settings after mobile devices are enrolled to the zone, then the updated enrollment policy settings are not applied to the already enrolled devices. However, if the unenrollment settings are modified after the user enrolls the device, then only the updated unenrollment settings are applied to the user's device. Also, un-enrollment is not applicable for those devices that are enrolled as Email Only (ActiveSync only) devices.

13.5 Assigning a Mobile Enrollment Policy

Mobile Enrollment policy should be assigned to only users.

13.5.1 Procedure

- 1 On the Getting Started with Mobile Management page, navigate to the Enrollment Policy section, click Assign Policy to display the Assign Policy wizard, then click Add. Alternatively, from the left hand side pane in ZCC, navigate to Policies. Select a policy and click Action > Assign to User.
- 2 In the Select Object dialog box, browse and select the users to whom you want to assign the policy, click OK to add them to the Users to be Assigned list, then click Next.
- 3 On the Select Object dialog box, browse for and select the policy to be assigned to a user, click OK to add them to the Policies to be Assigned list, then click Next.
- 4 Review the summary page and click Finish to complete the assignment.

13.6 Inviting Users to Enroll Devices

You can send an invite letter to users to have them enroll their devices to ZENworks. To do this:

- 1 Click Users in the left hand pane in ZCC.
- 2 Select a user folder or a specific user.
- 3 Click Action > Invite User.

You can preview the email notification in different languages by selecting the appropriate language from the **Preview Language** drop down. However, the email will be sent in the language set in the Mobile Enrollment Policy, which should be assigned to the selected users. The contents of the pre-configured email can be customized to suit your requirements. You can edit the content by navigating to **Configuration > Event and Messaging > Email Notifications > Invite Users**. For more information, see Managing Email Notifications.

Before clicking the **Send** button, you can also select the **MDM Server** to which the users should enroll their devices. This MDM Server will be resolved to the macro variable \$HOSTNAME\$ present in the pre-configured email. All macro variables will be resolved when the email is sent to the user

NOTE: Ensure that an SMTP server is configured, which will enable you to send the email notification.

13.7 Enrolling an iOS DEP Device

Enrolling a DEP device is simple for an end user, as you can enable the user to skip most of the device activation prompts by modifying the DEP Profile. Before enrolling a DEP device, ensure that you meet the following prerequisites:

13.7.1 Prerequisites

• Add a DEP Server in ZCC that links the ZENworks MDM Server and the virtual MDM Server in the Apple portal.

- Assign devices to the virtual MDM Server in the Apple portal. These devices are then discovered by ZENworks and populated in ZCC.
- (Optional) Assign users to the device, if you want only this user to be associated with the device during DEP enrollment.
- (Optional) Modify the DEP profile settings to enhance the enrollment process.
- (Conditional) If you modify the DEP profile, ensure that modified DEP profile is successfully assigned to the Apple Portal.

To learn more about each of the items listed above see, Integrating with Apple Device Enrollment Program.

Additionally:

- Assign a Mobile Enrollment Policy. For more information, see Creating a Mobile Enrollment Policy.
- (Conditional) If you are re-enrolling a device that was retired by another user, then ensure that the earlier device object is deleted in ZCC.
- (Optional) Assign a Mobile Email Policy to configure the email account on the device. For more information, see Creating a Mobile Email Policy.

NOTE: Enrollment of Apple TV devices is supported on an experimental basis. The procedure to enroll these devices is the same as enrolling an iOS device. After enrollment, the device objects for Apple TV devices are displayed as iOS.

13.7.2 Procedure

Follow the setup prompts to enroll the device. After the user configures the Wi-Fi settings, log-in to the device with the user credentials. If the device is assigned to a specific user, then the credentials of only this user should be specified or else enrollment will fail.

After the device enrolls, you can view the **Deployment Status** of the device in ZCC, which should have changed from **Discovered** to **Managed**. You can view this status on the device's **Summary** page. The enrolled device object is also created within the **Mobile Devices** folder (**Devices > Mobile Devices**) or in the appropriate folder as defined in the Mobile Enrollment Policy.

NOTE: Before re-enrolling a device, if the ownership (corporate or personal) is modified in the Mobile Enrollment Policy, the modified ownership is not applied on the re-enrolled device. The ownership defined during the initial phase of enrollment is considered.

A device that was enrolled using the ZENworks User Portal is being re-enrolled through Apple DEP using another user's credentials, then ensure that the earlier device object is deleted in ZCC.

13.8 Enrolling an iOS Device through Apple Configurator

Apple Configurator is a Mac OS X tool, that assists administrators in the deployment of iOS devices in business or education settings. Apple Configurator makes reassigning devices quick and simple, allowing the next user to start with a clean slate of content.

13.8.1 Prerequisites

- Assign a Mobile Enrollment Policy. For more information, see Creating a Mobile Enrollment Policy.
- Copy the Apple Enrollment URL, which specifies the MDM Server to which the device will enroll.
 To obtain this, in ZCC navigate to Configuration > Infrastructure Management > MDM Servers.
 Select a MDM Server and click Apple Enrollment URL.
- (Optional) Assign a Mobile Email Policy to configure the email account on the device. For more information, see Creating a Mobile Email Policy.

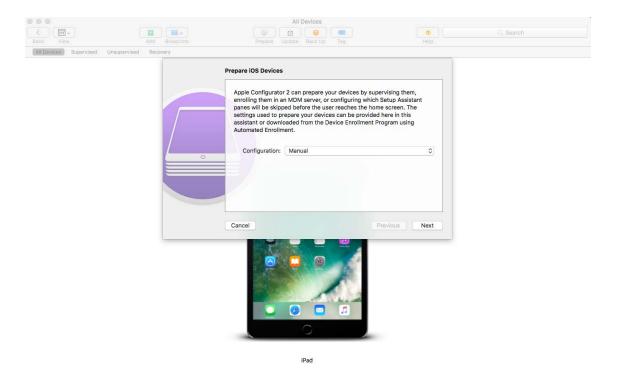
13.8.2 Procedure

- 1 Connect the device through the USB port to the Mac.
- 2 Right-click and select Prepare or select Prepare from the top menu bar in the Apple Configurator.

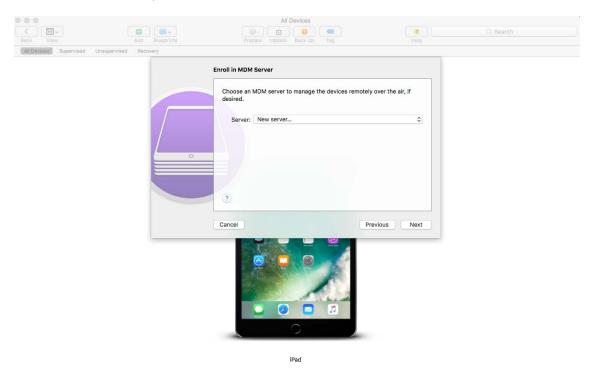




3 Select Manual in the Configuration drop down menu. Click Next.



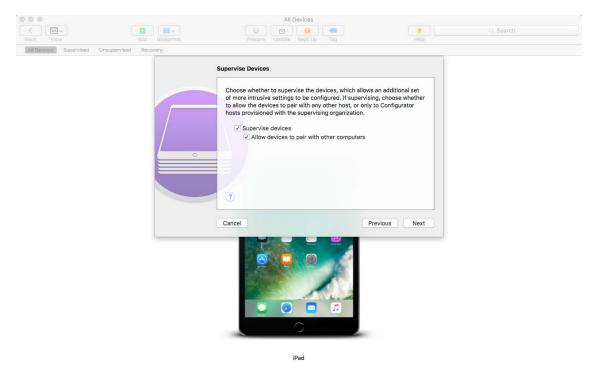
4 Select the MDM Server to which you want the device to enroll. If you do not have the MDM Server saved in the drop-down menu, then select **New Server**.



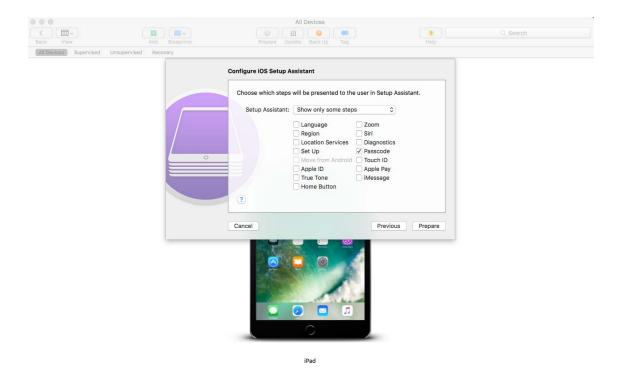
5 Specify a name for the server and paste the Apple Enrollment URL copied from ZCC. To obtain this, in ZCC navigate to Configuration > Infrastructure Management > MDM Servers. Select a MDM Server and click Apple Enrollment URL. Copy the URL and paste it in the Define an MDM Server page in the Apple Configurator. This MDM Server will be saved for future use.



6 Select Supervise devices, if you want to set the device as supervised. The check box to Allow devices to pair with other computers is automatically enabled.



- 7 Select the organization that will supervise these devices.
- 8 Select the appropriate option from the **Setup Assistant** drop-down menu, if you want to skip certain setup steps during enrollment of the device. Check the setup items that should be presented during device enrollment.



9 Click Prepare to prepare the connected device.

After the preparation stage, the iOS device will reset to its factory settings. After the device is reset, follow the prompts that will be displayed on the iOS device as configured in the **Configure iOS Setup Assistant** page in the Apple Configurator. After entering the Wi-Fi password, the user will be prompted for the user credentials.

After the device enrolls, the device object is created within the Mobile Devices folder (Devices > Mobile Devices) or in the appropriate folder as defined in the Mobile Enrollment Policy.

13.9 Enrolling devices using the ZENworks User Portal

This enrollment is preferable for BYOD devices. The following devices can be enrolled using the ZENworks User Portal:

- Android Devices
- iOS Devices
- Windows Devices (devices with Exchange ActiveSync capabilities).

13.9.1 Prerequisites

Before enrolling a mobile device as a fully managed device or an email only device, you need to ensure that the following prerequisites are met:

- ZENworks supports devices running on Android version 4.1 and newer, and devices on running iOS version 8 and newer. Also, ZENworks supports devices running on ActiveSync 12.1 and newer.
- A user source is configured and enabled for mobile device enrollment. For details, see "Configuring User Sources" on page 15

- An enrollment policy is created and assigned to the user. For details, see "Creating a Mobile Enrollment Policy" on page 124.
- An MDM role is assigned to a Primary Server. For details, see "Configuring MDM Servers" on page 19
- Push notifications for either Android or iOS devices are enabled. For details, see "Enabling Push Notifications" on page 25
- To enable ZENworks to synchronize emails for Exchange ActiveSync accounts, an ActiveSync server should be configured. Also, create and assign a Mobile Email Policy with the ZENworks Server configured as the proxy server for the ActiveSync Server. This will enable ZENworks to manage the corporate emails sent and received on the device. For details, see "Configuring Email Access" on page 79.
- Enrollment of iOS devices using the Safari browser running in the private mode is supported only on iOS versions 11 or later.

13.9.2 Procedure: Enrolling an Android Device

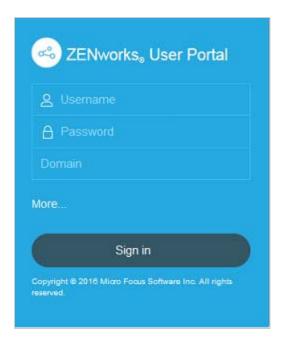
This scenario shows you how to enroll an Android device as a fully managed device in your ZENworks Management Zone.

NOTE: We recommend that you enroll the devices in the work profile mode. For more information, see Integrating ZENworks with Android Enterprise.

1 In the Google Chrome browser on the Android device, enter <code>ZENworks_server_address/zenworks-eup</code>, where <code>ZENworks_server_address</code> is the DNS name or IP address of the ZENworks MDM Server.

NOTE: You must use Google Chrome. The built-in Internet browser is not supported.

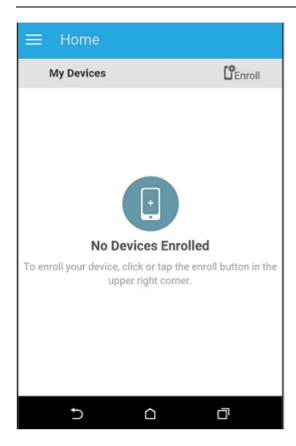
The login screen for the ZENworks User Portal is displayed. You use the user portal to enroll devices to the zone.



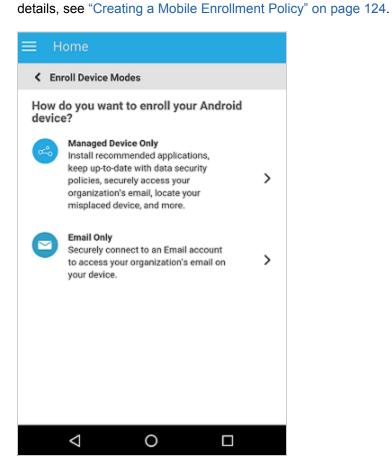
All devices associated with the user, are displayed in the ZENworks User Portal.

2 Enter the user's user name and password. If Allow Simple Enrollment option is selected for the user source to which the user belongs, then the registration domain need not be specified or else specify the registration domain. For information, see Section 4.2, "Enabling a User Source for Mobile Device Enrollment," on page 16. Tap Sign In.

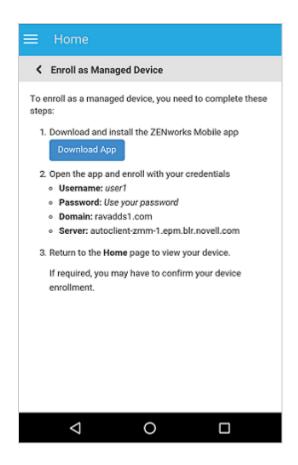
NOTE: If the Allow Simple Enrollment option is not enabled or the registration domain name is not configured, then you can specify the configured user source name in the **Domain** field while enrolling a device.



3 Tap Enroll in the upper-right corner to display the enrollment options for the device.
The enrollment options are determined by the Mobile Enrollment policy assigned to the user. For

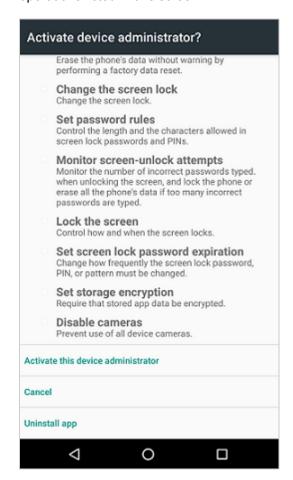


4 Tap Managed Device Only.



5 Tap **Download App**. The user will be directed to the Google Play Store, where the user needs to click **Install** to install the ZENworks Agent app. After installation, click **Open**.

6 Click Activate this Device Administrator to enable you to manage the device by performing the operations listed in this screen.



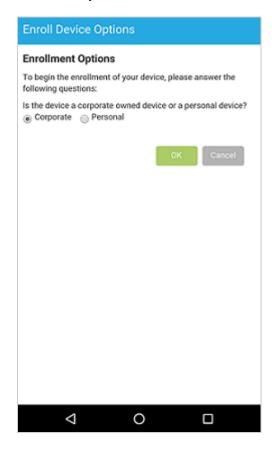
NOTE: For Android Marshmallow and subsequent versions, ensure that the user accepts the READ_WRITE_PHONE permission and WRITE_EXTERNAL_STORAGE permission after downloading and launching the app. Contrary to the statement mentioned in the dialog box, the READ_WRITE_PHONE permission does not make any calls and does not collect phone logs. This permission is required to identify the device's information such as the serial number and IMEI number. The WRITE_EXTERNAL_STORAGE permission is required to access the device storage to create logs that can be used for troubleshooting.

7 The ZENworks Agent app login screen is displayed.

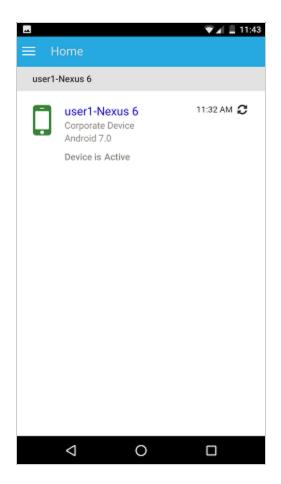


- 8 Fill in the fields, then tap Sign In.
 - User name, Password, Domain, Server URL: Use the same user name, password, and registration domain (if required) that you had initially used to log in to the ZENworks User Portal along with the server URL of the ZENworks MDM Server. You can obtain this information from the ZENworks User Portal as displayed in Step 4.

If you configured your Mobile Enrollment policy to allow the user to specify the device ownership (corporate or personal), you are prompted for that information. Tap **OK**. The device will be automatically enrolled to the zone.



9 The ZENworks Agent App Home screen is displayed, showing that the device is enrolled and active.



After the device is enrolled to the ZENworks Management Zone, you can view the device information in ZCC. To view the device information, from the left hand side navigation pane in ZCC, click **Devices** > **Mobile Devices** (or navigate to the folder as configured in the Mobile Enrollment Policy) and select the appropriate device. The enrollment mode will be displayed as **Android App.**

- 10 After ZENworks Agent app enrollment, based on the assigned Mobile Email Policy, an email is sent to the user with the corporate email account settings. This email can be accessed from the email client's web application or from any other device. With this information, the user needs to manually configure the email account on the device to send or receive corporate emails. You need to configure an SMTP server, to enable ZENworks to send these email notifications. For more information on configuring an SMTP server, see Event and Messaging Settings in the ZENworks Management Zone Settings Reference guide.
- 11 After configuring the corporate email account, the device will enroll and automatically reconcile to the device object that was initially created when the ZENworks Agent app enrollment was completed. The enrollment mode changes to Android App + ActiveSync on the Device Information page in ZCC. For more information, see "Viewing Device Information" on page 158.

NOTE: After configuring an ActiveSync account, if the device is unable to auto reconcile to the device object that was created after ZENworks Agent app enrollment and if **Allow Manual Reconciliation by User** is checked in the assigned Device Enrollment Policy, the user will be prompted to manually reconcile the device. For details, see Allowing Manual Reconciliation by User.

If a Mobile Email Policy is unassigned from the device that is enrolled to the ZENworks Management Zone, then the user receives an email stating that corporate emails cannot be sent or received on the device. You can edit the contents of this email in ZCC by navigating to Configuration > Management Zone Settings > Event and Messaging > Email Notifications. Click the relevant email and edit its contents.

13.9.3 Procedure: Enrolling an iOS Device

This scenario shows you how to enroll an iOS device as a fully managed device in your ZENworks Management Zone.

1 In the Safari browser on the iOS device, enter <code>ZENworks_server_address/zenworks-eup</code>, where <code>ZENworks_server_address</code> is the DNS name or IP address of the ZENworks MDM Server.

NOTE: Ensure that the Safari browser is not running in the private mode if the iOS version of the device is less than 11.

iOS devices 10.3 and later versions no longer use SHA-1 signed certificates. You need to move to SHA-256 certificates to ensure that the device enrolls to ZENworks successfully. For more information, see Apple Support (https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT207459).

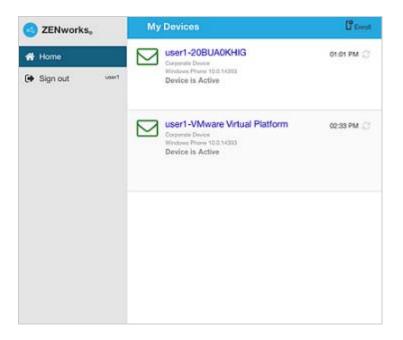
The login screen for the ZENworks User Portal is displayed. You use the ZENworks User Portal to enroll devices to the zone.



2 Enter the user's user name and password. If Allow Simple Enrollment option is selected for the user source to which the user belongs, then the registration domain need not be specified or else specify the registration domain. For information, see Section 4.2, "Enabling a User Source for Mobile Device Enrollment," on page 16. Tap Sign In.

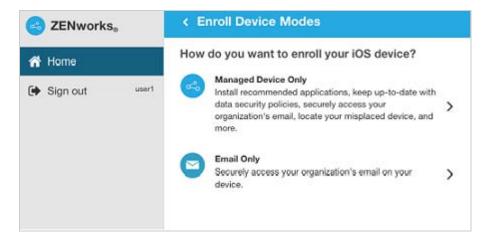
NOTE: If the Allow Simple Enrollment option is not enabled or the registration domain name is not configured, then you can specify the configured user source name in the **Domain** field while enrolling a device.

All devices associated with the user, are displayed in the ZENworks User Portal.

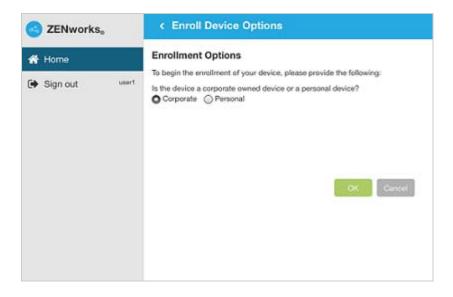


3 Tap Enroll in the upper-right corner to display the enrollment options for the device.

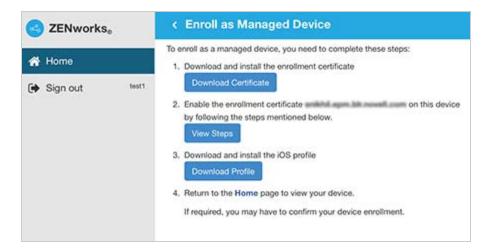
The enrollment options are determined by the user's Mobile Enrollment policy. For details, see "Creating a Mobile Enrollment Policy" on page 124.



4 Tap Managed Device Only to display the Enroll Device Options screen. If you have configured your Mobile Device Enrollment policy to allow the user to specify the device ownership (corporate or personal), you are prompted for that information. Select the appropriate device ownership option and click OK.

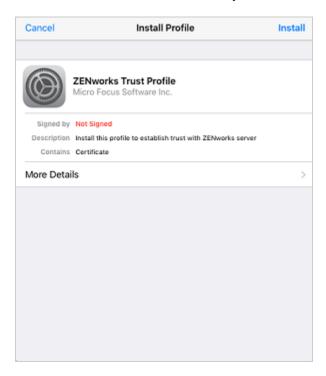


5 Tap Download Certificate to display the Install Profile screen.



6 Tap **Install** and follow the prompts to install the certificate and return to the Enroll as Managed Device screen.

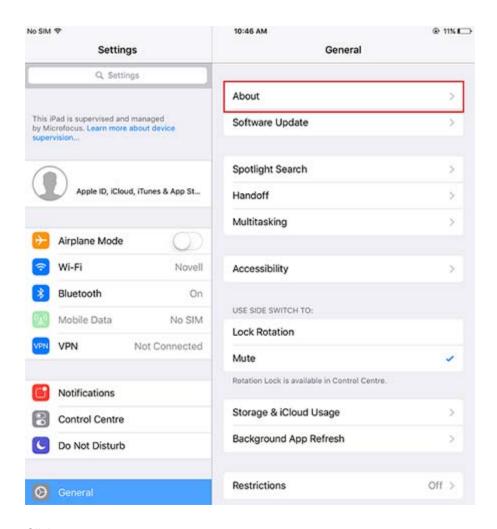
The ZENworks Trust Profile contains the certificate required for secure communication between the device and the ZENworks Primary Server.



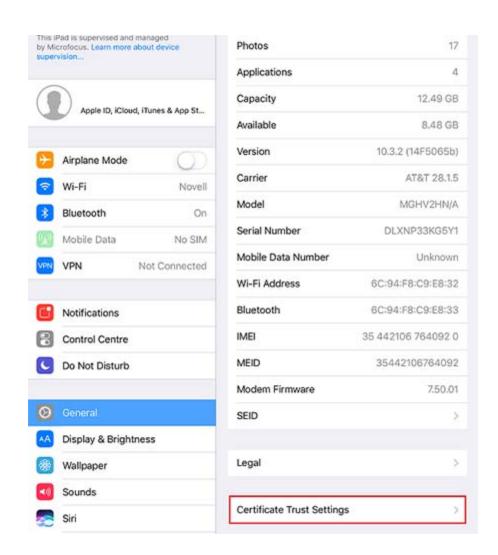
- **7** (Conditional) Enable the enrollment certificate on the device. This step will appear on devices running on iOS versions 10.3 or newer. To enable the certificate:
 - 7a Navigate to the Settings menu on the device and click General.



7b Click About.



7c Click Certificate Trust Settings.

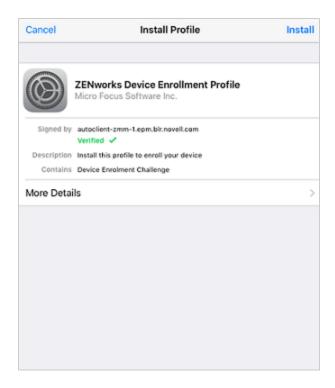


No SIM ❤ 10:46 AM @ 11% € Settings About **Certificate Trust Settings** Q Settings Trust Store Version 2016102100 This iPad is supervised and managed by Microfocus. Learn more about device ENABLE FULL TRUST FOR ROOT CERTIFICATES Apple ID, iCloud, iTunes & App St... Learn more about trusted certificates Airplane Mode Wi-Fi Novell Bluetooth On Mobile Data No SIM VPN Not Connected Notifications Control Centre

7d Enable the root certificate displayed on the screen.

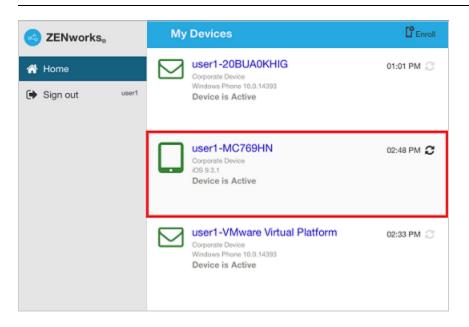
Do Not Disturb

- 8 Tap Download Profile in the Enroll as Managed Device screen, to display the profile install screen. Tap Install and follow the prompts to install the profile and return to the Enroll as Managed Device screen.
 - The ZENworks Device Enrollment Profile contains the MDM profile required for ZENworks to manage the device.



9 Tap Home to return to the Home page. The device is displayed in the My Devices list with the status as Enrollment in Progress. You need to refresh the browser to update the status to Device is Active.

NOTE: If the device remains in **Enrollment in Progress** state for a considerable amount of time, then in the ZENworks User Portal, tap the refresh icon appearing against the device.



At this point in time, you can view the enrollment mode on the Device Information page in ZCC. To view the device information, from the left hand side navigation pane in ZCC, click **Devices** > **Mobile Devices** (or navigate to the folder as configured in the Mobile Enrollment Policy) and select the appropriate device. The enrollment will be displayed as **iOS MDM**.

10 An email account is automatically set up on the device based on the Mobile Email Policy assigned to the user or the device.

NOTE: If an Exchange ActiveSync account was manually configured on the iOS device before it was enrolled, then it should be deleted as an email account will be automatically configured on the iOS device if a Mobile Email policy is assigned.

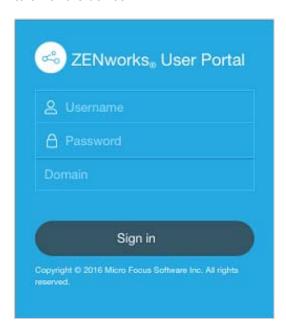
After the device is enrolled to the ZENworks Management Zone, the enrollment mode of the device is displayed as iOS MDM + ActiveSync on the Device Information page in ZCC.

13.9.4 Procedure: Enrolling an Email-only Device

This scenario shows you how to enroll a device as an Email Only device in your ZENworks Management Zone. This scenario details the procedure to enroll an iOS device as an Email Only Device.

1 In a browser on the device, enter <code>ZENworks_server_address/zenworks-eup</code>, where <code>ZENworks_server_address</code> is the DNS name or IP address of the ZENworks MDM Server.

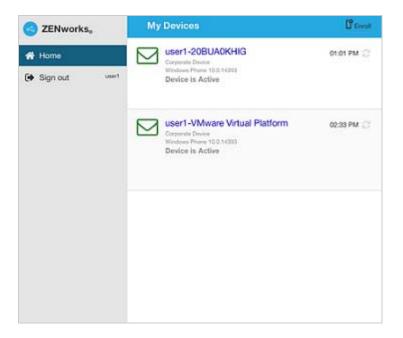
The login screen for the ZENworks User Portal is displayed. You use the ZENworks User Portal to enroll the device.



2 Enter the user's user name and password. If Allow Simple Enrollment option is selected for the user source to which the user belongs, then the registration domain need not be specified or else specify the registration domain. For information, see Section 4.2, "Enabling a User Source for Mobile Device Enrollment," on page 16. Tap Sign In.

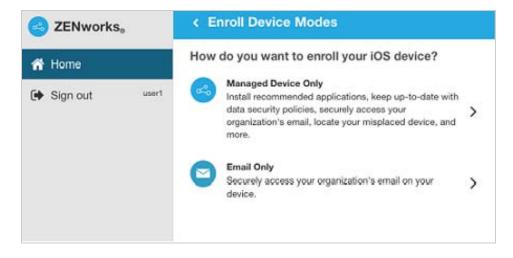
NOTE: If the Allow Simple Enrollment option is not enabled or the registration domain name is not configured, then you can specify the configured user source name in the **Domain** field while enrolling a device.

All devices associated with the user, are displayed in the ZENworks User Portal.

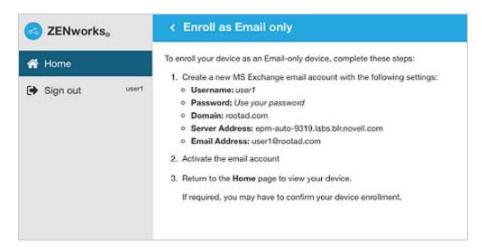


3 Tap Enroll on the upper-right corner, to display the enrollment options for the device.

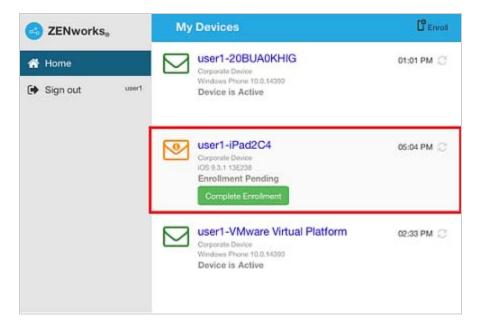
The enrollment options are determined by the user's Mobile Enrollment policy. For details, see "Creating a Mobile Enrollment Policy" on page 124.



4 Tap Email Only to display the Enroll as Email Only screen. Use the displayed information to create an email account for the user.

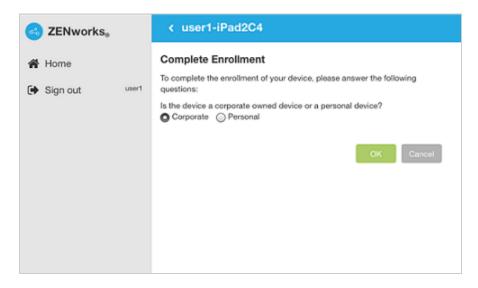


- 5 After the user configures the email account, an email is sent to the user stating that the enrollment process needs to be completed. You can edit the contents of this email in ZCC, by navigating to Configuration > Management Zone Settings > Event and Messaging > Email Notifications. Click the relevant email and edit its contents.
 - To complete the enrollment process, click the link to the ZENworks End User Portal provided in the email or visit the ZENworks End User Portal as described in Step 1.
- **6** On the ZENworks User Portal, the device is displayed in the My Devices list. At this point, the device has been added to the ZENworks Management Zone but is pending enrollment.

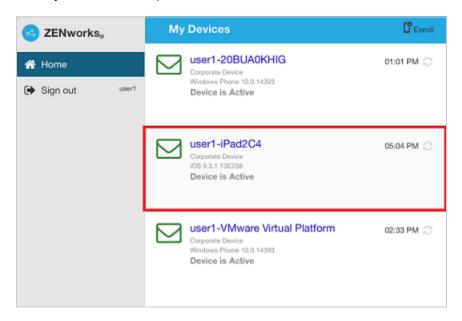


7 On the device, tap Complete Enrollment.

If you configured your Mobile Enrollment policy to allow the user to specify the device ownership (corporate or personal), you are prompted for that information. On the device, provide the required enrollment information, then tap **OK**.



8 The My Devices list is updated to show that the device is enrolled and active.



9 Verify that the device is receiving emails, by sending an email to the user from another account.

NOTE: If a Mobile Email policy is not assigned to the enrolled Email Only device or is unassigned from the already enrolled Email Only device, then an email is sent to the device stating that the user will be unable to send or receive corporate emails. You can edit the contents of this email in ZENworks Control Center by navigating to **Configuration > Management Zone Settings > Event and Messaging > Email Notifications**. Click the relevant email and edit the contents.

Also, if a Mobile Email policy is not assigned to the device enrolled as an Email Only device, the device can still be managed by the ZENworks Control Center wherein you can apply policies applicable for Email Only devices.

10 After the device is enrolled to the ZENworks Management Zone, the enrollment mode of the device is displayed as ActiveSync on the Device Information page in ZCC. To view the device information, from the left hand side navigation pane in ZCC, click Devices > Mobile Devices (or navigate to the folder as configured in the Mobile Enrollment Policy) and select the appropriate device.

13.10 Allowing Manual Reconciliation by User

When users attempt to enroll their devices, which they have previously enrolled, using the same enrollment mode or a different enrollment mode, ZENworks will update the existing device object in the management zone through reconciliation. However, for certain devices auto reconciliation might fail due to the following reasons:

- ZENworks is unable to access the IMEI number of certain non-cellular Android devices.
- ZENworks is unable to access the IMEI number of certain Android devices, as the IMEI number is masked.
- The ActiveSync ID of iOS devices change if they are reset to factory settings before re-enrolling.

Taking these scenarios into account, you can select the Allow manual reconciliation by user option while editing the Mobile Enrollment Policy.

If this feature is turned on and ZENworks is unable to reconcile with the existing device object, then a page is displayed that lets the user manually reconcile to the existing device object.

If the feature is turned off and ZENworks is unable to reconcile with the existing device object, then the device is automatically enrolled as a new device.

To enable this option:

- 1 Navigate to the Policies section in ZCC.
- 2 Click the relevant Mobile Enrollment Policy.
- 3 Click the **Details** tab.
- 4 Click Advanced Settings.
- 5 Click Allow Manual Reconciliation by User.
- 6 Click Apply.
- 7 Publish as a new policy or as a new version of the policy.

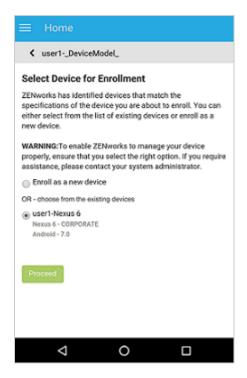
IMPORTANT: During manual reconciliation, it is important that the user selects the right option. If an incorrect option is selected, then ZENworks will be unable to manage the device properly. If the user has reconciled to an incorrect device object, then both the devices will have to be unenrolled from the ZENworks Management Zone.

Consider the following scenarios:

For Android Devices: A user has downloaded the ZENworks Agent app and completed the enrollment procedure as elaborated from Step 1 to Step 9 for a non-cellular Android device. Subsequently, a device object is created in the ZENworks Management Zone. Later, to enable ZENworks to manage corporate emails on the device, the user configures an ActiveSync account on

the same device. After configuring the ActiveSync account, since the IMEI number of this device is not available, ZENworks will be unable to reconcile the device with the existing device object that was created during the ZENworks Agent app enrollment.

In such a scenario, if Allow Manual Reconciliation by User is allowed in the Mobile Enrollment policy and if reconciliation fails, ZENworks sends a mail to the user to complete the enrollment process. When the user re-visits the ZENworks User Portal to complete ActiveSync enrollment, the user needs to select the appropriate device ownership type. Subsequently, the ZENworks User Portal will list all active Android devices associated with the user that are enrolled to the ZENworks Management Zone. The user can select the appropriate device to manually reconcile it to the existing device object. The user also has the option to select Enroll as New Device. Click Proceed.



NOTE: If for any reason, platform related information of the device could not be obtained by ZENworks, then the ZENworks User Portal will initially list all the platforms before listing all devices for manual reconciliation. The user needs to select the relevant platform of the device before proceeding further. This page will be displayed regardless of whether the **Allow manual reconciliation by user** option is selected or not.

In a scenario, wherein an Android device is already enrolled via the ActiveSync mode and the user is about to re-enroll the same device by downloading the ZENworks App, then as a part of manual reconciliation, the ZENworks App will display all active Android devices that are enrolled as Email Only (ActiveSync Only) devices and are associated with the same user.

For iOS devices: An iOS device that was initially enrolled via Email Only mode is fully wiped and retired. You have now unretired the device for the user to re-enroll the device back to the zone using the same enrollment mode. Since the ActiveSync IDs of the re-enrolled device changes, auto reconciliation fails.

In such a scenario, enable Allow Manual Reconciliation by User in the Mobile Enrollment Policy. When the user re-visits the ZENworks User Portal page to complete ActiveSync Only enrollment of the unretired device (see Procedure: Enrolling an Email-only Device) and after selecting the device ownership type, the ZENworks User Portal will list all active iOS devices associated with the user that

are enrolled to the ZENworks Management Zone. The user can select the appropriate device to manually reconcile the device to the existing device object. The user also has the option to select Enroll as New Device. Click Proceed.



14 Mana

Managing a Device

The following scenarios show you how to use the device management features available in ZENworks Control Center.

- Status Messages (page 157)
- Viewing Device Information (page 158)
- Viewing Apps Information (page 159)
- Organizing Devices into Dynamic Mobile Device Groups (page 160)
- Managing Email Notifications (page 161)
- Refreshing a Device (page 161)
- Locking and Unlocking a Device (page 163)
- Sending a Message to a Device (page 164)
- Mobile Device Inventory (page 165)
- Activation Lock (page 168)
- Unenrolling a Device (page 170)

14.1 Status Messages

Status messages give a quick indication of the status of the device. To view these messages, click **Devices** on the left navigation pane of ZENworks Control Center and click **Mobile Devices** (or navigate to the folder as configured in your Mobile Enrollment policy). The status icons that appear beside a device are as follows:

- No warning or error messages;
 - Warning messages;
 - Error messages;
 - No warning or error messages, bundle or policy assignment has failed.
 - Warning messages, bundle or policy assignment has failed.
 - Error messages; bundle or policy assignment has failed.
 - Retired device; inventory information is retained, but no policies or bundles are applied
 - The image is a second of the control of the control
 - Enrollment Pending; device object has been created in the ZENworks Management Zone and is waiting for enrollment to be completed on the device.

You can get more information about the warning and error messages by clicking the device and viewing the **Message Log** by navigating to the **Events and Logs** tab. You can get more information about bundle and policy status by clicking the device name and viewing the bundle or policy information on the device's Relationship page.

14.2 Viewing Device Information

After a device is enrolled to the ZENworks Management Zone, you can view the details of your enrolled device. To view this page:

- 1 Navigate to the **Devices** section in ZCC.
- 2 Click Mobile Devices.
- 3 Click the relevant device.

The Device Information page displays the following details:

- General Information, Network, Operating System, and Cellular: Provides general
 information about the device, its hardware, operating system, network configuration, and cellular
 network information.
- Last Connections: Shows when the device was last connected with the ZENworks system. If ZENworks also manages the device's ActiveSync connection, the date and time of the last ActiveSync connection is also displayed.
- **ZENworks Mobile App:** Displays the version of the ZENworks Agent App that is installed on the device. This is applicable for Android devices only.
- ActiveSync: Displays the ActiveSync Server version, the ActiveSync ID, and the User Agent that identifies the email client on the device.
- Administration: Displays information about the administrative owner and indicates if the device is a test device. If the device is not a test device, you can click Set to set the device as a test device. If the device is a test device, you can click Reset to reset the device to a non-test device. This section also provides additional information on whether the device is a DEP device, the department to which the device belongs, the site, the MDM Server to which the device is enrolled, and the location of the device.Click Edit to change the information in any of the fields.

NOTE: ZENworks will identify a device as a DEP device, only if this device is assigned to the relevant virtual MDM Server in the Apple portal. If a DEP enabled device is enrolled to ZENworks (using ZENworks User Portal) but is not assigned to the virtual MDM Server in the Apple portal, this device will not be identified as a DEP device.

- Device is Roaming: Indicates if the device is connecting through a network other than its home
 carrier network, as indicated by the Home carrier network field in the Network section. The
 "roaming" network is identified in the Current carrier network field, which is also displayed in the
 Network section.
- Data Roaming Enabled: Indicates if the device is allowed to use data while roaming.
- Device is Rooted (Android Only): Indicates if the device is configured for root access. This is applicable for Android devices only.
- Work Profile Mode (Android Only) Indicates if the Android device is enrolled in the work profile mode.
- **Device Capacity:** Provides information about the device's battery, internal storage, external storage, and RAM.
- Supervised (iOS only) Indicates that the device is in a supervised mode allowing extra restrictions to be imposed.

- Locater Service Enabled (iOS only) Indicates that the device allows certain apps to determine the users' approximate location.
- Activation Lock Enabled (iOS only) Indicates that unauthorized access to a user's device is restricted.
- **Do Not Disturb enabled (iOS only)** Indicates that notifications, alerts, and calls on a user's device are silenced while it is locked.
- iCloud Backup enabled (iOS only) Indicates that the device information is backed up on a daily basis to iCloud.
- iTunes Account Active (iOS only) Indicates that the iTunes account associated with the device is active.
- Device is Jailbroken (iOS only) Indicates that the software restrictions imposed by Apple are removed.

14.3 Viewing Apps Information

The apps information on a device can be viewed in the Apps page. The Apps page lists all the apps which are inventoried and assigned for a device.

To view the Apps page:

- 1 In ZCC, click Devices.
- 2 In the Devices page, click Mobile Devices.
- 3 In the Mobile Devices page, select a device and click Apps.

Following are some of the tasks that you can perform in the Apps page.

Task	Description
Export	You can export all the app information displayed in this page as a CSV file. Click Export > As CSV, which creates a ZIP folder. This ZIP folder contains a a CSV file, which contains all the app information that are displayed in the Apps page.
Search/Filter	You can filter the data displayed in this page by specifying either the App Name, Publisher, Bundle or the Package Name in the search field. You can further filter the data based on the App Type.
	To filter the data, click and select the appropriate option.
Show/Hide Columns	To arrange the columns in the summary page, click and select the columns that need to be displayed in the summary page.

Following are the columns available for display:

- Name: Displays name of the app.
- Version: Displays version of the app.
- **Publisher:** Displays the name of the app publisher.
- Package Name: Displays the package name that is associated with the app.

- cost: Displays the cost associated with the app. The app can be free, free with in-app purchases
 or paid.
- App Size: Displays the size of the app in MBs.
- App Store ID: Displays the app store ID. This is displayed only for iOS devices.
- Region: Displays the name of the geographical location from where the app was installed.
- App Type: Displays the type of app. The app type can be any one of the following:
 - **System:** : Apps that are either a part of the operating system or installed on the device by the device manufacturer. System apps are displayed only for Android devices.
 - Managed: Apps that are managed through ZENworks. A managed app is one that was deployed through ZENworks to a device.
 - Non-managed: Apps that are installed by the user that are not managed through ZENworks. A non-managed app is an app that was installed on the device before enrolling with ZENworks, or an app that was downloaded directly from the device without being deployed through ZENworks.
- Installation Status: Displays the installation status of the app. The status can either be installed
 or not installed. The status is not installed when the app is assigned, but not installed on the
 device.
- **Trusted App:** Displays whether the app is trusted or not. If the app is not installed from Google Play Store (Android) or App Store (iOS), then it is considered as a not trusted app.
- App Store Type: Displays whether the app is downloaded from Google Play (Android) or App Store (iOS).
- Apple VPP App: Displays Yes if the app is managed by the Apple Volume Purchase Program (VPP).
- Enterprise App: Displays Yes if the app is distributed through Self-hosted private apps or Google-hosted private apps.
- Bundle Name: Displays the name of the bundle through which the app was installed on the
 device. If the app was installed through one bundle, then the bundle name link is displayed. If
 multiple bundles were assigned for the same app, the View Bundles link is displayed instead of
 the bundle name link. Click the link to access the bundles page that displays the list of bundles.

14.4 Organizing Devices into Dynamic Mobile Device Groups

Using ZENworks Control Center, you can manage devices by performing tasks directly on individual device objects. However, to optimize management of a large number of devices, ZENworks lets you organize devices into dynamic groups; you can then perform tasks on these groups to manage its devices. With a dynamic group, you define criteria that a device must meet to be a member of the group, and then devices that meet the criteria are automatically added.

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click the **Devices** tab.
- 2 Click the Mobile Devices folder.
- 3 Click New > Dynamic Mobile Device Group to launch the Create New Group Wizard.
- 4 On the Basic Information page, type a name for the new group in the **Group Name** field, then click **Next**.
- 5 On the Define Filter for Group Members page, select the group on which the filters are to be applied and then define the criteria that a device must meet to become a member of the group, then click **Next**.

For example: you can add a filter to specify that the mobile device platform should be Android and you can add another filter to specify the owner of the Android device.

6 On the Summary page, click Finish to create the group.

ZCC automatically refreshes the group members based on the settings configured in Configuration > Device Management > Dynamic Group Refresh Schedule. However, you can manually update the dynamic group by selecting the group and navigating to Group > Actions > Update Group Membership.

14.5 Managing Email Notifications

Email notifications are pre-configured mails that ZENworks sends to devices to notify users about specific activities. Currently, the following email notifications are sent to the device:

- Invite Users: This email notification is an invite for users to enroll their mobile devices to
 ZENworks. The default message contains information on the steps that the user needs to
 perform to enroll the device, based on the device operating system. However, you can modify
 this message to suit your requirements. To send this email notification to specific users, you
 need to navigate to the Users section in ZCC, select a user folder or a user, and click Action >
 Invite Users.
- Device pending enrollment: Notification is sent when the device is registered to the ZENworks
 Management Zone but the enrollment process is not complete. The user needs to complete the
 enrollment process by logging in to the ZENworks end-user portal. When this notification is sent
 to the device, the term <HOSTNAME> in the default message, will be replaced with the server
 address to which the device is registered.
- Email account not provisioned: Notification is sent when the user is unable to send or receive organizational emails on the device due to one of the following reasons:
 - Mobile Email Policy is not yet assigned to a device that has enrolled to the ZENworks Management Zone.
 - Mobile Email Policy is unassigned from a device that is enrolled to the ZENworks Management Zone.

To edit the content within each of these notifications, navigate to Configuration > Management Zone Settings > Event and Messaging > Email Notifications.

ZENworks lets you send these email notifications in multiple languages. You need to specify the language in which the email notification is to be sent, in the Mobile Enrollment Policy. For more information, see Editing Mobile Enrollment Policy.

To edit the email messages in these languages, click any of these notifications, select the language from the drop-down menu, and edit the contents of the email in that language. The **Custom** option will display the notification content that was created in the previous release. Also, if a particular language is not listed in the drop-down menu, then you can select **Custom** and edit the email message.

14.6 Refreshing a Device

A device refresh can be initiated in the following ways:

- Scheduled Refresh
- Manually Triggered Refresh
 - Quick Task Refresh initiated by the Administrator.
 - ZENworks User Portal or ZENworks Agent App refresh initiated by the end user.

14.6.1 Initiating a Scheduled Refresh

The Device Refresh schedule lets you define how often a device contacts the ZENworks Server to update information such as policies and bundles.

During a scheduled device refresh, data from the ZENworks Server cache is read and delivered to the device. Therefore, if an action is assigned to a device you need to wait until the server cache is updated with the assignment, which is determined by the value specified in Assignment Optimization Settings. For more information on Assignment Optimization Settings, see Infrastructure Management Settings in ZENworks Management Zone Settings Reference.

This schedule can be defined at three levels:

Management Zone: The schedule is inherited by all device folders and devices. To configure this setting, navigate to Configuration > Management Zone Settings > Device Management > Device Refresh and Removal Schedule.

Device Folder: The schedule is inherited by all devices contained within the folder or its subfolders. Overrides the Management Zone refresh schedule. To configure this setting, navigate to **Devices** > <Folder (Details)> > Settings > Device Management > Device Refresh and Removal Schedule.

Device: The schedule applies only to the device for which it is configured. Overrides the refresh schedules set at the Management Zone and folder levels. To configure this setting, navigate to Devices > <Select a Device> > Settings> Device Management > Device Refresh and Removal Schedule>

NOTE: If you are configuring this setting at a Device Folder or at Device level, then you need to click **Override** or else the default setting will apply.

Timed Refresh

This option ensures that for multiple devices that have the same refresh schedule, the ZENworks Server does not initiate their refresh at the same time. The default value is 120 minutes and the minimum value that you need to set is 60 minutes. For example, if you have 1000 devices with the same refresh schedule, you might overburden your ZENworks Server. By selecting this option, the server waits a randomly generated amount of time before initiating the refresh on these devices.

To define the refresh schedule fill in the following fields:

- 1 Fill in the following fields to define the schedule:
 - **Days, Hours, Minutes:** Specifies the maximum amount of time within which the mobile devices should refresh. For example, to set the refresh time as 8.5 hours, you would specify 0 Days, 8 Hours, 30 Minutes.
- 2 Click Apply to save the settings.

14.6.2 Manually Triggered Refresh

If you do not want to specify a refresh schedule, then select Manual Refresh on the Device Refresh and Removal Schedule page (Configuration > Device Management > Device Refresh and Removal Schedule). This option lets users manually initiate a refresh. Manual refresh can be initiated by:

- Using the Refresh Device quick task.
- Using the Refresh icon on the ZENworks Agent App or the ZENworks User Portal.

During a device refresh initiated manually, ZENworks bypasses the server cache and it retrieves the latest updates and send these updates to the devices.

Refresh Device Quick Task

You can initiate a device refresh through a ZENworks Control Center quick task. The quick task sends a synchronization request to the device. When the device connects to the ZENworks Primary Server, it uploads updated device information and receives configuration changes (for example, policy changes) that have not already been sent to the device. This quick task is applicable for Android and iOS devices that are enrolled as fully managed devices in the management zone.

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click Devices > Mobile Devices to display your enrolled mobile devices.
- 2 Select the check box in front of the Android or iOS device you want to refresh, click Quick Tasks
 > Refresh Device to display the Refresh Device quick task.
- 3 Retain the default values of the quick task options and click Start to initiate the device refresh.
- 4 Click Hide to close the quick task, after the quick task is initiated.
- 5 Click in the upper-right corner of the Devices list to refresh the list.

 The device's Last Contact time is updated to show the refresh time.
- **6** (Optional) Click the device to show its properties, then review the Device Information page for any updated device information. For more information, see "Viewing Device Information" on page 158.

Refresh Device on the User Portal or the ZENworks App

Click the Refresh icon on the ZENworks User Portal for iOS devices or the ZENworks Agent app for Android Devices. When a refresh is initiated from the device, the device connects to the ZENworks server, it uploads updated device information and receives configuration changes (for example, policy changes) that have not already been sent to the device.

14.7 Locking and Unlocking a Device

14.7.1 Locking a Device

You can remotely lock a lost or a stolen device from ZENworks Control Center by using the **Lock Device** quick task. If passcode restriction is already enabled on the device, then the user can unlock the device by only entering the set passcode. This quick task is applicable for Android and iOS devices that are enrolled as fully managed devices in the management zone.

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click Devices > Mobile Devices to display your enrolled mobile devices.
- 2 Select the check box in front of the Android or iOS device, click Quick Tasks > Lock Device to display the Lock Device quick task.
- 3 Specify a reason for locking the device. Additionally, for iOS devices, you can specify a call back phone number that can be called back when the device is found, along with a message. The call back phone number and the message are displayed on the lock screen of the device on which a passcode is enabled.

- 4 Click Next to display the quick task options.
- 5 Retain the default values of the quick task options and click Start.
- 6 Click Hide to close the quick task after the quick task is initiated.

14.7.2 Unlocking a Device

The Unlock Device quick task removes the passcode restriction on devices. This task can be performed on only a single device at any given point in time. For Android devices, you need to specify the reason for unlocking the device along with the new passcode. The new passcode will be set immediately after the previous passcode is cleared on the device. For iOS devices, you only need to specify the reason for unlocking the device. This quick task is applicable for Android and iOS devices that are enrolled as fully managed devices in the management zone.

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click **Devices > Mobile Devices** to display your enrolled mobile devices.
- 2 Select the check box in front of the Android or iOS device, click Quick Tasks > Unlock Device to display the Unlock Device quick task.
- 3 For Android devices, specify the reason for unlocking the device along with the new passcode. The new passcode will be set immediately after the previous passcode is cleared on the device. In the case of an iOS device, you only need to specify the reason for unlocking the device.
- 4 Click Next to display the quick task options.
- 5 Retain the default values of the quick task options and click Start.
- 6 Click Hide to close the quick task after the quick task is initiated.

NOTE: The Unlock quick task is not applicable for Android devices enrolled in the work profile mode.

14.8 Sending a Message to a Device

You can send a message from ZENworks Control Center to an Android device that is enrolled as a fully managed device. The message consists of a subject and a body (140 character limit). It shows up as a notification on the device, if notifications are turned on for the ZENworks Agent app.

14.8.1 Procedure

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click Devices > Mobile Devices to display your enrolled mobile devices.
- 2 Select the check box in front of the Android device you want to refresh, click Quick Tasks > Send Message to display the Send Message dialog box.
- 3 Provide a subject and message, then click Next to display the quick task options.
- 4 Leave the quick task options set to the defaults and click Start to send the message.
- **5** Click **Hide** to close the quick task, after the quick task is initiated.
- 6 On the Android device, open the Notification area to view the message.

14.9 Mobile Device Inventory

The existing ZENworks Asset inventory module feature is enhanced to collect mobile inventory details. The mobile inventory retrieves various hardware and software information from mobile devices.

The following table lists software and hardware information collected from mobile devices:

Table 14-1 Mobile Inventory details

Data	Inventoried Information
Software	Operating System, and system apps, managed and non-managed app details.
	App details such as app name, app version, publisher name, package name and app size are collected.
Hardware	System information such as device serial number, MAC address, LAN adapter, RAM, memory modules, free space and total disk space details are collected.

- A managed app is one that is deployed through ZENworks to a device.
- A non-managed app is an app that was installed on the device before enrolling with ZENworks, or an app that was downloaded directly on the device without being deployed through ZENworks.

Depending on the type of device platform, following information is collected:

- Android: Managed, non-managed and system app details.
 - If an Android device is enrolled in the work profile mode, then only system and managed app details are collected.
- iOS: Managed and non-managed app details.

NOTE: If a device is enrolled as an Email only (ActiveSync Only) device, then only device information is collected.

14.9.1 Mobile Inventory Scan

By default, mobile inventory details are collected once in 24 hours. However, inventory schedule can be configured by modifying the mobileinventory.properties file. This is the schedule in which inventory data is collected.

NOTE: Inventory is collected along with device refresh. If inventory is scheduled for 3 hours, inventory is collected on or after 3 hours depending on when the device is refreshed.

In the ZENworks 2017 Update 2 release, mobile inventory can be scheduled only by modifying the mobileinventory.properties file. In subsequent releases, mobile inventory can be scheduled from ZENworks Control Center.

To configure the inventory scan schedule:

1 Open the property file.

On Windows: %ZENWORKS_HOME%/conf

On Linux: /etc/opt/novell/zenworks/mobileinventory.properties

2 Edit the InventoryScheduleinHours parameter.

By default, **InventoryScheduleinHours** is 24. Based on requirements, you can modify the parameter.

Following are some of the features that can be configured in the mobile inventory property file.

- Mobile Inventory Scan: You can configure the InventoryEnabled parameter to enable or disable the mobile inventory scan. The valid values for InventoryEnabled can be True or False.
- Collect Non-managed App details: You can configure the CollectNonManagedAPP
 parameter to enable or disable the collection of non-managed app details. The valid values for
 CollectNonManagedAPP can be True or False.
- Collect System App details: You can configure the CollectSystemApp parameter to enable
 or disable collection of the system app details. The valid values for CollectSystemApp can be
 True or False.

NOTE: If the mobileinventory.properties file is modified in one Primary Server, ensure that you make similar changes in other Primary Servers in the zone. The settings configured in the mobileinventory.properties file is applied at zone level.

After configuring the inventory scan schedule, you can also configure the device refresh schedule in ZCC as the inventory details will be collected only when the device is refreshed. For more information, see Section 14.6, "Refreshing a Device," on page 161.

Consider a scenario, where the inventory collection and device refresh is scheduled for every 3 and 2 hours, respectively. The refresh on a specific device is performed at 12:00 PM, 2:00 PM and 4:00 PM. The inventory scan triggers at 3:00 PM. The inventory details are collected and populated in ZCC only after 4:00 PM (when the device is refreshed) based on the scan that was triggered at 4:00 PM.

14.9.2 Viewing Mobile Inventory

Mobile inventory details can be viewed in the Apps page or in the Reports page.

For more information, see Section 14.3, "Viewing Apps Information," on page 159 and Using Reports in the ZENworks Asset Inventory Reference.

Like servers and workstations, you can view standard or create a custom report.

- "Viewing Standard Reports for Mobile Devices" on page 166
- "Creating Custom Reports for Mobile Devices" on page 167

IMPORTANT: While creating custom report of type Software applications for mobile devices, ensure that you select Mobile Applications in the Focus section.

Viewing Standard Reports for Mobile Devices

Viewing an inventory report for a mobile device is similar to viewing an inventory report for a Workstation or a Servers. The existing standard reports are modified to display mobile device information along with servers and workstation reports.

The standard report includes mobile device details retrieved from mobile devices in a zone.

To view a standard reports:

- 1. In ZCC, click Reports,
- 2. In the Inventory Standards Reports panel, click any Group folder, and then click the required report.

For more information, see Using Inventory Standard Reports in the ZENworks Asset Inventory Reference

Creating Custom Reports for Mobile Devices

In ZCC, you can create a custom report to collect mobile application data.

To create a custom report of type Software Application focusing on Mobile Application:

- 1 In ZCC, click Reports.
- 2 Select or create an Inventory Custom Reports folder.
- 3 In the folder, click New.
- 4 In the Custom Report Definition page, perform the following and click Continue:
 - Specify the name for the report
 - In the Type section, select Software Applications.
 - In the Focus section, select Mobile Applications.
- 5 Fill in the following fields:
 - Name: Specify the name of the report.
 - Folder: Select a folder where you want to save the report.
 - **Description:** Specify a description for your report.
 - Type: This field is display only. It shows the report type you selected.
 - Columns: From the list on the left, select what data you want to include in your report. Use
 the arrow icons to move the selected data to the list on the right. Use Ctrl+click to select
 more than one option at a time. Use the up and down icons to arrange how you want the
 data displayed.
 - Some of the newly added columns for mobile devices include Application Package Name, Application Platform, Application ID, Application Type, Story Type, Application Size (MB) and Enterprise Application.
 - Criteria: Select your filter criteria in the Field, Operator, and Value fields. Use the + icons to
 add filters; click the icon to delete a filter. Click OR or AND to toggle back and forth
 between the two operators.
 - Summary Criteria: Select your summary filter criteria in the Field, Operator, and Value fields. Use the + icons to add filters; click the icon to delete a filter. Click OR or AND to toggle back and forth between the two operators.
- 6 Click Save.

For more information, see Using Inventory Custom Reports in the ZENworks Asset Inventory Reference.

14.10 Activation Lock

Activation Lock is a security feature on Apple devices that runs on iOS 7 or later versions. Using this feature you can prevent the reactivation of lost or stolen devices.

Activation Lock is enabled automatically when you turn on the Find My Device feature on a device. To enable Find My Device, log into iCloud account on device.

If you sign out of the iCloud account on your device, Find My Device and Activation Lock will be disabled.

If Find My Device is enabled on a device, iCloud credentials are required to:

- · Erase the device
- · Reactivate the device
- Turn off the Find My Device feature

In a corporate environment, if Activation Lock is enabled on a corporate-owned fully managed iOS supervised device, iCloud credentials are required to reset the device and assign it to another user. If iCloud credentials of the user are not available, then administrators can use the Activation Lock Bypass feature to bypass the Activation Lock on the device.

14.10.1 Activation Lock Bypass Code

Activation lock bypass code is a 16 digit alpha-numeric series, which can be used to bypass the activation lock on an iOS device. The bypass code lets you to bypass Activation Lock from supervised devices without the user's iCloud credentials.

14.10.2 Enabling Activation Lock Bypass

Prior to enabling Activation Lock Bypass on an iOS device, ensure that the device is supervised and enrolled via MDM.

To enable Activation Lock Bypass:

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click Configuration.
- 2 In the Management Zone Settings panel, click Device Management, and then click iOS Device Settings.
- 3 In the iOS Device Settings page, select the **Enable Activation Lock Bypass** checkbox, and then click **Apply**.

NOTE: By default, Activation Lock Bypass will be enabled on all devices in the Management Zone.

Retrieving the Activation Lock Bypass Code

When an iOS supervised device is enrolled to a zone, the Activation Lock Bypass code is automatically retrieved from the device. The retrieved bypass code is encrypted and stored in the ZENworks database.

NOTE

- After enrolling the device to a ZENworks zone, the activation lock bypass code is automatically deleted from the device.
- Whenever a device is reset, a new Activation Lock Bypass code is generated. Hence, it is recommended that you reset the device before enrolling the device to a zone.

For issues related to the Activation Lock Bypass code, see Appendix A, "Troubleshooting," on page 173.

Disabling Activation Lock Bypass

To disable Activation Lock Bypass, uncheck the **Enable Activation Lock Bypass** checkbox in the iOS device Settings page.

NOTE: You can reactivate the device using the Activation Lock Bypass code only if the Activation Lock Bypass feature is enabled on the device. Hence, it is recommended that you always enable the setting in ZCC.

14.10.3 Viewing the Activation Lock Bypass Code in ZCC

After enrolling a device to a zone, perform the following steps to view the Activation Lock Bypass code:

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click Devices.
- 2 In the Devices page, click **Mobile Devices**, and then select the device for which you want to view the bypass code.
- 3 In the Device Information page, under the Administration section, click Show, adjacent to Activation Lock Bypass Code.

The 16 digit Activation Lock Bypass code for the selected device is displayed.

NOTE: Administrators with View Activation Lock Bypass Code rights can view the bypass code.

Exporting the Activation Lock Bypass Code

The Activation Lock Bypass codes in the zone can be exported by running the zman malbetf command. The command exports the Activation Lock Bypass codes of all supervised iOS devices in the zone to a ZIP file.

NOTE: Only super admins have rights to execute the command.

For more information, see the ZENworks Command Line Utilities Reference.

14.10.4 Activating the Device Using the Activation Lock Bypass Code

If Activation Lock is enabled on the device, iCloud credentials are required to reset the device. To reactivate the device, you should provide the iCloud credentials that was used to enable the activation lock. If iCloud credentials are not available, then the Activation Lock Bypass code can be used to reactivate the device.

To reactivate the device using the Activation Lock Bypass code:

- 1. Either unenroll the device from ZCC by selecting Fully wipe the devices, resetting them to factory setting or reset the device by using Apple Configurator.
 - For more information, see Section 14.11, "Unenrolling a Device," on page 170.
- 2. When prompted for Apple ID and password, leave the Apple ID field empty and enter the 16 digit bypass code in the password field without specifying the dashes.

NOTE: You can reactivate the device using the Activation Lock Bypass code only if Activation Lock Bypass is enabled on the device.

14.11 Unenrolling a Device

You can unenroll devices through ZENworks Control Center. You can choose whether the unenrolled device is to be deleted from the ZENworks Management Zone or to be retired (remains in the zone but is inactive). You can also choose to fully wipe the data and reset the device to its factory settings or selectively wipe the data on the device (corporate data and email only).

NOTE: The Selective Wipe action is not performed on devices enrolled as ActiveSync Only devices. For a fully managed iOS device, this option removes the fully managed profile along with the remotely configured ActiveSync profile. However, if the ActiveSync profile was manually configured, then this option retains it. For Android devices, the **Selective Wipe** option removes the app and retains the ActiveSync configuration.

Therefore, if you want to delete or retire a device that is enrolled as iOS MDM + ActiveSync or Android App + ActiveSync, then you need to perform a full wipe of the device.

During unenrollment, if VPP apps are installed on the device, then these apps are automatically uninstalled from the device. However, for App Store Apps (distributed using iOS App Store App bundles) the apps are uninstalled based on the configured app settings (Retain App on Unenrollment).

14.11.1 Procedure

- 1 In ZENworks Control Center, click Devices > Mobile Devices to display your enrolled mobile devices.
- 2 Select the check box in front of the mobile device, click Quick Tasks > Unenroll Device to display the Unenroll dialog box.

- 3 Select the data removal option for the device, that is, Selectively Wipe the devices, by removing only corporate data and email or Fully wipe the devices, resetting them to factory setting. Select Delete the devices from the zone or select Retire the devices (devices remain in the zone). Enter a reason for unenrolling the device, then click Next to display the quick task options.
- 4 Leave the quick task options set to the defaults and click Start to send the task to the device.
- 5 Click Hide to close the quick task after the quick task is initiated.

The quick task will not complete if the ZENworks Primary Server is unable to contact the device. In this case, you can close the quick task, refresh the **Devices** list, select the mobile device, and click **Delete** to remove the device from the management zone.

NOTE: If the device is offline and the **Delete** option is selected, then the status of the device changes to **Wipe Pending**. Subsequently, the device will be deleted when it is online. However, if **Retire** is selected, then the device status changes to **Retired** irrespective of whether the device is online or offline.

6 Click **S** in the upper-right corner of the Devices list to refresh the list.

If the **Delete the devices from the zone** option was selected, then the device is no longer listed. However, if the **Retire the devices** option was selected, then the device will be listed with the status as retired.

NOTE: If a device is in **Retired** or **Wipe Pending** status and if an iOS bundle created through an Apple VPP subscription is assigned to the device, then the app will be uninstalled and the license will be revoked. However, if the VPP related iOS bundle is assigned to the user, then the app will be uninstalled and the license revoked, if the device is the only device associated with the user.

If a device is in Retired or Wipe Pending state, then to remove this device from the ZENworks system, select the device and click Delete.



Troubleshooting

This section provide solutions to the problems you might encounter while using the Mobile Management feature.

If any of the ZCC operations fail, then you can check the following logs for additional details:

- loader-messages.log: which can be accessed from the following locations:
 - On a Windows Server: %ZENWORKS_HOME%\logs\loader-messages.log
 - On Linux Server: /var/opt/novell/log/zenworks/loader-messages.log
- services-messages.log: which can be accessed from the following locations:
 - On a Windows Server: %ZENWORKS_HOME%\logs\services-messages.log
 - On Linux Server: /var/opt/novell/log/zenworks/services-messages.log
- zcc.log: which can be accessed from the following locations:
 - On a Windows Server: %ZENWORKS_HOME%\logs\zcc.log
 - On Linux Server: /var/opt/novell/log/zenworks/zcc.log

NOTE: References to %ZENWORKS_HOME% indicates the following default path that can be changed during installation: C: \Program Files\Novell\ZENworks.

- Section A.1, "Apple DEP," on page 173
- Section A.2, "MDM Servers," on page 174
- Section A.3, "Push Notifications," on page 175
- Section A.4, "ActiveSync," on page 176
- Section A.5, "Enrollment," on page 178
- Section A.6, "Quick Tasks," on page 178
- Section A.7, "Apple Volume Purchase Program," on page 179
- Section A.8, "Policies," on page 179
- Section A.9, "Bundles," on page 180
- Section A.10, "Android Enterprise," on page 181
- Section A.11, "ZENworks Agent App," on page 182
- Section A.12, "Miscellaneous," on page 183

A.1 Apple DEP

DEP enrollment fails if the user initially skips applying the MDM Profile on the device

Explanation: While enrolling a device through Apple DEP, if the user initially skips DEP

enrollment (if Allow user to skip applying the MDM profile on the device is enabled in the assigned DEP profile) and returns to the previous page to allow

DEP enrollment, then the enrollment fails.

Action: To enroll the device, reset the device to its factory settings.

DEP enrollment does not proceed further after specifying assigned user credentials

Source: Mobile Management

Explanation: During DEP enrollment, if the device is assigned to a specific user and the user

specifies their login credentials, DEP enrollment might not proceed to the next

screen.

Action: Ensure that the user credentials entered are correct.

DEP enrollment fails while re-enrolling a retired device

Source: Mobile Management

Explanation: A device that was retired by another user is now being re-enrolled via Apple

DEP. However, DEP enrollment fails after the new user enters his/her

credentials.

Action: Ensure that you delete the device object of the retired device in ZCC, before you

proceed with re-enrollment.

A.2 MDM Servers

While configuring access controls to secure an MDM Server, Administration access is denied for all

Explanation: While configuring access controls to secure an MDM Server, Administration

access is denied for all and ZCC remains inaccessible except from the server in

which the access was allowed or denied.

Action: Change the configuration by accessing ZCC from the MDM Server in which the

access was denied. You can access ZCC in the following ways:

• Enter the Server IP.

Enter https://localhost (applicable for IPv4 addresses only)

• Enter the loopback address.

If you are still unable to access ZCC, then delete the configuration file access-filters.json from the directory available at <code>%ZENWORKS_HOME%/share/tomcat/conf</code>. Restart the MDM server. Administration access will be allowed for all. You need to navigate back to ZCC and re-configure the access controls.

After configuring access controls to secure an MDM Server, an IP address of a device that is denied access is still able to contact the ZENworks Server

Explanation: While securing an MDM Server, a specific IP address of a device is denied

access to the server. However, this device is still able to contact the MDM Server.

Action: Enable the Tomcat valve logging to check the logs. For more information, see

Tomcat Valve Logging in ZENworks Configuration Management - Best Practices

Guide.

Also, check whether the device is communicating with the ZENworks Server using a proxy server. If so, you need to deny access to the IP address of the

proxy server, if other devices are not using this proxy server.

Mobile devices are unable to contact the ZENworks Server

Source: ZENworks Mobile Management

Explanation: Mobile devices are unable to communicate with the MDM Server.

Action: Verify that the Primary Server, to which the device is enrolled, still has the MDM

Server Role. Since mobile devices contact the MDM Server to which they are enrolled and if mobile devices are enrolled to a server that you have chosen to remove from the zone, then you will have to re-enroll these mobile devices to the zone using another MDM Server. Before re-enrollment, ensure that you delete the corresponding device objects in ZCC. However, if you are upgrading or replacing the MDM Server with another server, then the enrolled devices will

automatically reconcile with the replaced server.

NOTE: Also, if you delete all the MDM Servers in the zone, then the Push Notifications configuration (APNs and GCM) will be automatically deleted.

APNs keystore fails to replicate on a newly added MDM Server in the zone

Source: ZENworks Mobile Management

Explanation: When a new MDM Server is added in the zone, the APNs keystore is replicated

on this server by retrieving the keystore from one of the existing MDM Servers. This will ensure that the newly added MDM Server also has the capability to communicate with the APNs server. However, if the existing MDM Server is not connected to the network, the APNs keystore fails to replicate on

the new MDM Server.

Action: When you add a new MDM Server to the zone, ensure that all the MDM Servers

are online. After you ensure that the existing MDM Servers are online, remove the MDM role from the newly added MDM Server and re-assign it to the same

server.

A.3 Push Notifications

APNs certificate import fails

Explanation: While configuring the Apple Push Notification service in ZENworks, APNs

certificate import fails.

Action: Check the ZCC.log or the service-messages.log of the MDM Servers. If the

failure is due some issue with the APNs Keystore, try restarting the server and then import the certificate. If CertificateNotYetValidException is displayed

as the reason for failure, then this indicates that the MDM Server time is ahead of the certificate creation time. You need to wait for a while and then try importing the certificate.

Push notifications to enrolled devices will not work as expected, if the APNs certificate has expired and a new certificate is imported

Source: ZENworks Mobile Management

Explanation: When the existing APNs certificate has expired and you create a new certificate

in the Apple Push Certificates portal and import it to ZENworks, then the push notifications to mobile devices, which were enrolled using the earlier certificate,

will not work as expected.

Action: Re-enroll the devices. As a best practice, if the APNs certificate has expired, it is

recommended that you Renew the certificate in the Apple Push Certificates portal instead of creating a new certificate. For details, see Renewing an Expired

APNs Certificate.

While migrating from Google Cloud Messaging (GCM) to Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM), an error is displayed if the Project Number does not match with that of the existing GCM project

Explanation: While migrating from GCM to FCM, the following error message is displayed on

uploading the .JSON file: "The Project Number included in this .JSON file does not match with the Project Number specified in the existing GCM project. Ensure

that the .JSON file includes the correct Project Number".

Action: While migrating the GCM project to FCM, use the same login credentials that

was used to create the GCM project.

If you are unable to obtain these credentials, then execute the zman sgd command to remove the existing GCM values from the ZENworks database. Restart the ZENworks services and then proceed to upload the .JSON file to

configure the new FCM project.

A.4 ActiveSync

If a device enrolled as an ActiveSync Only device is fully wiped and deleted, then re-enrollment of the same device fails

Source: ZENworks Mobile Management

Explanation: If a device that is enrolled as an ActiveSync Only device is fully wiped and

deleted using the Unenroll quick task, then you will be unable to re-enroll the

same device to the ZENworks Management Zone.

Action: In the database, the TobeDeleted value for the device object in the zZENObject

table, should be updated to 1.

Email accounts might not work properly on some mobile devices if an ActiveSync server is added after the devices are enrolled

Source: ZENworks Mobile Management

Explanation: If a device is already enrolled to the ZENworks Management Zone and an

ActiveSync server is configured later, then the email accounts on some of these

devices might not receive emails.

Action: For Android devices:

 You might be prompted to re-enter your account password. If this does not work, either initiate a Refresh action on the email account configured on the device or initiate a Refresh action from the Settings menu on the device.

For Windows devices:

Delete and re-create the email account on the device.

NOTE: For iOS devices, the email client might display an error message a couple of times, after which you will start receiving emails on the device.

As a best practice, it is advisable to configure an ActiveSync server before a device is enrolled to the ZENworks Management Zone.

Email accounts cannot be re-configured, if remote wipe is initiated on the ActiveSync Server.

Source: ZENworks Mobile Management

Explanation: If a remote wipe is initiated directly from the ActiveSync Server, then the email

account configured on the device will stop receiving emails. However, the device object is retained in ZENworks Control Center. Whenever the user tries to re-

create the email account, the data on the device is wiped.

Action: As a best practice, it is advisable to fully wipe and retire the device.

Subsequently, you can click **Delete** to remove the device from the zone.

During email account configuration, user authentication to ActiveSync Server fails

Source: ZENworks Mobile Management

Explanation: While configuring an email account on a device using a Mobile Email Policy, the

user credentials are obtained from the configured user source and in turn authenticated with the ActiveSync Server. The user is logged in to the email account, if the credentials provided in the user source match with the ones configured in the ActiveSync Server. However, the user credentials with which the user logs into the ActiveSync Server to retrieve emails might be different from the credentials that he/she uses to login to the LDAP directory, due to which

the email account fails to send or receive emails.

Action: Select the ActiveSync Server login attribute in the User Source to ensure that the

user credentials considered for authentication are the same. For more

information, see Configuring the Attribute for ActiveSync Server Authentication.

Email accounts on some devices might stop functioning and an authentication error is displayed

Source: ZENworks Mobile Management

Explanation: On a few devices, the configured ActiveSync accounts might stop functioning

and an Authentication Error notification is displayed. In some cases, this notification recurs even if the user has specified the account credentials and in

some cases the device does not respond on clicking this notification.

Action: Delete and re-create the email account on the device.

A.5 Enrollment

Status of a newly enrolled iOS device is displayed as Pending Enrollment in ZENworks User Portal, until the browser is refreshed

Explanation: The status of a newly enrolled iOS device is displayed as Pending Enrollment in

the ZENworks User Portal even though the device object has moved from the **Pending Enrollment** folder to **Devices > Mobile Devices** folder in ZCC. Tapping the Home icon or the Sync Now icon in the ZENworks User Portal does not

update the status of the enrolled device.

Action: Refresh the ZENworks User Portal browser to view the updated status of the

device as Active.

If the time on an Android device lags behind the time on the ZENworks Server, then device enrollment will be unsuccessful

Explanation: The time on an Android device lags behind the time on the ZENworks Server.

During device enrollment, when the user logs into the ZENworks mobile app, the

enrollment process does not advance to the next stage.

Action: Ensure that the time on the device and the ZENworks Server is the same and

then try re-enrolling the device.

A.6 Quick Tasks

Quick task to unlock device does not reset existing password on Android N devices

Explanation: If the Unlock Device quick task is performed on an Android N device that already

has a password set, the password does not reset with the new password configured in the quick task. However, if a password is not set on the device, then the Unlock Device quick task will set the new password on the device.

Action: None.

If the time on the ZENworks Server lags behind the actual enrollment time of a mobile device, then any quick task that is sent to this device within this time period is not processed and its status will remain as Initiated

Explanation: When a mobile device is enrolled to the zone and the ZENworks Server time lags

behind the enrollment time of this device, then any quick task that is sent during this time period, is not processed and the status of the quick task remains as

Initiated.

Action: You need to wait until the ZENworks Server time is equal to or exceeds the

device enrollment time, before sending a push notification, such as quick tasks,

to the device.

A.7 Apple Volume Purchase Program

Purchased license count is not updated, if sync to retrieve latest VPP apps is initiated immediately after purchasing an app

Explanation: If a sync between the ZENworks Server and the Apple Server is initiated

immediately after purchasing an app using the Apple VPP account credentials, then the purchased license count might not be updated with these latest app

purchases. Subsequently, bundle assignments might fail.

Action: Ensure that you verify the purchased license count for that specific app in the

Apple VPP License Summary page, before assigning that app to a device or a user. Wait for the next sync or re-initiate the sync to update the purchased

license count.

While uploading or renewing a VPP token, an appropriate error message displayed and the subscription renders as unusable.

Source: ZENworks Mobile Management.

Explanation: If the existing token or the renewed token is managed by another MDM solution,

then an appropriate message is displayed and the subscription renders as

unusable.

Action: Delete this subscription and create a new subscription. To continue using the

same token, you need to claim management of the token.

A.8 Policies

Mobile Security policies might not apply automatically on a few Android devices

Explanation: Mobile Security policies assigned to devices might not apply automatically on a

few Android devices.

Action: Initiate a Refresh action on these devices.

Windows mobile devices do not accept alphanumeric or complex characters even if they are enabled in the assigned Mobile Security policy

Explanation: When a Mobile Security policy, which has alphanumeric or complex characters

enabled as a part of the Password settings, is assigned to a Windows device, the device keeps prompting for Personal Identification Number (PIN) and does not

accept alphanumeric or complex characters.

Action: None. This is a Microsoft limitation.

Simple passwords are accepted by a few Android devices even if the setting is disabled in the assigned Mobile Security policy

Explanation: When a Mobile Security policy, in which the simple password setting is disabled,

is assigned to Android devices, a few of the Android devices might still accept a

simple password.

Action: None.

Max Grace Period and Max Inactivity Timeout restriction settings might display incorrect values on the device

Explanation: The display the passcode screen on unlock (max grace period) and maximum

inactivity timeout values specified in the mobile security policy that is assigned to an iOS device, might display incorrect values when viewed on the device. However, this does not affect the behavior of the device lock feature as the values specified while defining the mobile security policy in ZENworks Control

Center (ZCC) are applied.

Action: None

A.9 Bundles

Variable specified while configuring bundle app parameters, appears as is when the app is pushed to the device

Source: ZENworks Mobile Management

Explanation: Both built-in as well as custom variables can be specified as key value pairs or in

the configuration file while configuring specific app parameters. However, these variables appear as is when the application is pushed to the device. This might

happen if an incorrect variable is specified.

Action: Ensure that you have provided the correct variable or the specified variable is

defined in ZCC.

A.10 Android Enterprise

Unable to associate user context with the Android Enterprise Subscription

Explanation: When you are creating an Android Enterprise Subscription an error occurs while

associating a user context.

This might be because of any of the following reasons:

Scenario 1: The selected user context might already be associated with a subscription that is already unenrolled. The data associated with unenrolled subscription will be deleted only after 30 days.

Action: After unenrolling the Android Enterprise Subscription, delete the subscription data. To delete the subscription data run the zman sca command.

Scenario 2: Both Parent and child user are associated to the same Android Enterprise Subscription.

Action: Both parent and child user context cannot be associated with the same subscription. Depending on your requirement, you can remove either child or parent user context.

An error Work profile can't be created because you've reached the maximum number of users on your device. Remove at least one user and try again is displayed on certain devices while trying to setup the work profile again.

Explanation: When the work profile setup on a device is initially interrupted and ZENworks

tries to setup the work profile again after a device reboot, then the error Work profile can't be created because you've reached the maximum number of users on your device. Remove at least one user and try again might be displayed.

Action: Remove the work profile that might have been setup initially by navigating to Settings > Accounts > Remove work profile, reboot the device and retry work profile setup. If the problem persists, remove any additional users from the device and retry work profile setup.

When a device becomes compliant and restrictions are removed, app shortcuts on the home screen might not be restored

Explanation: When an Android device becomes non-compliant, work apps are restricted and

app shortcuts in the home screen are hidden. However, when the device becomes compliant, the work apps are enabled but the shortcuts in home screen

are not restored.

Action: None

Work profile setup fails on an Android O device that already has work profile

Explanation: While setting up the work profile on an Android O device that already has a work

profile set up from another EMM vendor, the work profile setup process might fail

to remove the existing profile automatically.

Action: Manually remove the existing work profile before setting up the work profile using

ZENworks.

On certain devices, apps fail to install but is made available in managed Google Play store

Explanation: During bundle assignment, the Allow users to install from the managed Google

Play store remains unchecked for the app to silently install on the device.

However, at times, instead of installing the app, it is made available in managed

Google Play store.

Action: Install the app from managed Google Play store.

Work profile enrollment fails on certain Android 5.0 devices

Explanation: An Android 5.0 or 5.0.x device fails to enroll in the work profile mode, even if an

Android Enrollment Policy is assigned,

Action: None. The device might not be Android enterprise capable.

Certain work apps crash when the user logs in to those specific apps

Explanation: When a user tries to log in to an app within the work profile, the app crashes or

does not respond. This might happen if the app requires the user to add another

account, which is by default disabled by ZENworks.

Action: Navigate to the Mobile Device Control Policy assigned to the user, select

Android and enable the Allow Adding of Account Setting. This setting will enable users to add accounts within the work profile. However, this setting should be used with caution, as by enabling it users can also add their personal Google accounts and download personal apps within the work profile, which might make it difficult to contain corporate data within the profile workspace.

As a best practice, it is recommended that you pre-configure the app and deploy

it using the Managed Configurations feature in ZENworks.

A.11 ZENworks Agent App

When the ZENworks Agent app contacts the server to obtain the new certificate after the CA remint activation date, the status of the system update is momentarily displayed as failed

Source: ZENworks Mobile Management

Explanation: The ZENworks app installed on an Android device, which was offline during the

period from CA remint initiation to activation, contacts the server only after the certificate activation date, then a message is displayed requesting the user to accept the new certificate. After the user accepts the request, the **Update**Assigned status for this device is momentarily displayed as Failed and changes

to Successful after the next refresh.

Action: None

The ZENworks Agent App shortcut crashes when the app is updated

Explanation: When the latest ZENworks update is applied on the ZENworks Agent app, then

on clicking the app shortcut in the home screen, it crashes with the error App not

installed. However, the updated app is installed correctly.

Action: Remove and add the app shortcut again. You can also open the app from the

launcher.

On opening the ZENworks Agent App, an error Device is no longer enrolled with server. Please reinstall the app and enroll the device again is displayed.

Explanation: On opening the ZENworks Agent app on a device that is enrolled to ZENworks,

the following error is displayed Device is no longer enrolled with server. please

reinstall the app and enroll the device again.

Action: You need to perform the following:

1. Check whether the device object is present in ZCC or not.

- 2. If the device object is not present in ZCC, then uninstall and re-install the ZENworks Agent app. Re-enroll the device to ZENworks.
- 3. If the problem persists, disable Device Administrator for the app, clear the app data and open the ZENworks Agent app again. To clear the app data, perform the following steps:

NOTE: A Moto E4 Plus device with Android version 7.1.1 was considered to provide the following navigation path, which may vary based on the Android version or the device manufacturer.

- Navigate to Settings > Security > Device Administrator. Deselect ZENworks checkbox and follow the prompts to complete deactivating Device Administrator.
- b. Navigate back to the Settings menu, click Apps > ZENworks > Storage
 > Clear Data. Follow the prompts to complete clearing the app data.
- c. Open the ZENworks Agent app.

A.12 Miscellaneous

Enrolled mobile devices might not work as expected, if a user source is deleted and the same user source is re-configured.

Source: ZENworks Mobile Management

Explanation: If a configured user source is deleted and the same user source is configured

again, then you will be unable to manage mobile devices enrolled using the

earlier user source.

Action: Re-enroll the devices. As a best practice, ensure that you delete the device

objects of these devices that are already present in ZCC and then re-enroll these

devices.

Activation lock bypass code cannot be retrieved from an iOS supervised device

Source: ZENworks 2017 Update 2

Explanation: For some iOS supervised devices even if the Activation lock bypass setting is

enabled in ZCC, the activation lock bypass code cannot be retrieved from the

device.

Action: Reset and re-enroll the device.

Best Practices

B.1 Migrating to Apple Business Manager

B.1.1 Best Practices

This section is applicable for VPP purchasers who have already upgraded or are planning to upgrade to Apple Business Manager from the Apple Deployment Programs account. This section details the best practices to migrate to a location-based token in ZENworks.

If you want to migrate an existing VPP subscription (that uses a legacy token) to a location-based token (provided by Apple Business Manager) and associate all the existing bundle assignments to this new location-based token, then as a best practice it is recommended that you renew the subscription to the location-based token. This ensures that all existing bundle assignments work seamlessly with the new location-based token. However, you can renew the subscription only if the VPP account (associated with the subscription) is mapped to a unique location. As recommended by Apple, it is advisable to migrate one VPP purchaser to one location in Apple Business Manager, which makes a location unique. This ensures that all the licenses (assigned or unassigned) are automatically migrated to the Apps and Books section of Apple Business Manager.

For example: if you have an existing subscription XYZ in your ZENworks zone, then in Apple Business Manager, you can migrate the account of this subscription to location XYZ.

If in ZENworks, instead of renewing the subscription, you create a new subscription using the location-based token while retaining the existing subscription, then it might lead to duplication and VPP license distribution might fail.

Procedure to migrate to location-based token in ZENworks

Before migrating to a location-based token in ZENworks, ensure that you have migrated the existing VPP account to the unique location. For more information, see the Apple Support documentation.

- 1. Login to Apple Business Manager using your VPP account credentials.
- 2. Navigate to Settings > Apps and Books.
- 3. Download the token of a specific unique location (example: location XYZ).
- 4. Navigate back to ZCC.
- 5. Click the existing subscription (example: subscription XYZ).
- 6. Click Renew Token and select the location-based token that you had just downloaded.

IMPORTANT: After migrating all the VPP accounts to Apple Business Manager, ensure that you use only location-based tokens to manage VPP licenses in ZENworks and not a combination of both account-based and location-based tokens. If both account-based and location-based tokens are used to create subscriptions in the zone, then you might face license-related issues, such as resetting of assigned licenses and it can also result in duplicate subscriptions in the zone that might lead to confusion.

B.1.2 Troubleshooting Scenarios

When assigned licenses do not transfer:

If the location in Apple Business Manager is not a unique location, then only the unassigned licenses are transferred to this location. A location is considered as non-unique if:

- A location already has licenses in it before the VPP purchaser migrates to that location.
- The location's token is downloaded before the first VPP purchaser migrates to that location.
- A new content manager is created in the location after another user opts into Apps and Books.
- Multiple VPP purchasers migrate to the same location.

For example: in Apple Business Manager, you have migrated subscription XYZ to a location that is non- unique, then only the unassigned licenses (available licenses) will migrate to the new location-based account. The assigned licenses (consumed) will still be associated with the legacy account. In this case, in ZENworks, all bundle assignments related to the existing subscription (that uses the legacy account) should be unassigned and transferred to the non-unique location. Thereafter, you need to create a new subscription in ZENworks to distribute the transferred licenses.

Procedure to migrate to location-based token in ZENworks if the location is non-unique

1. In ZENworks, unassign all the bundles assignments associated with the subscription to which the legacy token is associated. Thereafter, refresh all devices and verify that all licenses are revoked and the **Consumed License** count for all apps is 0.

or

Delete the associated subscription and ensure that you select the **Delete the replicated objects created by the subscription(s)** checkbox. Re-create the subscription in ZENworks using the same legacy token, which will reset all licenses.

- Delete the subscription (existing or the new subscription created by linking the same legacy token) and ensure that you select the Delete the replicated objects created by the subscription(s) checkbox.
- 3. In Apple Business Manager, navigate to Settings > Apps and Books. Transfer the unassigned licenses to the specific location.
- 4. Download the token for that specific location.
- 5. In ZENworks, create a new Apple VPP subscription and upload the newly downloaded location-based token.

When the new subscription is created, ZENworks syncs with Apple and all licenses transferred to this location will be identified and populated as available licenses in ZENworks. You can now create bundles and assign these licenses to specific devices or users.

When there are multiple subscriptions in the zone:

If there are multiple subscriptions in the zone, then based on the scenario, you can refer to the relevant procedure to migrate to location-based tokens:

• Each associated subscription account is migrated to non-unique locations, then for each account follow the steps documented in Procedure to migrate to location-based token in ZENworks if the location is non-unique.

- All associated subscription accounts are migrated to a single non-unique location, then for each
 account follow the steps documented in Procedure to migrate to location-based token in
 ZENworks if the location is non-unique. However, instead of creating multiple subscriptions for
 each account, create only one subscription and map the location token with this subscription.
- If the first account is migrated to a unique location and all other accounts are migrated to non-unique locations, then for the first account follow the steps documented in Procedure to migrate to location-based token in ZENworks and for the remaining accounts follow the steps documented in Procedure to migrate to location-based token in ZENworks if the location is non-unique.
- If the first account is migrated to a unique location and subsequently the second account is migrated to the same location, then for the first account follow the steps documented Procedure to migrate to location-based token in ZENworks and for the second account follow the steps documented in Procedure to migrate to location-based token in ZENworks if the location is non-unique. However, you do not need to create a new subscription with the second account. The renewed subscription can be utilized to distribute licenses.



Documentation Updates

This section contains information on documentation content changes that were made in ZENworks Configuration Management (Mobile Management Reference). The information can help you to keep current on updates to the documentation. keep abreast of the latest updates in documentation.

The documentation for this product is provided on the Web in two formats: HTML and PDF. The HTML and PDF documentation are both kept up-to-date with the changes listed in this section.

If you need to know whether a copy of the PDF documentation that you are using is the most recent, the PDF document includes a publication date on the title page.

The documentation was updated on the following dates: